

# **Art Acquisition Policy**



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# 1. Purpose

The National Gallery of Australia's collection is rich and varied, encompassing Australian and international art. The Gallery and its functions are determined by the *National Gallery of Australia Act 1975*. The principal functions of the Gallery, as outlined in s6 of the *Act*, are to develop and maintain a national collection of works of art and to exhibit, or make available for exhibition by others, works of art from the national collection. Giving particular emphasis to the visual art of Australia, Europe and North America as well as Asian and Pacific countries, the development and enhancement of the collection is essential to ensure that the Gallery remains a vibrant, living entity.

Acquisition and accessioning of works of art is conducted in accordance with the powers afforded to the Gallery under the *Act* and this occurs within an accepted approval and management framework. The Gallery acquires works of art by various methods and is committed to ensuring that all acquisitions are negotiated and managed on terms that are ethical, honourable, responsible and transparent to public scrutiny. This policy sets out the principles the Gallery models and factors it will consider when acquiring works of art for the collection.

The objectives of this policy are to ensure that:

- (a) the Gallery advances its mission to enhance and develop the collection;
- (b) the Gallery applies rigorous, ethical and accountable standards in the consideration, assessment and negotiation of acquisitions;
- (c) acquisitions to the collection are considered and approved in accordance with established delegated authority;
- (d) curatorial staff have clear procedures regarding interactions with vendors, artists, donors, gallerists and auction houses. .

These objectives are to be achieved by ensuring that the Gallery:

- (a) acquires works of art that fit within the Gallery's collecting priority areas;
- (b) obtains valid title to works acquired for the collection; and

(c) avoids any act or omission that may compromise the Gallery's position and

reputation for integrity.

2. Scope

This policy applies to all activities relating to the acquisition and accessioning of works of art

into the collection.

3. Responsibilities

3.1 Department Heads

Department Heads are responsible for:

(a) ensuring that employees under their management are aware of, have an

understanding of and are implementing the requirements of this policy;

and

(b) providing further training and instruction in the procedures noted in this

policy, when requested by an employee or when requirements are

identified in consultation with the employee.

3.2 Managers and Supervisors

Managers and supervisors are responsible for:

(a) ensuring that employees under their management follow and implement

the requirements of this policy; and

(b) providing advice and instruction in the procedures stated in this policy, as

required.

3.3 Employees

Employees are responsible for:

(a) maintaining an understanding of and implementing the

requirements of this policy; and



(b) requesting assistance as required in the implementation of this policy, escalating foreseeable issues to their manager.

## 4. Procedures

# 4.1 Principles

The development of the collection is essential to ensure the Gallery fulfils the functions prescribed by the *Act*. The Gallery acquires works of art that fit within identified collecting areas, selected on the basis of the significance of the artist and/or the specific quality of the work of art, as well as relevance to the collection.

The Gallery ensures that all acquisitions are negotiated and managed on terms that are ethical, honourable, responsible and visible to public scrutiny and maintains the Gallery's standing and reputation for collecting excellence in the public and the museum community, both nationally and internationally. In developing its collection, the Gallery will seek to ensure that it acquires authentic works of art with valid title and an established chain of ownership, and that it obtains works legally, in accordance with relevant law.

The Gallery recognises the UNESCO Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property 1970 (the Convention) and acknowledges that Australia is a signatory to the Convention. The Gallery also recognises and is bound by the terms of the Protection of Moveable Cultural Heritage Act 1986 and is guided by the International Council of Museums (ICOM) Code of Ethics, Museums Australia Code of Ethics and the Australian Best Practice Guide to Collecting Cultural Material.

# 4.2 Considerations in Collecting — Collecting Priorities

The Gallery's founding document is the 1966 'Lindsay Report' from the National Art Gallery Committee of Inquiry. That report, mindful of other Australian state collections, placed its greatest emphasis on:

(a) modern art worldwide



- (b) the whole of Australian art
- (c) works of art representing the high cultural achievement of Australia's neighbours in southern and eastern Asia and the Pacific Islands.

Today, the Gallery aims to acquire an ambitious range of works of art that enhance and develop the existing collection of Australian and international art. The Gallery will continue its program of acquiring major works of art in accordance with the Act and the Art Acquisition Strategy. Works of art proposed for acquisition must fit the NGA's Art Acquisition Strategy for that collecting area, which is established by consultation between curatorial and executive staff, and endorsed by the governing Council.

