



Lyme Disease Surveillance 2014-2018

Rhode Island Department of Health Division of Preparedness, Response, Infectious Disease and Emergency Medical Services Center for Acute Infectious Disease Epidemiology

About Lyme Disease



- Lyme disease is a tickborne bacterial disease, causing symptoms such as fever, headache, fatigue, and a characteristic bullseye rash. Late symptoms can include arthritis, neurological problems, and heart disease.
 Lyme disease can be successfully treated with a course of antibiotics.
- Lyme disease in most commonly transmitted in upper Midwest and Northeast states, in wooded or grassy areas, and during warm months.

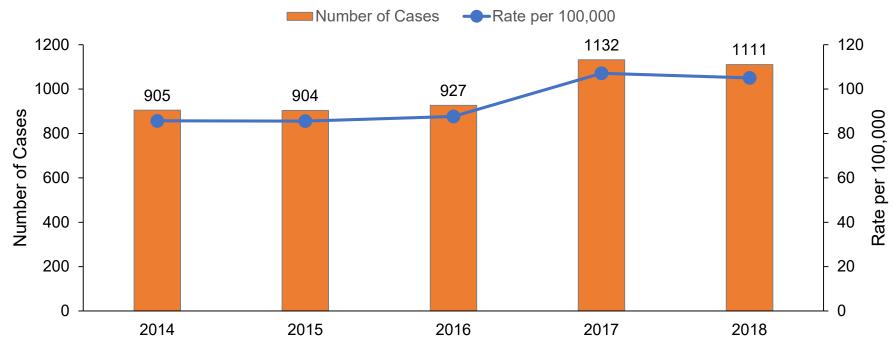
Data Overview, Lyme Disease



- In 2018, Rhode Island had 1,111 cases of Lyme disease, with an incidence rate of 105 cases per 100,000 people.
- In 2017, Rhode Island was the state with the fifth highest rate of Lyme disease in the country.
- Reported cases of Lyme were fairly stable from 2014-2016, however reported cases increased by approximately 20% in 2017 and remained at a similar level in 2018.
- Washington County consistently has the highest rate of Lyme disease in Rhode Island with a rate of 222 cases per 100,000 people in 2018.

Reported Cases of Lyme Disease, Rhode Island, 2014-2018





Year

Figure 1: In 2018, there were 1,111 cases of Lyme disease reported in Rhode Island (rate of 105 cases per 100,000 people). This was similar to the number of cases reported in 2017, but approximately 20% higher than the number of cases reported annually from 2014-2016.

Rate of Lyme Disease, Age Group, Rhode Island, 2018



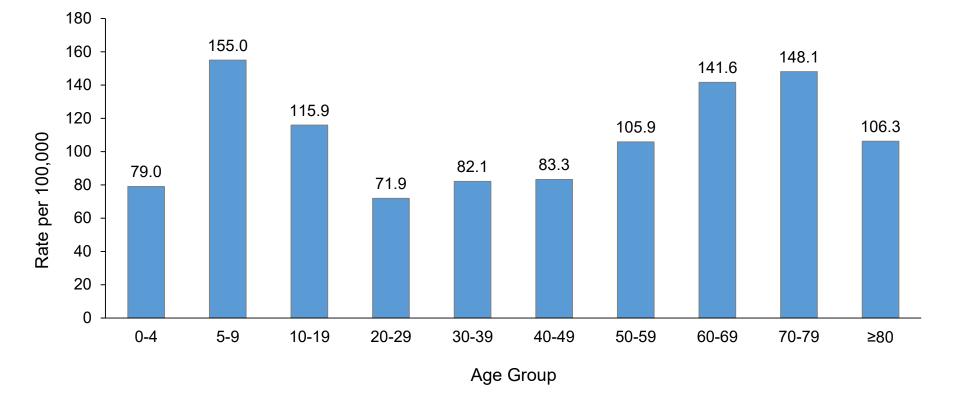


Figure 2: In 2018, children 5-9 years old experienced the highest rate of Lyme disease at 155.0 cases per 100,000 people. Adults 70-79 years old and 60-69 years old also had similarly high rates of Lyme disease at 148.1 cases per 100,000 people and 141.6 cases per 100,000 people, respectively.

