Anarchist Weekly @

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IGNORE THE WHOLE THI

being sent to Ireland. Now 400 a week are sent, divided equally between North and South. Undoubtedly the country is in a state of intellectual ferment, such as has not been known for a long time. Anarchists who have been over from London have been surprised to find how ready many people were to discuss all kinds of ideas. Religion was not by any means as dominating as had been expected.

The People's Democracy movement is a grass-roots organisation. Many of its ideals are shared by anarchists, but it is putting up candidates in the forthcoming election. Its demands are:

Green and Orange Tories out: firect state investment to give jobs for all:

Workers' control:

Break up of the large estates and the creation of co-operatives in order to end rural depopulation: Comprehensive non-sectarian edu-

cation:
Housing to be a basic right: and Police special powers to be ended. The members of People's Democracy do not really expect to get any of their candidates elected, and their programme is more in the nature of a statement of ultimate aims than a

realistic assessment of what they hope to gain through an elected majority. The purpose of putting up candidates is to show the sham of elections.

However this may be a mistake all the same. Even to put up candidates purely for reasons of publicity, when you don't expect them to be elected, is playing the state's game. (It is a minor matter, but if the candidates lose their deposits they are making a small contribution to the funds of the state.) It is certainly true that in past years the London anarchists have held anti-election meetings, but these have not been particularly successful. On one occa-

ford couldn't let the children out to play:

IRELAND: Sham of Elections

enquiries, and no other result was perceptible.

Perhaps a better method is to burlesque the whole thing, and put up a candidate who is obviously unsuitable, a donkey or a hippo from the zoo, as has been done in Brazil. believe. In this case the point is well made, and everyone has a good time making it.

But it appears from the list of demands that a statist twist still affects the thought of People's Democracy. 'Tories out', well and good, but this suggests that some

sion, after a vigorous 'Don't vote!' other political grouping would be campaign, there was the heaviest poll for years. On another occasion Fulham anarchists spent a great deal of time producing masses of leaflets and covering the whole constituency street by street, with the result that about half a dozen people came round to Freedom Press to make enquiries, and no other result was authoritarian teaching is called in question. 'Housing a basic right' and special police powers to be ended are good as far as they go, but the second of the two is no more than a

reformist measure.

However there is nothing wrong with reforms, so long as they consist of the limiting of the power of t sist of the limiting of the power of authority. One cannot, in all fair-ness, tell people who are enduring the heavy hand of oppression that they should not seize whatever opportunity presents itself to lighten the load. The danger lies in the acceptance of governmental ways of

doing things until the movement be-comes assimilated into the machine

of authority, as has happened with the trade unions.

Apparently all other activities have been stopped until the elections are over, and everything is concen-trated on them. Far better it would be to ignore the whole thing, and continue with extra-parliamentary and non-governmental forms of activity.

It would probably be over-optimistic to claim that Ireland today is ripe for anarchy. But the People's Democracy, and the movement of the squatters and the unemployed in Dublin, are movements which have a libertarian, sponta-neous and revolutionary quality, and may be able to achieve great things if they can avoid the governmental

ARTHUR STONE

ON THE STREETS AGAIN

THE psephologists (or siphologists) meal ticket. The ponderous farce of so-called 'democracy' lumbers into action. The election has been called because the The election has been called because the civil rights campaign has succeeded in exposing to the light the dissensions in the unionist party; between the out-and-out fascists like Ad If Craig. John Brooke, son of the serile former PM, and their illiterate toadies such as the interedible McCuston. and their illiterate toadies such as the incredible McQuade, and the 'sophisticated' right-wing Tories, who use their fake PRO methods, e.g. O'Neill. As usual the only part the people are expected to play is to rubber stamp the sectarian decisions of the politicos, but for a change some seats are being contested for the first time in 31 years. What makes the jamboree more amusing is the sight of the unionists tearing themselves apart—O'Neillites v 'the disloyalists'. Obviously O'Neill is merely attempting. apart—O'Neillites v 'the dislovalists'.
Obviously O'Neill is merely attempting to discipline the rebels within his junta by having a snap election and strengthen his shaky position by frightening the bourgeoisie into pledging support. For the first time ever 45 out of the 52 seats are being 'contested' by 119 place-seekers.

creased O'Neill clique) is immaterial— open or covert reaction. The PD with their eight 'candidates' are attempting to use the election to gain publicity for their manifesto and are only expecting to save

maniesto and are only expecting to save their deposits.

As manifestos go it's not too bad. Workers' control. Integrated education. Expropriation of large estates and the land to be given to the small farmers to set up their own collectives. Tenant control of hossing estates. set up their own conecutes. Tenant con-trol of housing estates. An end of the Special Powers Act the Public Order Acts and the end of the 'B' Specials. The cancellation of the NI housing trusts debt to the central banks. Direct government investment in local industry rather than the free grants to the European capitalists and one man, one vote. Natur-ally this is far too radical for the NI ally this is far too radical for the NI voter, brainwashed with 50 years of sectarianism, and no PD candidate has a hope of being elected. They're just using the farce to put across their ideas, with TV and the free post for manifestos. Nonetheless should they be in it at all? Of course not—don't paddle in contaminated water of the political cesspool. Still, from the satirical point of view it

has its interest—the spectacle of O'Neill v Paisley v Farrell of PD in Bannside and an unemployed man v a nationalist hack in S. Down. The green Tories are squealing too as McAteer is opposed by McCann and 'I'm non-political' Hume. Derry's own sellout king.

Perhaps, too, it will prove a salutary lesson to those beguiled voters who rally to O'Neill. Paisley or Bunting—and may-

lesson to those beguined voters who raily to O'Neill, Paisley or Bunting—and maybe the people of Derry will again realize that it's all in the streets and at the barricades—not in the white grotesque elephant of Stormont, for make no mis-

elephant of Stormont, for make no mis-take, as soon as this commercial break is over, it's on the streets again!

Meanwhile Wilson, determined to en-sure the success of his loyal fellow-Tory

O'Neill is furtively drafting 6,000 troops
(none of them Irish) into the province to (none of them Irish) into the province to ensure that Terry isn't going to be unseated by his 'supporters', while L. G. Peacocke (cock by name and nature), has launched the usual pre-election IRA bogeymen scare campaign designed to frighten all the naive into Terry's welcoming arms. He is also fervently denying that there is an armed force of Protestant extremists'—they're called the 'B' Specials, sir' and trying to cover up the police discovery of arms dumps in Dee Street (traditional Protestant area) and Duncairn. — Naturally the press are Duncairn. - Naturally the press are

DR BOR JONES

Squatters Struggle Spreads

firm in Ilford, morale is high and the campaign is gathering momentum. The score so far is two houses held in Oak-field Road, one house in Cleveland Road,

field Road, one house in Cleveland Road, and no doubt when you read this there will be another house occupied.

The McNallys and the Kings are still installed in Oakfield Road, and they have been joined by two more families, Mrs. Yvonne Parker and her three children and a family of three from Brixton. Both families heard of the Squatters from the press and both decided of their own press and both decided of their own accord, to contact us and come and squat. Mrs. Parker has been homeless for several years, staying with relations here and there and then moving on. Now the Parkers have a home of their own, the have a permanent home.

The house in Cleveland Road has been

held now for a week in readiness for the Beresford family, who had been forcibly evicted from the house in Oakfield Road evicted from the house in Oakfield Road on the Saturday prior to the demonstration. The Beresfords have seven children and they went into their new house last Sunday. Their cat. Kitty, arrived before them and once the children, 2 girls and 5 boys, found their cat and settled down before a blazing coal fire, their faces lit up with smiles. Mrs. Beresford got the tea going, father put his feet up, and the Beresfords have their first home in 14 years.