## 4.3 Other Considerations in Collecting

#### 4.3.1 Provenance

When considering acquiring a work for the collection, the Gallery will practise, and be prepared to show that it has practised, the highest standards of due diligence. As a general principle, the Gallery will not acquire a work of art through any means or methods, unless it can acquire valid title. To establish the provenance of a work of art and the veracity of title, the curator will carry out thorough research before proposing the work for acquisition in accordance with the established Due Diligence and Provenance Policy and Procedures.

#### 4.3.2 Condition and Care

The Gallery will consider the factors that may impact on the condition, care and preservation of the work of art prior to its acquisition, including any issues or unusual costs in relation to:

- (a) the current condition and/or long-term care of the work of art;
- (b) the storage and movement of the work of art, including but not limited to long-term storage issues and costs and workplace health and safety issues; and



(c) documentation, display and loan.

#### 4.3.3 Conditional Acquisitions

As a general rule, the Gallery does not accept acquisitions that carry restrictions or conditions. Donors and sellers of works of art will relinquish all proprietary rights to the work other than copyright. In extraordinary circumstances, exceptions may be made by the Council, on the recommendation of the Collections Committee. These exceptions may include custodial arrangements legally negotiated on a case-by-case basis.

## 4.4 Methods of Acquisition

#### 4.4.1 Gift

The Gallery undertakes to publish an image of any gifted work of art together with details of the work and the agreed credit line on the Gallery's website within a reasonable time-frame of receiving the gift. The Gallery will, on request, provide a publication-quality image free of charge to the donor for non-commercial use within the parameters of the Gallery's obligations as regards copyright.

#### 4.4.1A Outright Gift

Any donation of work by a living individual or individuals, or an institution or organisation is considered a gift.

To make a valid gift, there must be a clear intention on the part of the donor to transfer title and possession of the work and clear intent on the part of the Gallery to accept the gift for the purpose of accessioning into the collection. The transfer of both possession and title must be absolute and unencumbered. As a general rule, the Gallery will not accept or recognise a gift where there is reserve to the donor of any power of control or revocation. In exceptional circumstances in which the Gallery elects to accept an encumbered or

restricted gift, the basis of this decision will be minuted by the Collections Committee and approved by the Council.

The donor is required to sign a Deed of Gift, evidencing full transfer of

title and possession, providing the Gallery with a range of warranties

and indemnities and affirming the agreement of both or all parties to

the transfer and acceptance of title and possession of the work of art.

In the event that the Gallery elects to accept a gift with encumbrances

or restrictions, such matters will be documented as variations to the

Deed of Gift.

The Gallery also accepts gifts made under the Cultural Gifts Program.

Such gifts are assessed against this policy and the Art Acquisition

Strategy, and follow the Art Acquisitions Procedure – Cultural Gifts,

but must also meet the Cultural Gifts Program requirements outlined

by the Department of Communications and the Arts.

4.4.1B Promised Gift

A donor may promise a gift to the Gallery during their lifetime. A

promised gift is a commitment by the donor to give a work to the

Gallery wherein part or all of the receipt of the gift is deferred until an

agreed date(s) in the future. The donor will work with Gallery staff to

assess the title and provenance of the promised gift to ensure that it

meets due diligence and provenance requirements prior to

acceptance of the promised gift by the Gallery.

Title is retained in the work of art by the donor until such time as the

gift is realised. The donor may retain physical possession of the work

until the gift is realised or may enter into loan arrangements with the

Gallery.

Unless in exceptional circumstances, the Gallery will only realise the

promised gift after possession of the work of art has transferred to

the Gallery in order to ensure that:

(a) the work is complete and all components or parts have

been received; and

(b) the work is in an acceptable condition, consistent with

the condition understood at the time the acquisition

agreement was entered into.

Should the work of art not be in an acceptable condition, or in the

event that other factors relating to the authenticity, provenance or

attribution of the work are not as they were understood to be at the

time of the agreement, the Gallery reserves the right to not proceed

with acquiring the work.

4.4.2 Purchase

Works of art may be purchased for the purpose of accession into the

collection.

4.4.2A Purchase from dealers, commercial galleries, shops, private

individuals and companies

Although warranty of title is implied in the sale of goods, a Purchase

Agreement and/or Vendor Warranty will be entered into as

appropriate. These documents stipulate the warranties and

undertakings the seller makes in relation to the title and authenticity

of the work which they are selling, guaranteeing that it is free from

restrictions, lien or encumbrances.

Unless in exceptional circumstances, the Gallery will pay for purchases

after the work of art has been received and the Purchase Agreement

completed by both parties in order to ensure that:

(a) the correct work has been received:

(b) the work is complete and all components or parts have

been received; and

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(c) the work is in an acceptable condition, consistent with

the condition understood at the time the agreement to

purchase was entered into.

