

## ZAMBIA ANGLICAN COUNCIL



### SECOND QUARTER NETSFORLIFE PROGRAMME REPORT 2014

ZAMBIA ANGLICAN COUNCIL  
6 BISHOPS RD KABULONGA  
PO BOX 320100 LUSAKA, ZAMBIA  
E-mail:gmazala@yahoo.co.uk

## **LIST OF ABBREVIATION/ACRONYMS**

ITN	: INSECTICIDE TREATED NET
LLITNS	: LONG LASTING INSECTICIDE TREATED NETS
MCAs	: MALARIA CONTROL AGENTS
NMCC	: NATIONAL MALARIA CONTROL CENTRE
ZAC	: ZAMBIA ANGLICAN COUNCIL

## **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

This quarterly report covers activities that were conducted from April to June, 2014. The planned activities in this quarter includes; Monitoring LLITNs utilization, Community sensitization, Monthly meetings with MCAs, Advocacy meetings with Ministry of Health, Project Management meetings and distribution of nets.

The major highlights in this quarter are that a total of 11,852 households were visited by MCAs. This is a great increase in household monitoring from the previous 836 recorded in the first quarter. This improvement indicates that the MCAs were indeed just affected by the rainy season in the first quarter.

Furthermore, Reports from the MCAs indicate that 4,068 (93%) pregnant women out of 4,352 regularly slept under LLITNs while children under 5 years 15,658 (95%) out of 16,473 regularly sleep under LLITNs. The reports also indicate that 26, 724 (72%) of the general population out of 37,214 regularly sleep under LLITNs. This shows that in the ZAC areas of operation, adherence to the correct and consistent usage of LLITNs by the vulnerable groups is good. This can also be attributed to the strategies of household monitoring and checking of correct hanging of nets.

Monthly MCA meetings have also continued to be held with program managers. Furthermore, a total of 39, 270 adults were sensitized on the correct and consistent use of nets as well as on the importance of IPT for pregnant women.

## **2.0 DETAILED REPORT**

### **Outline of activities for the quarter**

The report brings out activities that were carried out in the second quarter of this year in all the areas mentioned above. They include the following:

- Monitoring LLITNs utilization
- Community sensitization
- Monthly meetings with MCAs
- Advocacy meetings with Ministry of Health
- Project Management meetings
- Distribution of nets

### **2.1 MONITORING USE OF LLITNS**

Monitoring the correct and consistent use of LLITNs at household level in all the 5 dioceses remains a major activity in the NetsforLife Program. In the quarter under review, 474 MCAs in all the 5 Dioceses managed to visit a total of 11,852 households, that is, on average each MCA managed to visit 25 households.

Reports from the MCAs indicate that 4,068 (93%) pregnant women out of 4,352 regularly sleep under LLITNs while children under 5 years 15,658 (95%) out of 16,473 regularly sleep under LLITNs. Furthermore, a total of 39,270 adults were sensitized on the correct and consistent use of nets as well as on the importance of IPT for pregnant women.

The reports also clearly indicate that a total of 4,318 nets were found but not hanging. Further enquiry revealed that those that were not hanging were for temporal bed spaces. The MCAs have continued to sensitize the people on the importance of net usage even on temporal bed spaces.

## **2.2 Distribution of LLITNs**

The summary table clearly indicates that 474 MCAs managed to distribute a total of 76,781 LLITNs in all the 5 dioceses during the period under review. Net distribution was a house to house distribution. This was done so as to avoid giving a household more than the number of the nets it requires. Further analysis shows that Kitwe had the highest number of nets distributed while Kafue had the least number of nets distributed. Also note that ZAC continues to source for LLITNs from local stakeholders particularly Ministry of Health. Under this review period, ZAC has not successfully sourced for any nets but will continue to do so. The table below shows summary data on Households visited, LLITNs distributed, number of people in households, conditions of nets, net usage as well as the number of adults sensitized.

**Table 1 showing the summary data of LLITNs distributed and households visited.**

District	Number of HHs visited	Number of people in HHs			No. of LLINs distributed	LLITNs found hanging	LLITNs found but not hanging	Condition of nets			Total number of adults sensitized	Net usage		
		PW	U5	Others				Good	Torn, needs mending	Bad, needs replacement		PW	U5	Others
Mansa	964	255	2906	2623	18004	2892	206	2835	57	Nil	2878	255	2343	1885
Mwense	567	354	1162	1886	9002	1985	73	1995	58	Nil	2240	354	937	1885
Chipili	808	510	1673	2665	5101	2155	499	2525	128	Nil	3176	510	1349	2155
Kitwe	5175	1531	10987	18203	26256	13255	2321	2268	13043	Nil	19734	1531	7132	13255
Chongwe	1106	581	1928	4125	3751	3317	73	3317	73	Nil	1489	298	411	680
Kafue	1248	213	340	695	1538	3743	44	3743	0	Nil	1248	213	274	695
Chipata	638	439	1333	2056	6752	1262	661	1786	128	Nil	2495	439	1074	1403
Petauke	468	170	936	1701	2626	2807	29	2807	29	Nil	1871	170	754	1701
KapiriMposhi	879	298	1715	3261	3751	2169	411	2070	71	Nil	4140	298	1383	3062

TOTAL	11853	4351	22980	37215	76781	33585	4317	23346	13587	0	39271	4068	15657	26721
-------	-------	------	-------	-------	-------	-------	------	-------	-------	---	-------	------	-------	-------

- There were some errors in recording the numbers and verification of all other numbers has been done
- The anomalies in the reporting and checking of conditions of nets have been noted and is attributed to the non-reporting and/or misreporting of the conditions of nets by some of the MCAs in project sites but this is currently being worked on as they have now been urged to record everything concerning nets when they go in the fields.