Rate of Lyme Disease, Gender and Year, Rhode Island, 2014-2018



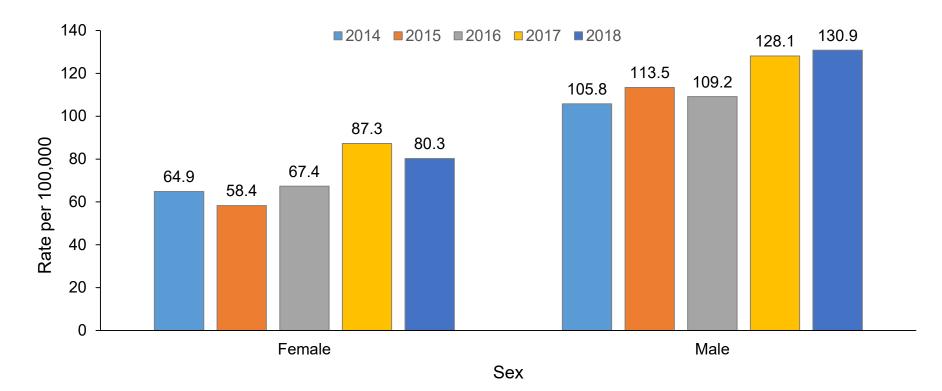


Figure 3: In 2018, the observed rate of Lyme disease among males (130.9) cases per 100,000 people) was 1.6 times higher than the rate among females (80.3 cases per 100,000 people). From 2014 to 2018, Lyme disease was consistently observed at higher rates among males, which is consistent with disparities observed in national level data.

Rate of Lyme Disease, County and Year, Rhode Island, 2014-2018

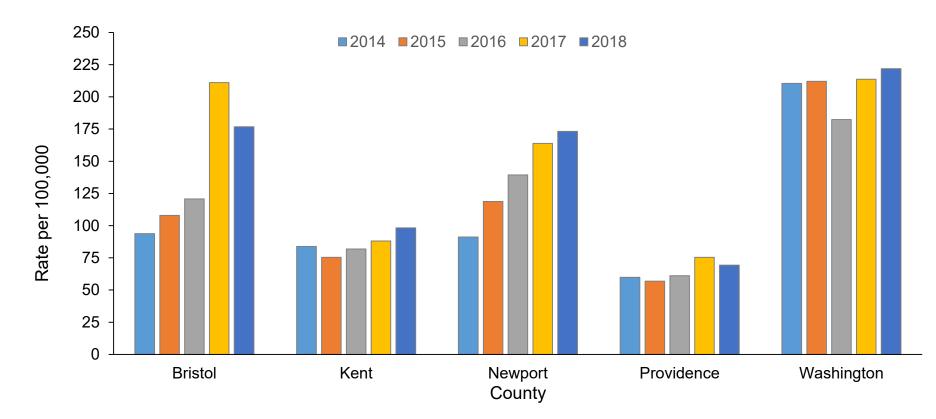
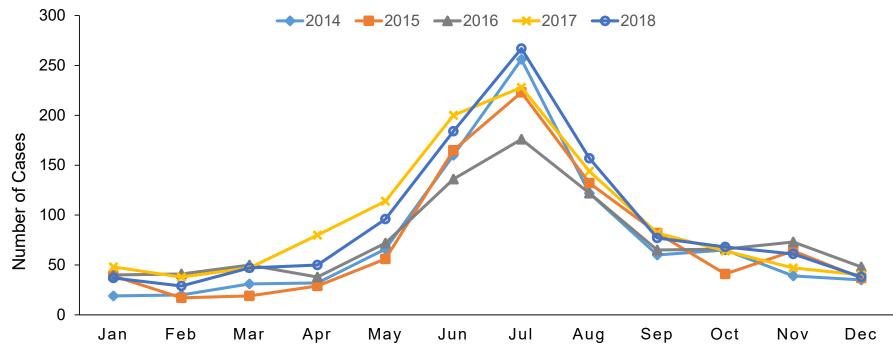


Figure 4: Lyme disease is clustered geographically within Rhode Island. Washington County consistently has the majority of disease burden, with a rate of 221.9 cases per 100,000 people reported in 2018. The second highest rate of Lyme disease in 2018 was observed in Bristol County (176.8 cases per 100,000 people), followed by Newport County (173.3 cases per 100,000 people).

