CSA Consensus Assessments Initiative Questionnaire

May 2017

Notices

Contents

Abstract

The CSA Consensus Assessments Initiative Questionnaire provides a set of questions the CSA anticipates a cloud consumer and/or a cloud auditor would ask of a cloud provider. It provides a series of security, control, and process questions which can then be used for a wide range of uses, including cloud provider selection and security evaluation. AWS has completed this questionnaire with the answers below.

Introduction

The Cloud Security Alliance (CSA) is a "not-for-profit organization with a mission to promote the use of best practices for providing security assurance within Cloud Computing, and to provide education on the uses of Cloud Computing to help secure all other forms of computing." For more information, see https://cloudsecurityalliance.org/about/.

A wide range of industry security practitioners, corporations, and associations participate in this organization to achieve its mission.

CSA Consensus Assessments Initiative Questionnaire

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Application & Interface Security *Application Security*	AIS-01.1	Do you use industry standards (Build Security in Maturity Model [BSIMM] benchmarks, Open Group ACS Trusted Technology Provider Framework, NIST, etc.) to build in security for your Systems/Software Development Lifecycle (SDLC)?	The AWS system development lifecycle incorporates industry best practices which include formal design reviews by the AWS Security Team, threat modeling and completion of a risk assessment. Refer to the AWS Overview of Security Processes for further details. AWS has procedures in place to manage new development of resources. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 14 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	AIS-01.2	Do you use an automated source code analysis tool to detect security defects in code prior to production?	
	AIS-01.3	Do you use manual source-code analysis to detect security defects in code prior to production?	

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	AIS-01.4	Do you verify that all of your software suppliers adhere to industry standards for Systems/Software Development Lifecycle (SDLC) security?	
	AIS-01.5	(SaaS only) Do you review your applications for security vulnerabilities and address any issues prior to deployment to production?	
Application & Interface Security *Customer Access Requirements*	AIS-02.1	Are all identified security, contractual and regulatory requirements for customer access contractually addressed and remediated prior to granting customers access to data, assets and information systems?	AWS Customers retain responsibility to ensure their usage of AWS is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. AWS communicates its security and control environment to customers through industry certifications and third-party attestations, white papers (available at http://aws.amazon.com/compliance) and providing certifications, reports and other relevant documentation directly to AWS Customers.
	AIS- 02.2	Are all requirements and trust levels for customers' access defined and documented?	
Application & Interface Security *Data Integrity*	AIS-03.1	Are data input and output integrity routines (i.e., reconciliation and edit checks) implemented for application interfaces and databases to prevent manual or systematic processing errors or corruption of data?	AWS data integrity controls as described in AWS SOC reports illustrates the data integrity controls maintained through all phases including transmission, storage and processing. In addition, refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 14 for further information. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.

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Application & Interface Security *Data Security / Integrity*	AIS-04.1	Is your Data Security Architecture designed using an industry standard (e.g., CDSA, MULITSAFE, CSA Trusted Cloud Architectural Standard, FedRAMP, CAESARS)?	AWS Data Security Architecture was designed to incorporate industry leading practices. Refer to AWS Certifications, reports and whitepapers for additional details on the various leading practices that AWS adheres to (available at http://aws.amazon.com/compliance).
Audit Assurance & Compliance *Audit Planning*	AAC-01.1	Do you produce audit assertions using a structured, industry accepted format (e.g., CloudAudit/A6 URI Ontology, CloudTrust, SCAP/CYBEX, GRC XML, ISACA's Cloud Computing Management Audit/Assurance Program, etc.)?	AWS obtains certain industry certifications and independent third-party attestations and provides certain certifications, reports and other relevant documentation directly to AWS Customers.
Audit Assurance & Compliance *Independent Audits*	AAC-02.1	Do you allow tenants to view your SOC2/ISO 27001 or similar third-party audit or certification reports?	AWS provides third-party attestations, certifications, Service Organization Controls (SOC) reports and other relevant compliance reports directly to our customers under NDA. The AWS ISO 27001 certification can be downloaded here. The AWS SOC 3 report can be downloaded here. AWS Security regularly scans all Internet facing service endpoint IP addresses for vulnerabilities (these scans do not include customer instances). AWS Security notifies the appropriate parties to remediate any identified vulnerabilities. In addition, external vulnerability threat assessments are performed regularly by independent security firms. Findings and recommendations resulting from these assessments are categorized and delivered to AWS leadership. In addition, the AWS control environment is subject to regular internal and external audits and risk assessments. AWS engages with external certifying bodies and independent
	AAC-02.2	Do you conduct network penetration tests of your cloud service infrastructure regularly as prescribed by industry best practices and guidance?	
	AAC-02.3	Do you conduct application penetration tests of your cloud infrastructure regularly as prescribed by industry best practices and guidance?	
	AAC-02.4	Do you conduct internal audits regularly as prescribed by industry best	