London Squatters

128 Hainault Road, E.11

On Monday morning the Beresfords woke up to bright sunshine and the children went out into the garden. At Rush all beln YOU can think of to

Malcolm Conn and several others restraining, them from entering the house in Cleveland Road. Most of them have never been in or near the house; the police took the names of squatters after the eviction on Saturday, other names were taken from press reports and from leaflets, one of these is a member of llford IS who merely carried a banner round all day Sunday. Ron Bailey appears in court on Tuesday, and no doubt you will hear the laughter in Scotland when the Council's case is thrown out. The occupation in Ilford is a test case; already we have been contacted by home-less families wanting to squat, other groups are preparing occupations (three families installed themselves in empty property in Reading last weekend). The campaign is beginning to spread but if it is to explode nationally, there must be a success at Ilford. Success in Ilford will mean thousands of homeless families and slum dwellers and supporters occupying empty houses, flats and office blocks not just on the scale of the 1946 squatters' campaign, but on a revolutionary scale.

The squatters in Ilford need all the help they can get—furniture, food, money, guards, anything that will help them win this struggle.

FANTASTIC!

the hostel. Council Buildings, Mr. Beresford couldn't let the children out to play; a main road runs past the hostels and there are ponds and canals nearby. In the afternoon, the kids went out into the park, the first fresh air they have had in a long time, Council Buildings is full of damp, and water drips through ceilings. A so-called social worker called on Monday, said the house in Cleveland Road was worse than the conditions in Council Buildings and threatened to take the seven children into care. When asked whether she had seen Council Buildings, she replied in the negative (she was, no doubt, unaware that in the hostel you can sit on the toilet and wash your hands and cook your dinner at the same time). The house in Cleveland Road has two toilets, four bedrooms, a bathroom, lounge, kitchen and dining room. The house is literally a palace compared to Council Buildings; to the Beresfords it most certainly is a palace and they are determined to stay.

The previous week writs were issued against Ron Bailey, Alf Williams and Malcolm Conn and several others restraining, them from entering the house in Cleveland Road. Most of them have L'ADUNATA DEI REFRATTARI of January 18 contains a rather dry article informing its readers that the General Secretariat of CRIFA (Com-General Secretariat of CRIFA (Commissione per le Relazioni dell'Internazionale di Federazioni Anarchiche) which was created last September at Carrara have now accomplished their first task, and have, in fact, established an Anarchist International. They would now like

all anarchist organizations to declare themselves formally affiliated to this International.

The Secretariat has also produced a gramophone record on which is an 'expurgated reproduction' of the speeches delivered by delegates at Carrara.

The article goes on to review Esquerzo, the Internal Bulletin of the Commission for Relations, Paris (whatever that

is). This 26 page, duplicated pamphlet—in Spanish—describes the 'fiasco of Carrara' and will, I suppose, be of some value to future anarchist historians. Copies obtainable from: Esfuerzo, 24, Rue St. Marthe, Paris (10). Price unknown

CRIFA's publication, the Bolletino del Segretario dell'Internazionale della strutturrazione, and, presumably, the gramophone record can be bought from 3 Rue Ternaux, Paris (11).

To conclude, the article quotes Federica Montseny (of all people!) as saying in *Espoir* that the only possible raison d'etre of the Credentials Commission at Carrara was to eliminate all possible

opposition.

'And this, in fact,' says L'Adunata solemnly, 'is the fundamental purpose of all organizers and of all structural organizations from the national state to e most insignificant political party. Viva l'Anarchia!



NOT THIS WEEK

Owing to the illness of our printer the next issue of Freedom will have 8 pages

books

Order from us!

We can get books to order (school and technical books included). Please supply name of publishers.

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J. T. Murphy 2/6 Inside Russia Today (1958) John Gunther 6/-The German Emperor and the Peace

of the World (1912) Alfred H. Fried 3/-Your Child's School and Career W. Roy Nash 2/6

The Red Spider Web Bernard Newman 4/-The Totalitarian State against Man

Richard Coudenhove-Walergi 4/6 Modern Science and Modern Thought (1890)

Freedom Bookshop

Write or Come!

Editorial office open Friday, February 28. 6-8 p.m. and Monday, March 3, 2-8 p.m. 2-8 p.m.

Telephone: BIShopsgate 3015.

New temporary address: 84a WHITECHAPEL HIGH STREET, c/o Express Printers, (entrance Angel Alley), WHITECHAPEL, E.1.

(Underground: Aldgate East. Exit: Whitechapel Art Gallery. Turn right on emerging from station.)

Temporary opening times: Tuesday-Friday, 2-6 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m.-4 p.m.

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(US\$12.50) £4 5s. 0d. 'Freedom' by airmail, 'Anarchy' by surface

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Annual Volumes of Selections from

REEDOM 1952-1964 such year's volume 7/6 (+1/-) I'ull list on application.

INTERNATIONAL SUMMER CAMP

In response to the appeal in FREEDOM (11.1.69) for funds vitally necessary for arranging the summer camp in Cornwall, I have, to date, received several requests for more information, one complaint that it would be better to have it abroad again, and the sad total of £3—we need £300! And we need it urgently, now. We've guaranteed a large payment to the site owner; also it makes sense to go ahead with purchasing communal equipment in the off-season-prices become inflated towards the summer. So postal orders without delay please.

Several people have written asking what we are going to do at the camp and what they should bring with them. so, for those who haven't been before, I'll try to give some idea of what to

The site this year is only about two miles from the sea and there should be no problem about getting down to the beach as people who have cars run a ferry service to get everyone there and back. In the past we've rigged up a volley ball net on the site, and when people have been interested, we've had a football team. On one hilarious occasion in France we beat the local village team about 14-0. (The local paper reported the match as evidence of entente cordiale between the camp and the village but neglected to mention the score!)

We have been promised use of a though, weather permitting, the evening materials available in the barn. We

WHAT AN IMPOVERISHED lot you 'réunion' is held round the camp fire. Usually it takes the form of a talk on a particular topic followed by discussion. Groups might like to prepare topics in advance. If you would like particular guest speaker contacted, please get in touch with John Rety.

Entertainment we provide ourselves on the whole so bring your guitar/mouth organ/song book; however, we are in touch with an experimental theatre group and hope they'll be able to come. One of the high spots of the camp over the past few years has been the méchouille an Algerian-style sheep barbecue. We won't be able to get all that cheap wine this year but we should make out on scrumpy.

At past camps a source of friction has been late-night noise which is inevitable when a lot of young people are on holiday, but it is very annoying for older people and those with young children. It has been realised that freedom for everyone depends on a measure of planning of our environment. This year it should be possible to put this into practice by indicating a quiet area on the site, well away from the barn and the camp fire, where older people and children can sleep un-

The camp provides a marvellous holiday for children-countryside, the sea, plenty of freedom and open space, the fun of sleeping in a tent. This year we want to make their holiday even better by having a playground on large barn for eating and meetings, the site and games, activities and art

also want to make it better for parents by arranging a rota for looking after the kids.

We've always run a shop on the site. It's convenient, and we can buy food cheaply in bulk (as long as we get the funds in to stock it initially). People take turns in teams of two or three at running the shop and going into town for supplies. You can order perishables the night before. Incidentally, we will need a large pair of scales for weighing vegetables. Can anyone help?

We will also need a first aid box. Can anyone help with some medical supplies?