Reported Cases of Lyme Disease, Month and Year, Rhode Island, 2014-2018



Month

Figure 5: Lyme disease can occur at any point in the year, but peaks between June and August, with the most cases in July. Nationally, cases of Lyme disease peak in these months as well. In New England, these are the months when people spend the most time outdoors. In 2018, 608 cases of Lyme disease were observed between June and August, over half (54.7%) of Rhode Island's cases for the entire year.

Lyme Disease Frequency and Rates by Year, Rhode Island, 2014-2018



Table 1. Frequency by Year										
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018										
Number of Cases	Number of Cases 905 904 927 1132 1111									

Table 2. Rate by Year							
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018							
Rate per 100,000	85.7	85.6	87.7	107.2	105.1		

Lyme Disease Frequency, Age Group and Year, Rhode Island, 2014-2018



	Table 3. Frequency by Age Group and Year									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018					
0-4	29	40	40	30	43					
5-9	89	81	86	95	85					
10-19	134	129	148	148	151					
20-29	72	79	102	115	110					
30-39	65	70	86	99	111					
40-49	85	92	90	110	104					
50-59	166	142	126	193	159					
60-69	134	161	129	184	184					
70-79	84	83	79	100	112					
≥80	45	27	41	58	52					
Unknown	2	0	0	0	0					
Total	905	904	927	1132	1111					

Lyme Disease Rates, Age Group and Year, Rhode Island, 2014-2018



	Table 4. Rate by Age Group and Year									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018					
0-4	52.8	72.9	73.1	55.1	79.0					
5-9	153.9	142.5	153.3	171.1	155.0					
10-19	99.0	96.2	111.2	112.5	115.9					
20-29	46.5	50.9	65.6	74.5	71.9					
30-39	51.4	54.7	66.0	74.9	82.1					
40-49	61.5	68.6	69.1	86.5	83.3					
50-59	105.7	90.8	81.4	126.4	105.9					
60-69	114.1	132.3	102.6	144.4	141.6					
70-79	131.7	126.6	117.0	138.6	148.1					
≥80	89.6	54.7	83.7	118.6	106.3					

Lyme Disease Frequency and Rates, Gender and Year, Rhode Island, 2014-2018

Table 5. Frequency by Sex and Year								
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018								
Female	353	317	366	474	436			
Male	542	582	561	658	673			
Unknown	10	5	0	0	2			
Total	905	904	927	1132	1111			

Table 6. Rate by Sex and Year								
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018								
Female	64.9	58.4	67.4	87.3	80.3			
Male	105.8	113.5	109.2	128.1	130.9			

Lyme Disease Frequency, County and Year, Rhode Island, 2014-2018



Table 7. Frequency by County and Year								
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018								
Bristol	46	53	59	103	86			
Kent	138	124	134	144	161			
Newport	76	99	116	136	143			
Providence	379	360	388	479	441			
Washington	266	268	230	270	280			
All	905	904	927	1132	1111			

Lyme Disease Rates by County and Year, Rhode Island, 2014-2018



Table 8. Rate by County and Year								
	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018							
Bristol	93.7	108.0	120.8	211.1	176.8			
Kent	83.9	75.4	81.9	88.1	98.3			
Newport	91.2	118.8	139.4	163.8	173.3			
Providence	59.9	56.9	61.1	75.5	69.3			
Washington	210.5	212.1	182.4	213.7	221.9			

Lyme Disease Frequency, City and Year, Rhode Island, 2014-2018



Table 9. Frequency by City and Year								
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018			
Barrington	13	14	18	26	15			
Bristol	22	22	33	53	39			
Burrillville	45	43	28	49	53			
Central Falls	3	2	8	11	8			
Charlestown	26	21	13	17	28			
Coventry	43	48	46	46	50			
Cranston	27	29	29	31	30			
Cumberland	37	33	41	51	34			
East Greenwich	23	23	20	19	22			
East Providence	20	24	33	31	35			
Exeter	22	12	15	14	14			
Foster	27	22	25	23	30			
Glocester	20	22	19	28	18			
Hopkinton	30	27	24	27	34			
Jamestown	14	13	15	17	13			
Johnston	20	12	13	21	19			
Lincoln	23	23	28	31	23			