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		practices and guidance?	auditors to review and test the AWS overall control environment.
	AAC-02.5	Do you conduct external audits regularly as prescribed by industry best practices and guidance?	
	AAC-02.6	Are the results of the penetration tests available to tenants at their request?	
	AAC-02.7	Are the results of internal and external audits available to tenants at their request?	
	AAC-02.8	Do you have an internal audit program that allows for cross-functional audit of assessments?	
Audit Assurance & Compliance *Information System Regulatory Mapping*	AAC-03.1	Do you have the ability to logically segment or encrypt customer data such that data may be produced for a single tenant only, without inadvertently accessing another tenant's data?	All data stored by AWS on behalf of customers has strong tenant isolation security and control capabilities. Customers retain control and ownership of their data, thus it is their responsibility to choose to encrypt the data. AWS allows customers to use their own encryption mechanisms for nearly all the services, including S3, EBS, SimpleDB and EC2. IPSec tunnels to VPC are also encrypted. In addition, customers can leverage AWS Key Management Systems (KMS) to create and control encryption keys (refer to https://aws.amazon.com/kms/). Refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security
	AAC-03.2	Do you have capability to recover data for a specific customer in the case of a failure or data loss?	AWS allows customers to perform their own backups to tapes using their own tape backup service provider. However, a tape backup is not a service provided by AWS. Amazon S3 and Glacier services are designed to drive the likelihood of data loss to near zero percent and

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			the durability equivalent of multi-site copies of data objects is achieved through data storage redundancy. For information on data durability and redundancy, please refer to the AWS website.
	AAC-03.3	Do you have the capability to restrict the storage of customer data to specific countries or geographic locations?	AWS Customers designate in which physical region their content will be located. AWS will not move customers' content from the selected regions without notifying the customer, unless required to comply with the law or requests of governmental entities. For a complete list of available regions, see the AWS Global Infrastructure page.
	AAC-03.4	Do you have a program in place that includes the ability to monitor changes to the regulatory requirements in relevant jurisdictions, adjust your security program for changes to legal requirements, and ensure compliance with relevant regulatory requirements?	AWS monitors relevant legal and regulatory requirements. Refer to ISO 27001 standard Annex 18 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
Business Continuity Management & Operational Resilience *Business Continuity Planning*	BCR-01.1	Do you provide tenants with geographically resilient hosting options?	Data centers are built in clusters in various global regions. AWS provides customers the flexibility to place instances and store data within multiple geographic regions as well as across multiple Availability Zones within each region. Customers should architect their AWS usage to take advantage of multiple Regions and Availability Zones. Refer to AWS Overview of Cloud Security whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
	BCR-01.2	Do you provide tenants with infrastructure service failover capability to other providers?	