### **3.0 Community Sensitization**

Community sensitisation reached 39, 270 adults on basic facts about malaria such as the importance of net usage and malaria prevention in pregnancy as shown in the summary table above. Out of the total number of adults sensitized, 20,420 were women and 18, 850 were men. It also imperative to note out of the total number of women sensitized, 4,351 were pregnant women. Most of the adults were reached more than once specially during the monthly home visits by MCAs.



MCA checking net status

It is imperative to note that to avoid duplication; the MCAs only recorded the number of adults sensitized once.

ZAC continues to use strategies such as one-on-one discussions with beneficiaries during home visits and drama performances to sensitize the community on the basic facts of malaria.

### **4.0 MEETINGS**

#### **4.1 Monthly Project Management Meetings**

The monthly project meetings held in the period under review continued to focus the strategies bordering on volunteer motivation, details on the kind of



information that should be adequately collected as well as feedback from the beneficiaries.



An MCA participating during the monthly management meeting

Under this quarter, 13 Project management meetings were held in all the 5 Dioceses between 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2014 and 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2014. During the Management meetings, the issues of support in LLITNs sourcing and net distribution strongly came out though it was discussed in the previous quarter.

ZAC continues to use these project management meetings to review stakeholder meeting updates, review any new strategies and involvement in national programs.

#### **4.2 Monthly meetings with MCAs**

The monthly MCAs meetings were held in all Dioceses which were coordinated by Programmes Managers who provided technical support on report representation and sharing experiences. The major issue that came out of the meetings again was the issue of volunteer supplies such as T-shirts and new identity cards. However, the MCAs are pleased with the supply of

reporting forms to monitor households. They also reported that they are receiving them on time.

Other issues that came out but are in the process of being addressed are:

- MCAs being co-opted in net distribution at district and health centre level
- When the MCAs will be oriented on the new strategies to approach malaria cases in communities

In summary, below is a quarterly monitoring data sheet:

Quarterly Monitoring Data Sheet (QMDS)

<b>Country: Zambia</b>	<b>Reporting Period: 1<sup>ST</sup> April – June 30<sup>TH</sup> 2014</b>
<b>Name of Implementing Partner: ZAMBIA ANGLICAN COUNCIL</b>	

Summary of Activities Undertaken During the Reporting Period

Broad Categorization of Activities	Please tick where applicable
1. Research (Baseline, Monitoring & Evaluation)	
2. Development, Printing & Distribution of IE&C materials	
3. Training & Capacity Building	
4. ITN Registration & Distribution	✓
5. Community Intervention Activities	
6. Meetings Sessions	✓
7. Other Special Event (e.g. Round table, Malaria Day etc) Measles Campaign	

Research, Monitoring & Evaluation

Type of Research/Monitoring Activity	Date Implemented	Districts Involved
Field Monitoring/Auditing Of Project Activities	April-June	Mansa, Mwense, Chipili, Kitwe, Chongwe, Kafue, Chipata, Petauke, Kapiri-Mposhi
Baseline		N/A
Follow up-On Final Evaluation		N/A
Other (Pls. Specify)		

Training and Capacity Building

Category of People Trained	Focus of Training	Name of Districts	Number of People Trained	
			Expected	Actual

1. Malaria Control Agents (Refresher Training for MCAs)	N/A			
2. Malaria Control Agent (New Members)				
3. Core Program Staff (Programmes Manager attended W/shops organised by National Office )	N/A	TOTAL		

#### ITN Registration & Distribution (see summary sheet)

Districts	Category	Number of people registered	No. of Nets Distributed	
			Expected	Actual
Mansa, Mwense, Chipili, Kitwe, Chongwe, kafue, Chipata, Petauke, Kapiri-Mposhi	Children Under 5 years	16,473		
	Pregnant women	4,352		
	General Population (other than children < 5 years and pregnant women)	37,214		
	TOTAL	58,039		76,781

Note: we have taken note and will pass on this information to the MCAs to collect it from now onwards.

#### Community Activities (Other than ITN Distribution)

Districts	Activity	Target Population	Estimated Number of People Reached Directly
Mansa, Mwense, Chipili, Kitwe, Chongwe, kafue, Chipata, Petauke, Kapiri-Mposhi	Community Sensitization	Adults	39,270
		Women	20,420
		Men	18,850

	TOTAL		39,270
--	-------	--	--------

### Meetings & Advocacy Sessions

Category of Meeting or Advocacy session	Target Group	Total Number of People Involved
1. Monthly Project Management Meeting	8 Project Staff	8
2. Monthly Volunteers meeting	MCA's & Health Centre Staff	482

### Major Planned Activities for Next Quarter

Category of Activity	Location/District	Person(s) responsible
1. Monitoring LLITNs utilisation	Petauke, Mambwe, Mongu, Chongwe, Livingstone, Lusaka, Mansa, Mwense, Kapiri-Mposhi, Mkushi. Chibombo, Lufwanyama, Mwinilunga, Kalulushi, Chingola.	Programmes Managers and Malaria Control Agents in all the 5 Dioceses
2. Community sensitisation		
3. Monthly meetings with MCAs		
4. Project management meetings		Programmes Managers
5. Distribution of nets	Mansa, Mwense, Lusaka, Chongwe.	Programmes manager

Prepared by: Munsongo Kelvin Date: 15/07/2014

Sign/Initials: MK.....

Designation: lead M&E Officer

Checked by: G M Phiri

Date: 15/07/2014

Sign/Initials: .....

Designation: NPD/