Lyme Disease Frequency, City and Year Continued, Rhode Island, 2014-2018



	Table 9. Frequency by City and Year									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018					
Little Compton	10	12	18	20	21					
Middletown	7	11	13	22	19					
Narragansett	30	21	22	21	25					
New Shoreham	2	11	4	3	7					
Newport	13	8	10	16	22					
North Kingstown	44	53	38	43	55					
North Providence	6	11	7	15	13					
North Smithfield	25	12	22	23	19					
Pawtucket	12	12	19	25	26					
Portsmouth	16	15	24	29	24					
Providence	44	37	42	59	54					
Richmond	10	9	16	12	9					
Scituate	37	40	35	34	37					
Smithfield	15	20	16	16	13					
South Kingstown	60	72	52	78	69					

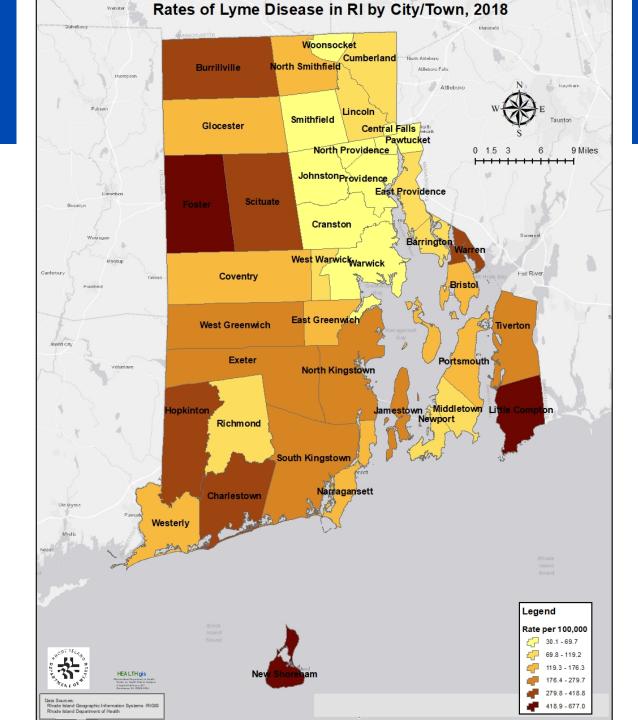
Lyme Disease Frequency, City and Year Continued, Rhode Island, 2014-2018



Table 9. Frequency by City and Year									
	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018								
Tiverton	16	40	36	32	44				
Warren	11	17	8	24	32				
Warwick	32	34	47	50	49				
West Greenwich	19	9	3	12	14				
West Warwick	21	10	18	17	26				
Westerly	42	42	46	55	39				
Woonsocket	18	18	23	31	29				
Total	905	904	927	1132	1111				

Lyme Disease Frequency, Month and Year, Rhode Island, 2014-2018

	Table 9. Frequency by Month and Year									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018					
Jan	19	39	40	48	37					
Feb	20	17	41	38	29					
Mar	31	19	50	47	47					
Apr	32	29	38	80	50					
Мау	66	56	72	114	96					
Jun	160	165	136	200	184					
Jul	256	223	176	228	267					
Aug	122	132	122	144	157					
Sep	60	82	65	82	77					
Oct	65	41	66	64	68					
Nov	39	64	73	47	61					
Dec	35	37	48	40	38					
All	905	904	927	1132	1111					





Notes on Data



- Case counts include patients classified as confirmed and probable cases.
- "Event Date" (used to classify cases by month and year) is generated based on the availability of data in the following order:
 - 1. Illness onset date
 - 2. Specimen collection date
 - 3. Date of report to public health agency
- Rate is calculated per 100,000 population.
- Population denominators are based on the Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: April 1, 2010-July 1, 2018, U.S. Census Bureau.





- <u>https://www.cdc.gov/lyme/stats/index.html</u>
- <u>https://www.cdc.gov/lyme/stats/tables.html</u>
- https://www.cdc.gov/lyme/index.html