

Overview

Kenya

Malawi

Uganda

# **Dispensers for Safe Water**

These key performance indicators for Dispensers for Safe Water are updated automatically from our performance monitoring database. They provide information about our performance in real time.

4,699,876.8

48.5%

98%

1,327,261

people with access

avg adoption rate

dispensers without outages, monthly

carbon credits generated

average since July

2015

### Access

Dispensers for Safe Water is a proven, innovative, low-cost approach to increase household chlorination.

Access refers to the number of people Dispensers for Safe Water serves across the three countries of our operation. We collect and verify data on the number of households that are using a given waterpoint. We then estimate the number of people per household, based on monthly surveys of randomly selected households in that catchment area.

People Served with Access to Dispensers

people served

11.659 dispensers installed



dateJan 15Jan 16Jany 172 egala ■ Malawi Served0M0.5M1M1.5M2M2.5M3M3.5M4M 4.5M5M



07-01-2014

Jul 2014 Nov 2017

## **Usage**

The adoption rate is an important measure of the use of dispensers by the community. It is the percentage of randomly sampled households that tested positive for residual chlorine ('Total Chlorine

**Total Dispenser Adoption Rates** 

25%50%75%Jan 15Jan 16Jan 170%100%

Residual') in their drinking water during an unannounced household visit, 1.5% of all dispensers that we have installed are evaluated that way every month. For the first three months of evaluation in a new geographic area, we increase that to 2% of dispensers monitored. Additionally, a random selection of eight households are interviewed at each dispenser site by our Monitoring and Learning Team for qualititative information about adoption and usage in that particular village.

## Reliability

We monitor whether dispensers are functional, do not need repairs, and are filled with chlorine to assess how reliable our service is. Reliability is a critical factor in user adoption as empty or broken dispensers are not usable. We define a

#### Percent of Functional Dispensers

Dispensers with Outages (%) Functional Dispensers (%)

Jul 15Aug 15Sep 15Oct 15Nov 15Dec 15Jan 16Feb

16Mar 16Apr 16May 16Jun 16Jul 16Aug 16Sep 16Oct

16Nov 16Dec 16Jan 17Feb 17Mar 17Apr 17May

17Jun 17Jul 17Aug 17Sep 17Oct 17Nov

170%25%50%75%100%

functional dispenser as one that releases a proper dose of chlorine (3ml), and requires no repairs. Data is gathered by our circuit riders on each trip that chlorine is delivered to the dispenser.

The outages breakdown by two reported causes.

#### Breakdown of Reported Dispenser Outages

Dispensers with chlorine outages (%)

1.2%avg0.8%avgJul 15Aug 15Sep 15Oct 15Nov

15Dec 15Jan 16Feb 16Mar 16Apr 16May 16Jun 16Jul

16Aug 16Sep 16Oct 16Nov 16Dec 16Jan 17Feb

17Mar 17Apr 17May 17Jun 17Jul 17Aug 17Sep 17Oct

17Nov 173%3%0

# Revenue from Carbon Credits

We sell carbon credits on carbon markets to generate revenue and offset our costs of running Dispensers for Safe Water.

A carbon credit represents one ton of carbon dioxide or equivalent of greenhouse gases removed or not emitted into the atmosphere. Companies with greenhouse gas reduction targets purchase carbon credits from "offset" projects in developing countries, provided that those projects also contribute to sustainable development priorities. Dispenser for Safe Water is certified by 3rd party auditors to generate such carbon credits by averting the greenhouse gas emissions from a carbonintensive activity like boiling water in favor of a cleaner safe water technology like chlorine

**Total Carbon Credits Generated** 

■ Kenya ■ Uganda ■ Malawi date201320142015Carbon

Credits0K100K200K300K400K500K600KUganda

certifiedMalawi certified

| Kenya                      | Uganda            | Malawi |
|----------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| Contact Us Safe water © 20 | 16 Privacy Policy |        |

dispensers.