In circumstances where part or full payment is required in order to

secure the transfer of possession of the work, in accordance with this

policy, acquisition approval must be obtained and the Purchase

Agreement must be completed and approved by all parties prior to

the payment being made.

Curators follow the "Art Acquisitions Procedure – Purchases" which

stipulates procedures relating to the approval process, best practice

regarding interactions with vendors, and meeting public and

governance expectations of due diligence and expenditure of

government funding.

4.4.2B Purchase at Auction

Works of art may be purchased at auction and, in such instances,

purchases are made on the auction house's terms and are not

formalised through a Purchase Agreement. The auction house's terms

of sale must be evaluated for warranty of title and authenticity in

accordance with this policy and established Due Diligence and

Provenance Policy and Procedures.

4.4.3 Bequest

All, some or none of the works of art offered to the Gallery by bequest may

be accepted for the purpose of accession into the collection. In accordance

with the conditions of the bequest, works may be also acquired as property

to be disposed of to benefit the collection.

For accepted bequests, a copy of the will, codicils and any other related

documentation will be retained as part of the Gallery's records.

4.4.4 Commission

The Gallery may acquire works of art by contracting an artist to produce a work for the collection. The terms and conditions of the commission will be stipulated in the Work of Art Proposal approved by Council and the Memorandum of Understanding established between the Gallery and the artist/s. The work of art is only submitted to Council for approval to accession into the collection subsequent to completion.

4.4.5 Other Processes for Acquisition

4.4.5A Joint Ownership

The Gallery recognises the potential benefits of joint ownership arrangements. The Gallery may undertake to acquire a work of art jointly with another collecting institution for accession into the collection. Any transactions involving binding terms for permanent or temporary joint ownership must be reviewed and approved by the Collections Committee. Binding terms must ensure that conditions for shared possession, preservation and conservation, storage conditions, display, insurance, outward loan, freight, packing, handling and other considerations for collection management and access are agreed.

The agreement must also make provision for first option for purchase of the remainder of the Title in the work to be given to the coowner(s) in the event that either or any of the parties intends to dispose of their share, and that if this option is not taken that any new co-owner must be able to meet agreed museum-standard conditions in order to acquire part title of the work and agree to maintain appropriate custodial arrangements with the Gallery.

4.4.5B Other

Other forms of acquisition may be considered by the Collections

Committee on a case-by-case basis. Any consideration of other forms

of acquisition will be undertaken with reference to the principles of
this policy.

4.5 Delegated authority to acquire

Acquisitions to the collection are approved by the Council or its delegate.

The Director has delegated authority to approve acquisitions within established limits.

A summary of works acquired under the Director's delegation will be submitted to the

next scheduled Collections Committee meeting.

The Director and the Council Chair together have a further delegation, as do the

Director and the Chairs of the Council and Council Collections Committee together. A

summary of works acquired under these delegations will be submitted to the next

scheduled Collections Committee meeting.

All proposed acquisitions with a purchase price over these delegations must be

presented to the Collections Committee for endorsement. Acquisition of a work of art

offered for sale at auction with a price over the Director's delegation may be endorsed

by the Collections Committee either at a scheduled meeting or by means of a memo

outside the standard meeting cycle. Works of art acquired at auction and endorsed by

memo will be re-presented for noting to the subsequent scheduled Collections

Committee meeting.

All acquisitions will be considered on their merit, taking into account the principles

and terms of this policy and the details of the proposed acquisition outlined in the

Submission for Acquisition. Prior to consideration by the Collections Committee,

proposed acquisitions are approved by the Director and Deputy Director. Acquisition

submissions are prepared by the relevant curator after approval to proceed is issued

by the Director and Deputy Director.

The decisions of the Collections Committee, including summary listings of works

acquired by Director's delegation or at auction will be minuted and ratified by the

Council at their subsequent meeting.

4.6 Acquisition and Accession into the Collection

For gifts: Title in a gift passes when the Council approves the acquisition. The process

is formalised when the Deed of Gift is executed by the Donor. The Gallery employs a

template Deed of Gift. Exceptions will be considered on a case-by-case basis and

approved by the Director or his/her delegate.

For purchases: The Gallery employs a template Purchase Agreement, the terms of

which are agreed prior to submission to Council. In the case of acquisition by purchase

(other than purchases at auction), title passes in accordance with the terms of the

Purchase Agreement, implemented once the Council has approved the acquisition.

For auctions: Title passes in accordance with the terms and conditions of sale

established by individual auction houses, including on-line auction houses and entities.

For commissions: Title passes when the parties intend it to pass, as agreed and

documented in the Memorandum of Understanding.