WHAT TO BRING:

Sleeping bags are absolutely essential. It is best to bring LARGE tents because the site owner is charging us on a per-tent basis. So if people could get together on this and bring one large tent instead of four small ones, we can keep costs right down. We are hoping that the cost will not exceed 3s. per head per night, excluding children, but this does depend on the number of tents on the site. Secondhand tents are available quite cheaply at this time of the year through Exchange and Mari, so it's advisable to start looking now. We will have some communal tent space (as long as you send postal orders so that we can buy the communal tents!) but I'm sure you realise that people coming from abroad will have more difficulty in bringing equipment. Some come from as far away as Australia and America. So, in order to provide space for them, we are relying on British comrades bringing their own tents. If anyone has a spare tent, please let us know.

You'll need cooking equipment. Everyone brings their own pans and crockery. We aim to provide six gas rings and large gas cylinders (this is

Political Beliefs NARROW ROAD TO THE DEEP and obscure foreign drama; an awareness

BOND is a pacifist, perhaps even an anarchist, and if this is supposed to present his political beliefs then the reasons for choosing 17th century Japan as a soapbox remain obscure to me.

at the Royal Court Theatre.

The play comes over as a high-camp melodrama, its message trite, and adolescent. The cobwebs of convention lie heavy on the eyes. One is conscious of time passing slowly, not from dramatic effect, but from boredom and inaction.

It has many ingredients of synthetic art: the search for permanence prompting a setting already more than 300 years old; an extension of the relationship between instant intellectual appreciation

NORTH, by Edward Bond, in repertory that people are prone to place high value on an object purely by virtue of its

If imperialism was the target, a letter to a newspaper denouncing arms supplies to foreign nationals would have more relevance. If enjoyment was the object, it's OK if you like looking at Japanese jock straps. If awareness was the object, I cannot imagine an adult person being influenced by it in any way. And if it was put on as an example of contemporary drama, then I for one didn't get

value for money. Nevertheless, it is an ideal play for inclusion in the repertory of touring companies for performance in our schools.

'Law' in Uganda

TWO UGANDANS were recently acquitted in Kampala on sedition charges. Both were immediately sent The Times commented: 'Uganda in-

sists that the trial had no bearing on their detention which began last October. However the Ugandan authorities have never given any other reason for their detention.'

The reason for their detention was simple: the State wanted them inside. On those few occasions when the law does not do what the State wants, the law is ignored. WYNFORD HICKS.

going to cost a packet, have I mentioned we need funds urgently?) but obviously this won't be adequate unless most people bring their own. If you can't run to Camping Gaz, small meths burners are very cheap. The usual practice is to get together to form cooking groups, so that people can take it in turns to do the cooking-nobody likes to be tied to a hot stove throughout their holiday. We hope that the groups will be pretty fluid so that people won't stick in one group throughout the holiday and never get to know the rest of the camp.

I've been asked about getting there. The current train fare is £7 12s, return from London, £6 if you travel midweek. This may go up before the summer. Coach is a better bet at £2 14s. single, £4 17s. return from London. There is one coach daily, departing from Victoria at 8.30 a.m. People in other parts of the country will have to make their own inquiries. We are considering hiring our own coach to run between London and the camp, but unless we can do this very cheaply, it won't be worthwhile; probably the best system will be for FREEDOM to put those wanting transport in touch with those who have places in cars. If anyone can put a Dormobile at our disposal for July/ August, we'd be delighted to hear about

The need for money is immediate. Apart from sending your £1 booking fee (which will be deducted from your camp charge), could you try to raise funds in your area by holding a social, a jumble sale or a party (bring a bottle and pay 2s. 6d. at the door)? In London we are already organising fundraising activities of this kind. If you would like to come along and help, our next meeting is on Tuesday, February 25, 8 p.m., at 25 North Villas, N.W.1.

Who the Hell Do You Think You Are?

TWO SCHOOLBOYS were disciplined for having distributed copies of the leaflet 'Who the hell do you think you are?' in the Rotherham area. This leaflet attacks authoritarian education in vigorous language, and seems to have alarmed some of the staff of the schools concerned, particularly that of the school attended by the boys themselves.

The South Yorkshire and Rotherham Advertiser thought the story worth making its main lead on February 1, and even phoned Freedom Press to find out how many leaflets had been printed.

They got no satisfaction.

Anarchist Federation of Britain

LONDON FEDERATION OF ANARCHISTS. All correspondence to LFA, c/o Freedom Press. Sunday evening meetings at the 'Metropolitan' (corner of Clerkenwell Road and Farringdon 7.30 p.m. Next meeting Sunday, February

23, Folksongs.
EALING ANARCHIST GROUP. Contact Lindsay Wither, 19 Aylmer Road, Shepherds Bush, W.12. HARINGEY. 'Siege of Sidney Street Appreciation Society'. Meet Wednesdays, 8 p.m., at A. Barlow's, 2a Fairfield Gardens, Crouch End, N.8. LEWISHAM. Contact Mike Malet, 61B Granville Park, Lewisham, London, S.E.13. Phone: 01-852 8879.

PORTOBELLO ROAD ANARCHIST GROUP.
Contact Andrew Dewar, 16 Kilburn House, Malvern Place, N.W.6. Meetings 8 p.m. every

Tuesday, WEST HAM ANARCHISTS. Regular meetings and activities contact Mr. T. Plant. 10 Thackeray Road, East Ham, E.6. Tel.: 552 4162. Forward with Finch's Anarchists. Regular meetings. Contact P.P., 246 Portobello Road, W.11.

OFF-CENTRE LONDON DISCUSSION MEETINGS

Every Wednesday at Jack Robinson's and Mary Canipa's, 21 Rumbold Road, S.W.6 (off King's Road), 8 p.m. Every Monday at A. Barlow's. 2a Fairfield Gardens, Hornsey, N.8. (Siege of Sidney Street Appreciation Society).

REGIONAL FEDERATIONS AND GROUPS

BEXLEY ANARCHIST MOVEMENT. Steve Leman, 28 New Road, Abbey Wood, S.E.2. Tel.: ET 35377. Meetings every Friday, 8 p.m., Lord Bexley, Bexleyheath Broadway BIRMINGHAM ANARCHIST GROUP, Secretary,

Road, Birmingham Peace Action Centre, Factory Road, Birmingham 19. Libertarian discussion groups held 8 p.m. on each Tuesday at 'The Crown', Corporation Street (Opp. Law Courts), Birmingham City. S.a.e. to Secretary for details.

BOLTON. Get in touch with John Hayes, 51 Rydal Road, Bolton. BOURNEMOUTH AREA. Local anarchists can be contacted through Nigel Holt, Rossmore, Harvey Road, Canford, Wimborne, Dorset. (Wim-

borne 2991.)
CORNWALL ANARCHISTS. Contact Arthur Jacobs, 13 Ledrah Road, St. Austell, Cornwall. Discussion meetings on the second Friday of each month at Brian and Hazel McGee's, 42 Pendarves Street, Beacon, Camborne, 7.30 p.m. Visiting contraday very welcome.

comrades very welcome. 7.30 p.m. Visiting CROYDON LIBERTARIANS. Meetings every 2nd Friday of each month. Laurens and Celia Otter, 35 Natal Road, Thornton Heath (LIV 7546).

EDGWARE PEACE ACTION GROUP. Contact Melvyn Estrin, 84 Edgwarebury Lane, Edgware, Middx HERTS. Contact Val and John Funnell, 10 Fry

REALS. Contact val and John Funnell, 10 Fry Road, Chells, Stevenage.

IPSWICH ANARCHISTS. Contact Neil Dean, 74 Cemetery Road, Inswich. Suffolk.

IFICESTER PROJECT. Peace/Libertarian action and debate. Every Wednesday at 8 pm at 1 The Crescent King Street Leicester.