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Business Continuity Management & Operational Resilience *Business Continuity Testing*	BCR-02.1	Are business continuity plans subject to test at planned intervals or upon significant organizational or environmental changes to ensure continuing effectiveness?	AWS Business Continuity Policies and Plans have been developed and tested in alignment with ISO 27001 standards. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, annex A domain 17 for further details on AWS and business continuity.
Business Continuity Management & Operational Resilience *Power / Telecommunications*	BCR-03.1	Do you provide tenants with documentation showing the transport route of their data between your systems?	AWS Customers designate in which physical region their data and servers will be located. AWS will not move customers' content from the selected regions without notifying the customer, unless required to comply with the law or requests of governmental entities. AWS SOC reports provides additional details. Customers can also choose their network path to AWS facilities, including over dedicated, private networks where the customer controls the traffic routing.
	BCR-03.2	Can tenants define how their data is transported and through which legal jurisdictions?	
Business Continuity Management & Operational Resilience Documentation	BCR-04.1	Are information system documents (e.g., administrator and user guides, architecture diagrams, etc.) made available to authorized personnel to ensure configuration, installation and operation of the information system?	Information System Documentation is made available internally to AWS personnel through the use of Amazon's Intranet site. Refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security/. Refer to ISO 27001 Appendix A Domain 12.
Business Continuity Management & Operational Resilience *Environmental Risks*	BCR-05.1	Is physical protection against damage (e.g., natural causes, natural disasters, deliberate attacks) anticipated and designed with countermeasures applied?	AWS data centers incorporate physical protection against environmental risks. AWS' physical protection against environmental risks has been validated by an independent auditor and has been certified as being in alignment with ISO 27002 best practices. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A domain 11.

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Business Continuity Management & Operational Resilience *Equipment Location*	BCR-06.1	Are any of your data centers located in places that have a high probability/occurrence of high-impact environmental risks (floods, tornadoes, earthquakes, hurricanes, etc.)?	AWS data centers incorporate physical protection against environmental risks. AWS' physical protection against environmental risks has been validated by an independent auditor and has been certified as being in alignment with ISO 27002 best practices. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A domain 11.
Business Continuity Management & Operational Resilience *Equipment Maintenance*	BCR-07.1	If using virtual infrastructure, does your cloud solution include independent hardware restore and recovery capabilities?	EBS Snapshot functionality allows customers to capture and restore virtual machine images at any time. Customers can export their AMIs and use them on premise or at another provider (subject to software licensing restrictions). Refer to the AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
	BCR-07.2	If using virtual infrastructure, do you provide tenants with a capability to restore a Virtual Machine to a previous state in time?	
	BCR-07.3	If using virtual infrastructure, do you allow virtual machine images to be downloaded and ported to a new cloud provider?	
	BCR-07.4	If using virtual infrastructure, are machine images made available to the customer in a way that would allow the customer to replicate those images in their own off-site storage location?	
	BCR-07.5	Does your cloud solution include software/provider independent restore and recovery capabilities?	

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Business Continuity Management & Operational Resilience *Equipment Power Failures*	BCR-08.1	Are security mechanisms and redundancies implemented to protect equipment from utility service outages (e.g., power failures, network disruptions, etc.)?	AWS equipment is protected from utility service outages in alignment with ISO 27001 standard. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard. AWS SOC reports provides additional details on controls in place to minimize the effect of a malfunction or physical disaster to the computer and data center facilities. In addition, refer to the AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
Business Continuity Management & Operational Resilience *Impact Analysis*	BCR-09.1	Do you provide tenants with ongoing visibility and reporting of your operational Service Level Agreement (SLA) performance?	AWS CloudWatch provides monitoring for AWS cloud resources and the applications customers run on AWS. Refer to aws.amazon.com/cloudwatch for additional details. AWS also publishes our most up-to-the-minute information on service availability on the Service Health Dashboard. Refer to status.aws.amazon.com.
	BCR-09.2	Do you make standards-based information security metrics (CSA, CAMM, etc.) available to your tenants?	
	BCR-09.3	Do you provide customers with ongoing visibility and reporting of your SLA performance?	
Business Continuity Management & Operational Resilience *Policy*	BCR-10.1	Are policies and procedures established and made available for all personnel to adequately support services operations' roles?	Policies and Procedures have been established through AWS Security framework based upon NIST 800-53, ISO 27001, ISO 27017, ISO 27018, ISO 9001 standard and the PCI DSS requirements. Refer to AWS Risk and Compliance Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/compliance.
Business Continuity Management	BCR-11.1	Do you have technical control capabilities to enforce tenant data retention policies?	AWS provide customers with the ability to delete their data. However, AWS Customers retain control and ownership of their data so it is the customer's responsibility to manage data