Irrespective of the method of acquisition, the date of accession into the collection is

the date of the Council meeting at which the acquisition is formally approved.

4.7 Acquisition for Purposes Other than Accession into the

Collection

As a general rule, the Gallery will not acquire works of art for purposes other than

accession into the collection. However, works of art may be acquired and not

accessioned into the collection in circumstances where the conditions of a bequest

allow the Gallery to acquire title and dispose of all or some of the bequeathed works.

Any proceeds arising from the disposal of works of art in this manner will be used

within the terms of the bequest, generally solely for the acquisition of works of art for

the collection. The original source of the bequest will be credited in relation to any

subsequent purchases arising from the proceeds of such disposal.

The Council will be advised of any works of art acquired for purposes other than

accession into the collection.

4.8 Transparency and Accountability

4.8.1 Publication of Acquisitions

The Director will ensure that a list of all acquisitions approved in the financial year is published in the Annual Report.

Unless otherwise restricted in accordance with the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Cultural Rights and Engagement Policy, other policies or legal obligations, the Gallery will make provenance information about new acquisitions and, to the greatest extent possible, the existing collection, accessible to the public on the Gallery's website.

4.8.2 Record-keeping

In accordance with the Record-Keeping Policy and established procedures, staff will maintain records (paper-based and/or electronic) for each proposed acquisition, including those that are not approved at Council, documenting relevant information and decision-making.

4.8.3 Conflicts of Interest — Staff and Council Members

Members of the Collections Committee must declare any conflict of interest and this conflict must be actively managed. Gallery staff involved in the acquisition process and members of the governing Council and the Collections Committee must declare any conflict of interest in an acquisition. The declared conflict will be minuted by the Collections Committee. Staff, Council and Committee members must exclude themselves from any discussion or decision by the Collections Committee and/or governing Council in relation to an acquisition in which they have an interest and this will be minuted.

Gallery staff involved in the acquisition of works of art are bound by the Gallery's Code of Ethics and other relevant Gallery documents, including but not limited to the Professional and Personal Conduct Guidelines, Fraud Strategy and Record-Keeping Policy.

Approved by: Council Next review due: August 2019

5. Training and Instruction

Workers who require additional support to have a better understanding of this policy must

contact their manager or supervisor in the first instance, or be nominated for additional

training by their manager in consultation with the employee.

The manager or supervisor may seek the assistance of the Deputy Director to organise or

assist in the provision of the required assistance.

6. Compliance

All employees are required to comply with this policy and disciplinary procedures may apply

where an employee fails to comply with this policy without reasonable cause.

7. Records

This policy and versions of the policy will be stored in accordance with the provisions of the

Record-Keeping Policy.

8. Review

This document will be reviewed at least every two years to ensure it remains relevant. The

document may be reviewed at earlier intervals where a change in operational procedures

impacts on the policy content.

9. Consultation

Employees covered within the scope of this policy will be consulted in the development and

subsequent reviews of the policy and their comments and feedback will be taken into

consideration before the document is finalised.

10. Definitions

In this policy:

**Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander art** 

means a work of art by an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander artist. Aboriginal and Torres

Strait Islander Art is defined in accordance with the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander

Cultural Rights and Engagement Policy.

Act

means the National Gallery of Australia Act 1975.

**Accession** 

means the process which formally acknowledges a work of art as part of the Collection.

Acquisition

means the process of obtaining valid title to a work of art. Works may be acquired through

various methods for the purpose of accessioning into the collection or acquisition without

accessioning for purposes outlined in this policy.

Collection

means works of art in various media that are Gallery property and have been formally

accessioned. For the purposes of this policy, the terms work of art, work and related terms

are used interchangeably to describe all art or other material Accessioned into the

Collection. In this policy, the Collection does not include the Art Archive Collection.

**Collections Committee** 

means the Council sub-committee established to review and recommend the acquisition of

works of art to and deaccession from the collection.

Council

means the governing Council of the Gallery under the Act.

**Council Member** 

means a member of the governing Council appointed in accordance with the Act.

**Deed of Gift** 

means a formal, legally binding document that establishes that title to a work of art is given

to the Gallery as a gift by the donor(s). The Deed of Gift also outlines the terms and

conditions of the gift and its acceptance.

Director

means the Director of the Gallery appointed under the Act and includes a person appointed

by the Minister as acting Director.

**Due Diligence** 

means the thorough assessment of a work of art to evaluate its authenticity, ownership and

Provenance and to identify and assess any gaps.

Gallery

means the National Gallery of Australia, an Australian Government agency established in

accordance with the Act.