NORTH SOMERSET ANARCHIST GROUP.

Contact Roy Emery, 3 Abbey Street, Bath, or Geoffrey Barfoot, 71 St. Thomas Street, Wells.

NOTTING HILL. Meetings at John Bennett's, Flat 4, 88 Clarendon Road, W.11. Every Monday evening, 8 p.m.

ORPINGTON ANARCHIST GROUP, Knockholt,

ORPINGTON ANARCHIST GROUP. Knockholt, Nr. Sevenoaks, Kent. Every six weeks at Greenways, Knockholt. Phone: Knockholt 2316. Brian and Maureen Richardson. Next off centre meeting Greenways, Saturday, March 1, 5 p.m., 'What to do about Violence in Education'. REDDITCH ANARCHISTS AND LIBERTARIANS. Contact Dave Lloyd, 37 Feckenham Road, Headless Cross, Redditch, Worcs.

ESSEX & EAST HERTS FEDERATION

Three-monthly meetings. Groups and individuals invited to associate: c/o Peter Newell (see N.E. Essex Group).
Group Addresses:—

NORTH EAST ESSEX. Peter Newell, 91 Brook Road, Tolleshunt Knights, Tiptree, Essex. Regular meetings.
BISHOPS STORTFORD. Vic Mount, 'Eastview',
Castle Street, Bishops Stortford, Herts.
CHELMSFORD. (Mrs.) Eva Archer, Mill House,
Purleigh, Chelmsford, Essex.
EPPING. John Barrick, 14 Centre Avenue,
Epping, Essex.
HARLOW. Jan Dallas, 18 Brookline Field,
Harlow and Annette Gunning, 37 Longbanks,
Harlow.

LOUGHTON. Group c/o Students' Union, Loughton College of Further Education, Borders Lane, Loughton, Essex.

NORTH-WEST FEDERATION

Secretary: Rob Wilkinson, 73 Trafford Street, Preston. Next federation meeting March 29/30. CHORLEY. Contact Kevin Lynch, 6 Garfield Terrace, Chorley. LANCASTER AND MORECAMBE. Contact Les Smith, 192 Euston Road, Morecambe, Lancs. Meetings Mondays at 8 p.m., Phil Woodhead's, 30 Dunkeld Street, Lancaster. Regular literature sales.

LIVERPOOL ANARCHIST PROPAGANDA GROUP AND 'HIPPY' MOVEMENT. Gerry Bree, 16 Faulkner Square, Liverpool, 8. Meetings weekly. 'Freedom' Sales—Pier Head, Saturdays, Sundays, Evenines Sundays, Evenings, MANCHESTER ANARCHIST GROUP, 'The Secretary', 9 Boland Street, Fallowfield, Man-Secretary', 9 Boland Street, Fallowfield, Man-chester, 14. Regular weekly meetings. Contact Secretary for

wenue.

MERSEYSIDE ANARCHISTS. Meetings every
Tuesday at 8 p.m. at 118 High Park Street, Liverpool 8. Contact: Chris Kneath, Basement, 52
Belvidere Road, Liverpool, L8 3TQ.
PRESTON ANARCHIST GROUP. Contact J. B.
Cowburn, 140 Watting Street Road, Fulwood,
Preston. Meetings: The Wellington Hotel',
Glovers Court, Preston Wednesdays, 8 p.m.

SURREY FEDERATION G. Wright, 47 College Road, Epsom, Surrey. Groups and individuals invited to associate. SUSSEX FEDERATION

Groups and individuals invited to associate c/o Eddie Poole, 5 Tilsbury, Findon Road, Whitehawk, Brighton.

BRIGHTON & HOVE ANARCHIST GROUP.
Contact Nick Heath Flat 3, 26 Clifton Road, Brighton, BNI 3HN, Regular fortnightly meetings.

Contact Secretary.

CRAWLEY ANARCHIST GROUP. Contact Richard Ashwell, 87 Buckswood Drive, Gossops Green, Crawley, Sussex. SUSSEX UNIVERSITY ANARCHIST GROUP (see details under Student Groups).

Meetings every 8 weeks. Next meeting February 2. Secretary: Colin Beadle, c/o Oakwood Farm, Cliffe-cum-Lund, Selby, Yorkshire. Look out for HALIFAX: David Stringer, c/o Paul Simon, 91

Essex Street, Parkinson Lane, Halifax. HULL: Jim Young, 3 Fredericks Crescent, Haw-thorn Avenue, Hull. KEIGHLEY: Steve Wood, 26B Cavendish Street, Keighley.
LEEDS: Direct Action Society. Contact John
Boutwood, 142 Brudenell Road, Leeds, 6.
SHEFFIELD: Dave Jeffries, c/o Students Union,
Western Bank, Sheffield, 10.
YORK: Nigel Wilson, Derwent College, University of York, Heslington, York.

WELSH FEDERATION

CARDIFF ANARCHIST GROUP. All correspondence to:—Pete Raymond, 18 Marion Street, plott, Cardiff. SWANSEA ANARCHIST CROUP. Contact Ian Bone, 22 Glanmor Road, Uplands, Swansea. Weekly meetings, 'Freedom' sales and action Projects.

LLANELLI: Contact Dai Walker, 6 Llwuynnendy
Road, Llanelli, Carm. Tel: Llanelli 2548.

EAST LONDON LIBERTARIAN FEDERATION

Support wanted for numerous activities in area. Secretary: Anthony Matthews, 35 Mayville Road, London, E.11. Meetings fortnightly on Sundays at Ron Bailey's, 128 Hainault Road, E.11 (LEY 8059). Ten minutes from Leytonstone Undergrand

Active groups in: LEYTONSTONE, STEPNEY, NEWHAM, ILFORD, DAGENHAM, WOOD-FORD and LIMEHOUSE.

STUDENT GROUPS

ABERDEEN UNIVERSITY GROUP. C/o Ian and Peggy Sutherland, 8 Esslemont Avenue, Aberdeen, AB2 45L. deen, AB2 45L.
CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY ANARCHIST
GROUP. Contact Matthew Robertson, Trinity
College, or John Fullerton, Jesus College.
SUSSEX UNIVERSITY ANARCHIST GROUP.
Contact Francis Jarman, Red Brick Lodge, 49
Upper Rock Gardens, Brighton. Meetings every
second Thursday jointly with Brighton Group;
bookstall every Monday outside J.C.R., 12-2.30
p.m. YORK UNIVERSITY, Contact Nigel Wilson, Derwent College, University of York, Heslington, York.

EAST ANGLIA UNIVERSITY. Contact Dave Lomax, E.A.S. II, U.E.A., Norwich, NOR 88C. LIBERTARIAN STUDENTS FEDERATION. Contact address: Keith Nathan, 138 Pennymead, Harlow.

Harlow
I.IVERPOOI, UNIVERSITY ANARCHIST
GROUP, Contact us at the bookstall in the Students Union Foyer every Friday lunchtime.
OXFORD ANARCHIST GROUP, Contact Francis
Casline, Pembroke College, or Steve Watts,
Trinity College.
MANCHESTER UNIVERSITY, Contact Mike
Don or Bill Jamieson, c/o University Union,

Oxford Road, Manchester, 13.
SHEFFIELD UNIVERSITY.
Lovell at the Students' Union. Lovell at the Students' Union.