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& Operational Resilience *Retention Policy*	BCR-11.2	Do you have a documented procedure for responding to requests for tenant data from governments or third parties?	retention to their own requirements. Refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security. AWS errs on the side of protecting customer privacy and is vigilant in determining which law enforcement requests we must comply with. AWS does not hesitate to challenge orders from law enforcement if we think the orders lack a solid basis. For additional information refer to https://aws.amazon.com/compliance/data-privacy-faq/.
	BCR-11.4	Have you implemented backup or redundancy mechanisms to ensure compliance with regulatory, statutory, contractual or business requirements?	AWS backup and redundancy mechanisms have been developed and tested in alignment with ISO 27001 standards. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, annex A domain 12 and the AWS SOC 2 report for additional information on AWS backup and redundancy mechanisms.
	BCR-11.5	Do you test your backup or redundancy mechanisms at least annually?	
Change Control & Configuration Management *New Development / Acquisition*	CCC-01.1	Are policies and procedures established for management authorization for development or acquisition of new applications, systems, databases, infrastructure, services, operations and facilities?	Policies and Procedures have been established through AWS Security framework based upon NIST 800-53, ISO 27001, ISO 27017, ISO 27018, ISO 9001 standard and the PCI DSS requirements. Whether a customer is new to AWS or an advanced user, useful information about the services, ranging from introductions to advanced features, can be found on the AWS Documentation section of our website at https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/.
	CCC-01.2	Is documentation available that describes the installation, configuration and use of products/services/features?	

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Change Control & Configuration Management *Outsourced Development*	CCC-02.1	Do you have controls in place to ensure that standards of quality are being met for all software development?	AWS does not generally outsource development of software. AWS incorporates standards of quality as part of the system development lifecycle (SDLC) processes. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 14 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	CCC-02.2	Do you have controls in place to detect source code security defects for any outsourced software development activities?	
Change Control & Configuration *Management Quality Testing*	CCC-03.1	Do you provide your tenants with documentation that describes your quality assurance process?	AWS maintains an ISO 9001 certification. This is an independent validation of AWS quality system and determined that AWS activities comply with ISO 9001 requirements. AWS Security Bulletins notify customers of security and privacy events. Customers can subscribe to the AWS Security Bulletin RSS feed on our website. Refer to aws.amazon.com/security/security-bulletins/. AWS also publishes our most up-to-the-minute information on service availability on the Service Health Dashboard. Refer to status.aws.amazon.com. The AWS system development lifecycle (SDLC) incorporates industry best practices which include formal design reviews by the AWS Security Team, threat modeling and completion of a risk assessment. Refer to the AWS Overview of Security Processes for further details. In addition, refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 14 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	CCC-03.2	Is documentation describing known issues with certain products/services available?	
	CCC-03.3	Are there policies and procedures in place to triage and remedy reported bugs and security vulnerabilities for product and service offerings?	
	CCC-03.4	Are mechanisms in place to ensure that all debugging and test code elements are removed from released software versions?	

