



[RE5]

~~1775~~ } 170  
2562

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN URBANA, ILLINOIS 61801, U.S.A.

December 27, 1973

Dr. Neil J. A. Sloane  
Rm 2C-363  
Bell Laboratories  
Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974

Dear Dr. Sloane:

Shen Lin asked me to communicate to you the results of the  $14 \times 14$  and  $15 \times 15$  cases of the nonattacking Queens' problem. These solutions were obtained by a student of mine, Steve R. Bunch, as part of a project for a course on combinatorial computing. The  $15 \times 15$  case took about 160 minutes on our 360/75. I have no idea where the student got the money. The numbers are as follows

$170 = N775$      $N68 = 2562$

$14 \times 14$	365 596	45 752
$15 \times 15$	2 279 184	285 053

The first number is the total number of ways of placing nonattacking Queens on a board, and the second, smaller number, is the number of inequivalent ways.

Your book sounds very interesting, and I am happy to communicate this result to you.

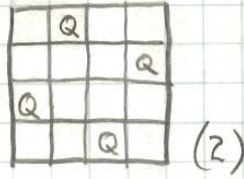
Sincerely,

Edward M. Reingold  
Assistant Professor

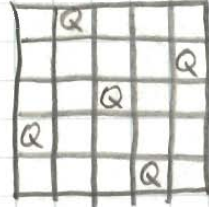
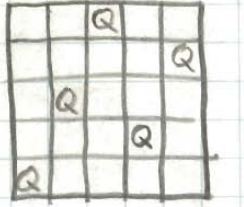
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*answered*

$q_4 = 2$



$q_5 = 10$



$q_6 = 4$

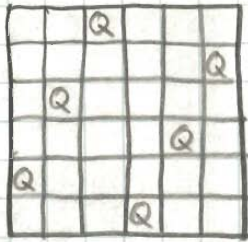


Fig. 5

Sequence 170, the problem of the queens.