LSE ANARCHIST GROUP. C/o Students' Union,
LSE, Houghton Street, W.C.2. Read and sell Road, Kingston-upon-Thames, Surrey. Contact

SCOTTISH FEDERATION

All correspondence to Dave Con-3 Eskview Terrace, Ferryden, Montrose, Angus ABERDEEN ANARCHIST GROUP, Bob Comrie, 288 Hardgate or Ian Mitchell, 3 Sinclair Road. 288 Hardgate or Ian Mitchell, 3 Sinclair Road. GLASGOW ANARCHIST GROUP, Robert Lynr 12 Ross Street, S.E. or Joe Embleton, 26 Kirk-land Road, N.W. land Road, N.W.
EDINBURGH. Tony Hughes, Top Flat, 40 Angle
Park Terrace, Edinburgh 11.
HAMILTON AND DISTRICT ANARCHIST
GROUP. Robert Linton, 7a Station Road, New
Stevenston, Motherwell.
FIFE. Bob and Una Turnbull, 39 Stratheden
Park, Stratheden Hospital, By Cupar.

NORTHERN IRELAND

BELFAST ANARCHIST GROUP. Meetings every Saturday. 2 p.m., 44a Upper Arthur Street (top floor). 'Freedom' sales.

ABROAD

AUSTRALIA. Federation of Australian Anarchists, P.O. Box A 389, Sydney South, NSW 2000. Phone No. 69-8095. Open discussion and literature sale in the Domain—Sunday. 2 p.m. Call at 59 Eveleigh Street, Redfern, NSW 2015 for personal discourse, tea and overnight accommodation. BELGIUM. Groupe du journal Le Libertaire, 220 rue Vivenis Liber.

BELGIUM. Groupe du journal Le Libertaire, 220 rue Vivegnis, Liège.
USA. James W. Cain, secretary, the Anarchist Committee of Correspondence, 323 Fourth Street, Cloquet, Minnesota 55720, USA.
VANCOUVER, B.C., CANADA. Anyone interested in forming anarchist and/or direct action peace group contact Derek A. James, e/o 24-160 East 20th, N. Vancouver, B.C., Canada. Tel.: 985 7509 or 987 2693.
USA: VERMONT. New Hampshire Anarchist Group. Discussion meetings. Actions. Contact Ed. Strauss, RFD 2, Woodstock, Vermont 05091. USA.

USA.
TORONTO LIBERTARIAN - ANARCHIST
GROUP. 217 Toryork Drive. Weston, Ontario.
Canada. Weekly meetings. Read the 'Libertarian'. Third issue now out and it was well worth

PROPOSED GROUPS

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE. Interested friends contact Chris Segar, 8 Moorland Way. Mansfield. READING. Libertarian and Anarchist group would like to contact fellow anarchists in the dis-trict and in the university. C/o 57 Kiln Ride, Wokingham, Berkshire.

ROCHDALE, BURY & OLDHAM areas. Those interested in libertarian activity contact David Purdy, c/o 35 Balmoral Drive, Darn Hill Estate, Heywood, Lancs.

WATFORD. Anyone interested please contact Ronnie Anderson, 31 Marlborough Road, Watford, Herts.

Home Rule for Yorkshire

there has been a tendency for the state to become more and more centralised, and we have often been told that the Anarchist idea failed, because, with its decentralist principles, it tried to alter the course of historical progress. But the tendency to centralise seems to have reached its peak in certain spheres; in Britain we are seeing a reaction in the shape of an appeal to Celtic nationalism a call for regional government.

We have seen the rise of the Scottish and Welsh Nationalist Parties, the emergence of Mebyon Kernow (The Sons of Cornwall), and even an independent candidate standing at a general election under the slogan 'Home Rule for Cumberland'. The slogan 'Home Rule for Yorkshire', that was jokingly painted on an Aberystwyth wall some years ago, may soon be taken seriously.

Political groups in those areas that

claim to have a distinct culture intend to create nations; they call for political independence, or at least autonomy. (Cornish Nation, for example, states: Our aim should not be to pull down the Union Flag. Rather let us raise St. Piran's Cross proudly beside it, in a new and honourable partnership.')

But when one examines those areas in the British Isles that have gained political independence and autonomy, one wonders if the attainment of these has brought many advantages.

The political autonomy of Ulster does not solve its housing and unemployment problems, or reform the fascist nature of

What has political independence done for the basic problems of the people of Irish Republic? The population is still declining: people are forced to emi-grate because of lack of jobs; in Dublin recently homeless families have rioted

WITH THE INCREASING amount of

development in city centres, the question arises as to who is going to

benefit from these projects. From a finan-

cial standpoint, it is obvious that the

development company will gain, for vast

profits have been and are still being made

shops. They are places that should pro-

vide amenities, places of entertainment

can meet and enjoy themselves. How

ever, many such centres do not fulfil

In many cases, city centre develop-

ments are separated from motor traffic,

the new one at Wolverhampton being an

example. This new centre, the biggest

under construction in Britain, has three

one. However, before this development

started, the streets, which have now been demolished, were open to the public at

all times. When the work is completed,

the development company, Manders, want

to exclude the public from the city centre

at night. In other words, Manders want

a purely commercial centre, where one can spend freely during the day, but after closing time, the whole area will be locked up. It follows that this develop-

ment will not provide a social centre,

which is so necessary and important to

with escalators connecting each

City centres are not just for offices and

recreational centres, where people

by these companies.

these objects.

of workers demanding a decent living wage. The orange, white and green of the Irish flag flies proudly while the people are robbed by US, British and Irish capitalists.

Political independence does not prevent religious bigotry and the persecution of religious minorities (Ulster), or racial minorities (USA, Kenya, and the USSR [the Jews]), or prevent the rise of military dictatorship (Brazil, Spain and Greece): in effect political independence is no step forward or defence against tyranny.

Political independence is not progresbecause it is not economic independence; production and trade, through those who control them, are interlocking on a world scale. Few states, if any, have the resources for economic self-sufficiency. and even if any did, they would be forced to expand because the existence of other states is always a threat: any such state

would turn to imperialism, like USA and Russia; an ever-increasing march towards greater centralisation. Political independence or national liberation contains the seeds of imperialism.

And the call for regional government in Britain, although it implies decentralisation, has no appeal for Anarchists. The English word 'tyrant' comes from the Greek: the ancient Greek tyrants ruled territories that one could walk across in

Because the governmental unit is smaller, freedom is not the greater. The political structure itself must be destroyed, and replaced by a society based on workers' councils, the representatives being subject to immediate recall by those who elect them. The councils federate industrially and geographically, each unit of industry and each neighbourhood retaining an independence in that which concerns itself only.

Political independence and regional government is a sham. Capitalism is everywhere: its sectors interconnect. It cannot be destroyed in part: the revolu-

tion must be total.

Producing Job Material

GENERALLY OVERLOOKED in these days of student revolt are the finest exam factories in the country the Colleges of Further Education. One of the most highly praised is housed in a converted warehouse in Blackfriars her wood-partitioned rooms crammed with part-time civil servants, aspirant salesmen and secretaries, exschoolchildren who didn't make the grade, and legions of eager Asian young scientists.

Here the Muse dare not step within the magic circle of forms, timetables, and text-books, and the purpose of education, according to Edward Heath's definition, is admirably fulfilled. The civil servants ache for promotion to sub-vice-formstamper, the executives pant for working knowledge of Spanish and that post in Costa Brava Holidays Ltd., the secretaries' fingers itch for those silverlined keys, the schoolkids want to try again for that certificate proving their knowledge of our British Constitution, their fellows from overseas knit brows and scribble for the hallowed ticket to a secure seat in the automated circus of Western society. Every one scarab, glittering shell inscribed 'Student', never pausing to consider that it's straining to roll a ball of shit.