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Change Control & Configuration Management *Unauthorized Software Installations*	CCC-04.1	Do you have controls in place to restrict and monitor the installation of unauthorized software onto your systems?	AWS' program, processes and procedures for managing malicious software is in alignment with ISO 27001 standards. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 12 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
Change Control & Configuration Management *Production Changes*	CCC-05.1	Do you provide tenants with documentation that describes your production change management procedures and their roles / rights / responsibilities within it?	AWS SOC reports provides an overview of the controls in place to manage change management in the AWS environment. In addition, refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 12 for further details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
Data Security & Information Lifecycle Management *Classification*	DSI-01.1	Do you provide a capability to identify virtual machines via policy tags/metadata (e.g., tags can be used to limit guest operating systems from booting/instantiating/transporting data in the wrong country)?	Virtual Machines are assigned to customers as a part of the EC2 service. Customers retain control over what resources are being used and where resources reside. Refer to the AWS website for additional details - http://aws.amazon.com.
	DSI-01.2	Do you provide a capability to identify hardware via policy tags/metadata/hardware tags (e.g., TXT/TPM, VN-Tag, etc.)?	AWS provides the ability to tag EC2 resources. A form of metadata, EC2 tags can be used to create user-friendly names, enhance searchability, and improve coordination between multiple users. The AWS Management Console has also supports tagging.
	DSI-01.3	Do you have a capability to use system geographic location as an authentication factor?	AWS provides the capability of conditional user access based on IP address. Customers can add conditions to control how users can use AWS, such as time of day, their originating IP address, or whether they are using SSL.
	DSI-01.4	Can you provide the physical location/geography of storage of a tenant's data upon request?	AWS provides customers the flexibility to place instances and store data within multiple geographic Regions. AWS Customers designate in which physical region their data and their servers will be located. AWS will not

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	DSI-01.5	Can you provide the physical location/geography of storage of a tenant's data in advance?	move customers' content from the selected Regions without notifying the customer, unless required to comply with the law or requests of governmental entities. For a complete list of available regions, see the AWS Global Infrastructure page.
	DSI-01.6	Do you follow a structured data-labeling standard (e.g., ISO 15489, Oasis XML Catalog Specification, CSA data type guidance)?	AWS Customers retain control and ownership of their data and may implement a structured data-labeling standard to meet their requirements.
	DSI-01.7	Do you allow tenants to define acceptable geographical locations for data routing or resource instantiation?	AWS provides customers the flexibility to place instances and store data within multiple geographic regions. AWS Customers designate in which physical region their data and their servers will be located. AWS will not move customers' content from the selected Regions without notifying the customer, unless required to comply with the law or requests of governmental entities. For a complete list of available regions, see the AWS Global Infrastructure page.
Data Security & Information Lifecycle Management *Data Inventory / Flows*	DSI-02.1	Do you inventory, document, and maintain data flows for data that is resident (permanent or temporary) within the services' applications and infrastructure network and systems?	AWS Customers designate in which physical region their content will be located. AWS will not move customers' content from the selected regions without notifying the customer, unless required to comply with the law or requests of governmental entities. For a complete list of available regions, see the AWS Global Infrastructure page.
	DSI-02.2	Can you ensure that data does not migrate beyond a defined geographical residency?	
Data Security & Information Lifecycle Management *eCommerce Transactions*	DSI-03.1	Do you provide open encryption methodologies (3.4ES, AES, etc.) to tenants in order for them to protect their data if it is required to move through public	All of the AWS APIs are available via SSH-protected endpoints which provide server authentication. AWS allows customers to use their own encryption mechanisms for nearly all the services, including S3, EBS, SimpleDB and EC2. IPSec tunnels to VPC are also encrypted. In addition, customers can leverage AWS Key Management Systems (KMS) to create and

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		networks (e.g., the Internet)?	control encryption keys (refer to https://aws.amazon.com/kms/). Customers may also use third-party encryption technologies. Refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
	DSI-03.2	Do you utilize open encryption methodologies any time your infrastructure components need to communicate with each other via public networks (e.g., Internet-based replication of data from one environment to another)?	
Data Security & Information Lifecycle Management *Handling / Labeling / Security Policy*	DSI-04.1	Are policies and procedures established for labeling, handling and the security of data and objects that contain data?	AWS Customers retain control and ownership of their data and may implement a labeling and handling policy and procedures to meet their requirements.
	DSI-04.2	Are mechanisms for label inheritance implemented for objects that act as aggregate containers for data?	
Data Security & Information Lifecycle Management *Nonproduction Data*	DSI-05.1	Do you have procedures in place to ensure production data shall not be replicated or used in non-production environments?	AWS Customers retain control and ownership of their own data. AWS provides customers the ability to maintain and develop production and non-production environments. It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure that their production data is not replicated to non-production environments.
Data Security & Information Lifecycle Management *Ownership / Stewardship*	DSI-06.1	Are the responsibilities regarding data stewardship defined, assigned, documented and communicated?	AWS Customers retain control and ownership of their own data. Refer to the AWS Customer Agreement for additional information.