**Provenance** 

means the history and ownership of an item from the time of its discovery or creation to the

present day, from which authenticity and ownership may be determined.

**Purchase Agreement** 

means a formal, legally binding written contract which outlines the rights, obligations and

undertakings of the buyer and seller and outlines the terms and conditions of the sale and

the transfer of both property and title.

**Submission for Acquisition** 

means a document that details information about a work of art proposed for acquisition and

outlines considerations in assessing the acquisition. The submission will detail the known

provenance of the work and will identify direct costs and, in the case of works acquired

through purchase, the potential funding source.

**Title** 

means the legal right to ownership of property.



## 11. References

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following:

# 11.1 Gallery Policies

- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Cultural Rights and Engagement Policy
- Due Diligence and Provenance Policy
- Exhibitions Development Policy
- Freedom of Information Policy
- Inward Loans Policy
- Outward Loans Policy
- Record-Keeping Policy
- Risk Management Policy

### 11.2 Guidelines, Procedures and Associated Documents

- 11.2.1 Gallery Guidelines, Procedures and Associated Documents
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Reconciliation Action Plan
- Art Acquisitions Strategy
- Art Acquisition Procedures
- Professional and Personal Conduct Guidelines
- Code of Ethics
- Fraud Strategy
- Inward Loans Procedure
- Outward Loans Procedure
- Provenance and Due Diligence Research Procedure

Work of Art Claims and Inquiries Handling Procedure

11.2.2 National and International Guidelines, Procedures and Associated

**Documents** 

The Gallery's guidelines and principles have been informed by the Australian

Government's Australian Best Practice Guide to Collecting Cultural Material

2014, the Association of Art Museum Directors' Report of the AAMD Task

Force on the acquisition of archaeological materials and ancient art (2004)

and Combating illicit trade: due diligence guidelines for museums, libraries

and archives on collecting and borrowing cultural material (Department for

Culture, Media and Sport, London, 2005). Other framing documents include:

• Art Gallery of New South Wales, Art Acquisitions Policy, 2015

National Gallery of Victoria, Acquisition and Accession Policy, 2014

National Museum of Australia, Collections Development Policy, 2014

• American Association of Art Museum Directors, Guidelines on the

Acquisition of Archaeological Material and Ancient Art, 2013

• ICOM Code of Ethics, 2013

• Australia Council, Protocols for Producing Indigenous Australian

Visual Arts, 2010

• Ministry for the Arts, Cultural Gifts Program Guide, 2009

Pacific Islands Museums Association Code of Ethics for Pacific

Museums and Cultural Centres, 2006

• Museums Australia, Continuing Cultures, Ongoing Responsibilities,

2005

• Smithsonian Institution, Collections Management, 2001

• UNESCO, The Hague Convention 1954, First Protocol 1954 and

Second Protocol 1999

• Museums Australia, Code of Ethics, 1999

• Unidroit Convention on Stolen or Illegally Exported Cultural Objects,

1995

Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild

Fauna and Flora (CITES) (Amendment) 1979

• UNESCO Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the

Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property,

1970

ICOM Red Lists

11.3 Legislation

The Gallery recognises the 1972 UNESCO Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and

Preventing the Illicit Import and Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property

and complies with the Australian Government's Protection of Movable Cultural

Heritage Act 1986. In addition, the Gallery adheres to the Code of Ethics for Museums

(2004) of the International Council of Museums (ICOM) and the Code of ethics for art,

history & science museums (1999) of Museums Australia, which preclude museums

from participating in transactions involving illicit material.

11.3.1 Commonwealth

National Gallery of Australia Act 1975

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Heritage Protection Act 1984

• Biosecurity (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Act

2015

• Customs Act 1901

• Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Amendment (Wildlife

Protection) Act 2001

Income Tax Assessment Act 1997



- Personal Properties Securities Act 2009
- Protection of Cultural Objects on Loan Act 2013
- Protection of Cultural Objects on Loan Regulation 2014
- Protection of Movable Cultural Heritage Act 1986
- Protection of Movable Cultural Heritage Regulation 1987
- Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013
- 11.3.2 Australian Capital Territory
- Freedom of Information Act 2016
- Public Interest Disclosure Act 2012
- Information Privacy Act 2014
- Financial Management Act 1996
- Financial Management Regulation 2005
- Sale of Goods Act 1954
- Sale of Goods (Vienna Convention) Act 1987
- Territory Records Act 2002
- Uncollected Goods Act 1996

This policy is also informed by the traditions and precedent set since the establishment of the Gallery.



# **Attachment A**

**Summary of Amendments** 

Amended	Version #	Description of Amendments	Approval of Amendments