We're not without our grievances The meals are organised by an outside catering firm and cost twice as much as those at a neighbouring college. The porters are employees of another firm. Cutex Ltd.-convenient for the governors, who are thereby unable to stop them tearing down our posters. And the portly female (prison?) visitor nodded understandingly when boss Dr Gillanders explained why the student's common-room is so cold.

moderate majority just want And so continues the massproduction of Good Job material, brains numbed into acceptance of the British Constitution, proud to have been a student, blind to the hypocrisy of their teachers, unquestioning the value of their system of education.

NICHOLAS RAIMES.

LETTER

Marx & Bakunin

I DON'T want to criticise Geoff Charlton's English translation of Marianne Enckell's French translation of Franz Mehring's German account of the relations between Marx and Bakunin, which appeared in FREEDOM on January 25, but I think it's worth pointing out that Mehring's biography of Marx, which the account is taken from, long been available in an excellent English translation by Edward Fitzgerald. It was first published in the United States in 1935 and in this country in 1936, and the fourth impression is still on sale (Allen and Unwin, £2 2s.); the passage in question appears on pages 403-409. A paperback edition was pub lished in the United States in 1962, and it is certainly time there was one here as well.

Similarly, I don't want to criticise Marianne Enckell's annotations, but I also think it's worth pointing out that much detailed background information appears in two English books by E. H. Carr-Karl Marx (1934) and Bakunin (1937)—and that Herbert Marcuse's One Dimensional Man was of course first published in English, in 1964.

People—Not Profits

Wolverhampton Corporation did try to keep a provision in the bill which would have given public access. ever, at a public meeting, Manders packed the hall with their own employees and the provision was lost. Mr. Tavendale, a director of Manders, said, 'No one will believe us, but there was no duress in this matter. We simply asked our employees to come as electors. The other side only had about 57 people there. We won hands down.'

Of course no one is going to believe him. It is a pity that the 'other side' did not pack the meeting. The whole thing is before Parliament and now that residents have drawn up a petition demanding that the Corporation have powers to use the centre for the convenience and enjoyment of all citizens, it could take until April before a decision is reached

Manders say that their reason for locking up the centre at night is to prevent vandalism and quote the Birmingham Bull Ring as an example where this has

occurred. But the Bull Ring is hardly a good example of a pleasant social environment. It is 'dead' and it is no wonder that windows get smashed and shops broken into. Mr. Tavendale did not think that political meetings would be allowed in the centre 'because they violent and damage shop windows'.

Manders are only interested in raking in huge profits from the rents of the development. They, as a purely profit-making concern, are not interested in a social centre, even though this could provide profit. They want a simple shopping centre, where all the goods the advertisers have created a demand for are on display and can be bought in the super-

Our social environment should not be in the hands of these development companies who are only selling space by the foot to the highest bidders. Our towns and cities are for people and for their enjoyment. As such there should be no restrictions of access, for city centres are for people and not for profits.

So much the Worse!

READERS OF FREEDOM will remember the King Hill campaign a few years ago, in which the Kent County was defeated by the homeless people in its King Hill hostel at West Malling, with the help of the Friends of King Hill (the full story is told in the Solidarity pamphlet KCC versus the Homeless). One of the by-products of the campaign was an article People on January 2, 1966, which set out to discredit the campaign by defaming one of the families involved. The People was sued for libel, but-as had calculated—the available funds the case had to be dropped. The Friends of King Hill then resorted to direct action, as they had done in the main campaign, producing a leaflet exposing People's libels and picketing People's offices. In February 1967 they also sent a detailed complaint to the Press Council, not because they had any faith in it but because they thought it ought to be tried. In July 1968 the Press Council published its adjudication totally rejecting the complaint; in the meantime an extraordinary correspondence had passed between the Press Council and the Friends of King Hill, and this is the basis of a new pamphlet called Danned! in which Andy Anderon tells the story of the way the Press Council handled the case.*

The title is taken from a remark of Devlin, chairman of the Press Council, in its annual report for 1968 'If an editor publishes and is not damned. so much the better." There is no room here to go through the pamphlet in detail—only to say that everyone who is interested should get hold of a copy and study it carefully. (It is, as it happens, the first publication of the recently-formed South London Solidarity Group, and a good sale will help them to produce further material.) The pamphlet shows generally that the Press Council's main function is to whitewash the press, as we knew all along. shows, incidentally, that Patricia Elston. the author of the original article, and Robert Edwards, the editor of the People,

deliberately wrote and published false and malicious allegations against Roy and Mildred Mills, and refused to accept any of the points made against them, but also refused to sue the Friends of King Hill for libel when they were exposed. It shows particularly that Noel Paul, who handled the case for the Press Council and has subsequently become its secretary, was chiefly concerned to destroy most of the items in the complaint before it was ever considered by the Press Council and to discredit those that were eventually considered; no doubt he too will refuse to accept any of the points in this pamphlet but will also refuse to sue Andy Anderson for libel. We should be grateful to Andy for taking the trouble to tell the truth about these people, and we should

*Damned! may be obtained from Solidarity (South London), 40 Tudor Close, Dartford, Kent (3s. post free).

Prisoners' Protest

FIFTY PERSONS DETAINED for 'trade union offences' have been on a hunger strike for eight days as a protest against their imprisonment and have been confined to their cells. Meanwhile, mothers and wives have been occupying a church in the centre of Madrid in support of their relatives'

The London Times for 14.12.68 says that in San Sebastian the Court Martial has passed the first lot of sentences under the new emergency regulations.
The general opinion is that many of
the accused confessed to their crimes
after being tortured and subject to ill-treatment.

A whole series of witnesses says that the accused confessed after being tortured. The military prosecutor presented no witnesses, basing his case on the confessions extracted after eleven days of beatings and torture in a police station in San Sebastian. The accused later denied their confessions.

Nine witnesses had the courage to declare that they had visited the victims and had seen evidence of violence on their bodies and faces. MADRID

General Segismundo Casao, one of the defenders of Madrid against the Fascist hordes, has just died. He returned to Spain in 1958.

-From Le Combat Syndicaliste 26.12.68 (Paris)

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TOTAL: £29 4 0
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TOTAL SURPLUS: £71 9 11

*Denotes Regular Contributor.

FIFTH COLUMN

Censorship

WHEN GEOFFREY CANNON, exchairman of Oxford University CND and prophet of free communications, takes over the editorship of the Radio Times in June he will have a lot of work to do.

One feature of the magazine which urgently requires his attention is the correspondence page. It now concentrates on such topics as: Who does the Bishop's housework in All Gas and Gaiters?, What are the names of the children in The Magic Roundabout? and -inevitably-Should The Dales come to an end?

But in the issue of February 13, from which I have taken these examples, most of the correspondence page is occupied by a letter attacking BBC censorship. The letter is written by a group of former members of the BBC's Wednesday Play team and answered by Paul Fox, the Controller of BBC 1. On Monday, February 17, the Guard-

ian quoted Tony Garnett, producer of Cathy Come Home and one of the letter's signatories, as saying that the letter was partly aimed at ensuring that the BBC did not cancel or postpone this week's Wednesday Play:

'One of our intentions was to make it very difficult for the BBC to stop putting on The Big Flame on Wednesday and I think we've got them nicely boxed in now.

By the time you read this The Big Flame will have been shown. It describes a workers' takeover of the Liverpool docks and is, according to Paul Fox, 'a remarkable film'.

The programmes suppressed by the BBC were Hit, Suddenly, Hit, a documentary about political violence including people like Marcuse, Erich Fromm and Stokeley Carmichael, and Five Women, a Wednesday Play about

The BBC's objections to Hit, Suddenly, Hit were unconvincing. The programme, made before the Russian invasion of Czechoslovakia, naturally did not refer to it. According to Paul Fox this meant that it couldn't be shown after August. According to Tony Garnett Wit Suddayla William Hit, Suddenly, Hit was suppressed before the invasion of Czechoslovakia.

Secondly Paul Fox described the documentary as 'unbalanced'. He meant simply that the wrong points of view were given too much emphasis—the censor's traditional complaint.

The objection to Five Women was less The programme was 'rejected as a play and turned down as a documentary because it is neither one thing nor the other'. Paul Fox added that after changes the programme would be shown—comment from Tony Garnett: the BBC had been telling him for 18 months that Five Women would be put on eventually.

Five Women—like Cathy Come Home

and The War Game-is said to blur the limits between drama and documentary Homeless Cathy and people dying in The War Game are more disturbing than Humphrey Bogart and Dr. Who's ice warriors. In the drama/documentary you can tell yourself that you are watching drama but the style forces you to see it as documentary-in other words real.

'Reality' which the viewer is not pecting—and which conflicts with his expecting—and which conflicts with his picture of the world—can be dangerous. A particular programme may convince some viewers that it is a pure documentary. Other people may have their faith in The News itself shaken, for if fiction is dressed up as fact then what passes for fact becomes suspect. The audience is forced to think, doubt and question. And the BBC doesn't want too much of that sort of subversive

It is interesting that having suppressed the two programmes the BBC this to be discussed in their own maga-zine. Possibly the Corporation wishes to claim the credit for liberalism while

gaining the advantages of censorship.

The BBC's suppression of these programmes is a clear hint to those who work for the BBC and the Free Com-munications Group. Censors need either the acquiescence of workers in the communications industry or the direct in-tervention of the police. The function of the Group is obviously to encourage workers in communications to demand greater control over their own work and ultimately to take it for themselves. Immediately without waiting for any revolutionary situation those who work for the BBC can say to their bosses: show Five Women and Hit, Suddenly, Hit or we will take direct action to ensure that they are shown.

Wynford Hicks.

Crucial Time Dockers

the Royal group of docks in London is being directly challenged by the employers with the use of mass suspensions and the threat of dis-

The outcome of this battle could well decide how easily and cheaply the employers will be able to cut down the dock labour force under modern dock handling methods. (The main method is containerisation under which machines could do away with 90% of the present manning, according to a report commissioned by the British Transport Docks Board.)

The Regional No. 1 Docks Group

Contact Column

This column exists for mutual aid. Donations towards cost of typesetting will be welcome

Isolated Public School: Offers for printing anti-authoritarian literature, for helping in any way, for contact from students, etc.; write to Tim Cousins, Peele B, Christ's Hospital, Horsham,

Socialist Scientist Conference, March 1/2. Open to students, lecturers and workers (and/or?). UMIST Union, Sackville Street, Manchester.

Anarchist books in German. Can anyone supply to Austrian inquirer? C/o Freedom Press.

N. Ireland Support Conference. March 1, 10:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Conway Hall, Red Lion Square, W.C.1. Comrades

coming over. All welcome.

Anarchist May 2 Ball at Shoreditch Town
Hall. Groups include 'The Deviants',
'Blonde, on Blands', and 'De K'. 'Blonde on Blonde' and 'Dr. K's Blues Band'. Tickets now available. £1 double, 12/6 single. Licensed bar (extension applied for). your tickets early from Philip Carver,

c/o Freedom Press. Winnersh Squatters. Comrades in Berkshire are asked to help squatters who just moved in 9 Goddards Close, Winnersh, Wokingham. Or contact Larry Law, 57 Kiln Ride, Wokingham, Berkshire.

Happening. March 1, p.m. To be held in and around the Gorsedd Circle, Cathays Park, Cardiff. Folk music, poetry, rites of spring, body painting, etc. Everybody come and do your thing. For latest info, phone Rob at Pencoed 730 or Judith at Cardiff 22031 after 6.30 p.m.

Community Research and Action Group meets every Monday at 8 p.m. at 58 High Lane, Manchester, 21. CHO

. London Schools Action Group. Contact Max Hunt, 83 Kingsmead Road, S.W.2, 674 1556 for aims and

Chelmsford Meeting, 'Anarchism Is Humanism' Speaker; Philip Sansom. Tuesday, March 4, Civic Centre Lecare Room at 7.15 p.m.

Scottish Anarchist Conference in Aberdeen March I and 2. Details from Dave Coull, 3 Eskview Terrace, Ferryden

Birmingham Discussion Meetings. Tueslays at 8 p.m. At The Crown, Cor-

Feb. 25: Godfrey Webster on 'Organisation, Anarchy and Anar-

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If you wish to make contact let us know.

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FOR THE FIRST time in 20 years Committee of the Transport and the solidarity of the dockers in General Workers' Union has at present got a ban on any such package deals 'that will result in loss of manning on any job whatsoever'.

But in March a container service run by Overseas Containers Limited is due to start at Tilbury-they hope on greatly reduced manning but for a basic wage of £37 6s. 8d. for a 341-hour-week for the lucky few who get the job. This job-like most of the other such plum jobswill go only to dockers employed by the Port of London Authority.

The great fear of the men in the Royals and men not employed by the PLA is that these deals will take work from them and leave them in a much worse position than PLA dockers and those on package deals.

So the men in the Royals decided to operate an unofficial overtime ban in support of a claim of £6 for an 8-hour day and £8 for a 10-hour day for all the men.

This lasted a week and was stopped because it was found that the tally clerks (who check and list cargoes), who were not in dispute. were having their wages cut by as much as £8 a week as they cannot work without dockers.

'ANARCHY IN THE ROYALS'

On Tuesday, February 4, the men decided to change their tactics. Instead of an overtime ban they would go on strike for half a day each veek without warning. This would hardly affect the wages of the tally clerks and in fact often meant less hours would be lost than a ban on overtime of two hours a night.

On Thursday, February 6, the employers decided to suspend for two days the 3,074 men who took part in Tuesday's half-day strike. This was the first time such action had been taken for 20 years. Mr. John Kiernan (Chairman of the London Port Employers) said they could not allow 'anarchy in the Royals' to continue.

The men would not be allowed to work on February 24 and 25 unless they appealed to the London Dock Labour Board (so far about 2,000 have).

The men received their notices on the Saturday and held an unofficial meeting on Monday, February 10. It was the best attended meeting ever at the Royals which is considered the most militant section of London's docks.

About 4,000 attended the meeting and decided to defy the ban and stage a second half-day strike. Jack Dash pointed out the experience of 1967 showed that long strikes were not to the advantage of the men. Despite what some Tory MPs may think, it is not very easy living on national assistance for several months with a family to support and all the mass media against you.

The employers warned that a second stoppage could lead to the dismissal of those dockers involved in both. The way negotiations are progressing a docker can get up to £1,750 for resigning from the docks voluntarily. To get the sack would mean he would get nothing so the decision to stage a second strike took some courage.

Although the decision was taken by 4,000 dockers only 2,411 actually went on strike for half a day. This was considerably less than took part in the first strike so it looked as if the employers' threats were proving effective

On Friday, February 14 (Valentine's Day), the employers decided to suspend those who took part in the second strike for three days (from March 3 to 5 if they did not first appeal). This time Mr. Kiernan

said that although he could not yet speak for all the employers he would recommend withdrawal of the suspensions 'provided the union are able to give concrete assurances of getting the men to continue working and stopping these wild-cat strikes'

APPEAL DEADLOCK

The union has approached the em-ployers to withdraw the suspensions and should support the men in their appeals. The appeals are made to the Dock Labour Board whose members are divided equally between the unions and When Jack Dash appealed against his last suspension the employers all rejected his appeal and the unions all supported it. The chairman (Tom Cronin of the union) had no casting vote and there was no appeal to a higher body. Because of this deadlock Mr. Dash did not have to serve his suspension. Four test cases came before the Dock Labour Board today (Monday) and also ended in deadlock. The employers' attempts to suspend dockers has so far not come off!

But when thousands of cases are affected this constitution could well be changed to allow for a definite decision one way or the other.

CONTAINERISATION THREAT

Meanwhile a vitally important meeting of the PLA dockers which could completely split the dockers' unity was due to take place on Wednesday, February 19.

The PLA (Port of London Authority) dockers are in a better positionespecially at Tilbury-than the other dockers because they get most of the jobs on containerisation and mechanised berths where the work is easy, the pay is high and the manning low. Overseas Containers Limited, due to

start in March, will pay £37 6s. 8d. for a 34½-hour week on three shifts, but to only 54 dockers. This is only a small fraction of the men that would have been employed on the equivalent work (nine ships will do the work of 60 conventional ships) and so the union will not allow the deal until all men are on a decent basic wage.

(At present dockers in London get an average of about £30 a week under piecework. The employers want to ban piecework and are offering a basic wage of £21 5s. plus a 50 per cent bonus in exchange. Dockers however are suspicious over the conditions attached to

On Friday, February 14, the PLA dockers at Tilbury expressed their annoyance at the union for 'holding them back' and not allowing them to accept the reduced manning deals. The PLA has told them that if the OCL agreement is worked, all PLA dockers at Tilbury will be guaranted to the control of the at Tilbury will be guaranteed £29 a

This bribe is very attractive to the PLA dockers and they are tending to forget about the fate of the rest the dockers. So on Friday they called a meeting of the 3,400 PLA dockers in whole of London to take place on Wednesday (February 19).

It is suspected the Tilbury PLA

dockers want the support of the rest of the PLA dockers to go ahead with

the deal and defy the union ban.

No wonder Sir Andrew Crichton (chairman of Overseas Containers Limited) said: 'I am encouraged by the attitude of the men at Tilbury

More pressure was added on Saturday when OCL said that unless the deal was allowed to be worked they would take the job elsewhere-possibly to Rotterdam.

If the PLA men do go ahead with the deal it would lead to a tremendous split in the union and by allowing more work to be done by less men would undermine the case of other dockers (including those in the Royals) of getting better wages or even maintain their present earnings.

The employers demand extra pro-uctivity for a higher basic wage. Yet the Financial Times (February 14) said the OCL service should yield an esti-mated 12 to 15 per cent return on capital compared with a fraction of that from conventional carrying'

Another threat to the dockers is contained in Barbara Castle's anti-union legislation-particularly the 28-day cooling off period before a strike can legally start. This would completely under-mine their bargaining position over an individual ship (if they want extra for unsafe or unpleasant cargoes). If they are made to work for 28 days the ship will have sailed and there would be no chance of getting extra.

All in all a crucial period for dockers "Portworker".

For Workers' Control

FEBRUARY 22 1969 Vol 30 No 6

FORD'S OFFER AGAIN REJECTED

FREEDOM that union officials were to meet Ford management to discuss the package deal. The object of the meeting was (a) to increase the original pay offer and (b) to discard the objectionable

The pay offer was increased from 5% to between 71% and 10% plus the deletion of the sick pay scheme from the penalty clause. Leaders of 15 unions agreed to these final proposals. It is reported that the T&GWU abstained and the AEF voted against. These two unions took this action because even with the increase Ford workers still earn less than Midlands car workers, and both AEF and T&GWU think there should be parity. The discrepancy is estimated at between 7% and 10%

Some of the union leaders thought they should put the offer to their members be-fore acceptance but they were outvoted. As will be seen later, those for immediate acceptance will reap the storm that they have aroused.

Reaction from the three meetings of the rank and file showed substantial majority opposition, not only to the pay increase, but to the penalty clauses.

The approaches toward equal pay for women were welcomed but it was felt

take night or shift work in return because of family commitments. This is up to the women themselves to decide. They must have the same freedom to accept or reject the job on the same terms as the

Today (Sunday, February 16) all Ford's shop stewards met to discuss the situation arising from their union leaders' acceptance of the package deal. The outcome of the meeting was 'Reopen negotiations for an improved offer or strike action in all Ford's plants as from Monday, February 24'.

It is reported that the negotiations will not be reopened because of the acceptance of the deal by the trade union leaders, plus the fact that Ford's management be lieve that the majority of the rank and

file will accept the package deal.

February 24 will prove who is right, one hopes that there will not be a repetition of Longbridge, Birmingham, where a few years back workers were pleading with their mates not to cross the picket

If workers ever sell their right to determine when and where they shall withdraw their labour then they sell the only REAL weapon they have.

BILL CHRISTOPHER.

5,000 Homeless in Sweden

SWEDEN IS SUPPOSED to have the best welfare in the world, but she has in her capital about 5,000 homeless people. A great number of them appear in the alcoholics, narcotic and criminal registers. This unpleasant figure was publicly exposed recently when a group of arts and crafts students opened their schoolrooms to Sweden's lowest social group. (The social services here operate with three or four social groups.) The operation was called 'Alternative Christmas' (later changed to 'Alternative Society') and was meant to offer a completely open community atmosphere.

The young people succeeded, and, through several meetings and discussions with the sleepers-out, managed to raise the self-respect of members of this group. Both sides expressed their attitudes to the arrangement in a very positive way, and the word 'solidarity' was uttered by the homeless, who never normally use it, and rightly so.

A few hundred out of the 5,000 took part. When they could no longer stay at the arts and crafts school 15 people had a demonstration in front of the Town Hall, after which about 50 occupied a youth settlement. The leader of the settlement was taken by surprise, and had his plans disturbed for about 24 hours. During this time a secret meeting was held, and when the 50 people left they went straight to one of Stockholm's social welfare offices and occupied it, and had coffee and lunch there, while the social

welfare workers told them that they could WE GO TO PRESS ON MONDAY. LATEST DATE FOR RECEIPT OF MSS., LETTERS, MEETING NOTICES

IS THE MONDAY IN EACH WEEK

OF PUBLICATION.

Some higher officials arrived and tried to persuade the men to go to the state's hostels for homeless people. It was sug-gested to the officials that they themselves should go there, and spend a week, after which they would realise why the men did not want to go to these places. One man said, 'I prefer to sleep in a corridor or a hallway of a building, where at least I shall have peace and quiet, and in the morning I shall still have my things with me.

One of the high officials said to a girl student, Your activity at the arts and crafts school was pretty dangerous. It degraded these people, who have tried to gain some self-respect. They have now taken to methylated spirits drinking again. We had people there who recognised such cases.

'No,' said the girl, 'I am of the opposite opinion. Their morale was raised.'
This dialogue shows how completely

out of touch the welfare workers are with the values and wishes of the people they are supposed to help. By help they mean get them to accept society's norms and values'. They forget that they are dealing with the people least fit to live up to this society's demands. Society has failed to satisfy their needs, and this is the cause of these people not being able to fit in. Their only solution, in their attempt to achieve some sort of balance within the present system, is to take to drink or to narcotics. It is the only way they can stand their situation

The officials called the police, who dispersed the crowd. The youths who tarted the action have dissolved 'Alternative Society', saying that the next step is up to the population as a whole. But there has been a marked lack of support from the public, not an uncommon phenomenon, and no more of the matter has been heard. The men still sleep out. and it's bloody cold here.

A.P., Stockholm.