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Data Security & Information Lifecycle Management *Secure Disposal*	DSI-07.1	Do you support secure deletion (e.g., degaussing/cryptographic wiping) of archived and backed-up data as determined by the tenant?	When a storage device has reached the end of its useful life, AWS procedures include a decommissioning process that is designed to prevent customer data from being exposed to unauthorized individuals. AWS uses the techniques detailed in NIST 800-88 ("Guidelines for Media Sanitization") as part of the decommissioning process. Refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
	DSI-07.2	Can you provide a published procedure for exiting the service arrangement, including assurance to sanitize all computing resources of tenant data once a customer has exited your environment or has vacated a resource?	Amazon EBS volumes are presented to you as raw unformatted block devices that have been wiped prior to being made available for use. Wiping occurs immediately before reuse so that you can be assured that the wipe process completed. If you have procedures requiring that all data be wiped via a specific method, such as those detailed in NIST 800-88 ("Guidelines for Media Sanitization"), you have the ability to do so on Amazon EBS. You should conduct a specialized wipe procedure prior to deleting the volume for compliance with your established requirements.
			Encryption of sensitive data is generally a good security practice, and AWS provides the ability to encrypt EBS volumes and their snapshots with AES-256. The encryption occurs on the servers that host the EC2 instances, providing encryption of data as it moves between EC2 instances and EBS storage. In order to be able to do this efficiently and with low latency, the EBS encryption feature is only available on EC2's more powerful instance types (e.g., M3, C3, R3, G2).
Datacenter Security *Asset Management*	DCS-01.1	Do you maintain a complete inventory of all of your critical assets that includes ownership of the asset?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standards, AWS Hardware assets are assigned an owner, tracked and monitored by the AWS personnel with AWS proprietary inventory management tools. AWS procurement and supply chain team maintain relationships with all AWS suppliers.
	DCS-01.2	Do you maintain a complete inventory of all of your critical supplier relationships?	Refer to ISO 27001 standards; Annex A, domain 8 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.

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Datacenter Security *Controlled Access Points*	DCS-02.1	Are physical security perimeters (e.g., fences, walls, barriers, guards, gates, electronic surveillance, physical authentication mechanisms, reception desks and security patrols) implemented?	Physical security controls include but are not limited to perimeter controls such as fencing, walls, security staff, video surveillance, intrusion detection systems and other electronic means. The AWS SOC reports provides additional details on the specific control activities executed by AWS. Refer to ISO 27001 standards; Annex A, domain 11 for further information. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
Datacenter Security *Equipment Identification*	DCS-03.1	Is automated equipment identification used as a method to validate connection authentication integrity based on known equipment location?	AWS manages equipment identification in alignment with ISO 27001 standard. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
Datacenter Security *Offsite Authorization*	DCS-04.1	Do you provide tenants with documentation that describes scenarios in which data may be moved from one physical location to another? (e.g., offsite backups, business continuity failovers, replication)	AWS Customers can designate which physical region their data will be located. AWS will not move customers' content from the selected Regions without notifying the customer unless required to comply with the law or requests of governmental entities. Refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
Datacenter Security *Offsite equipment*	DCS-05.1	Can you provide tenants with evidence documenting your policies and procedures governing asset management and repurposing of equipment?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standards, when a storage device has reached the end of its useful life, AWS procedures include a decommissioning process that is designed to prevent customer data from being exposed to unauthorized individuals. AWS uses the techniques detailed in NIST 800-88 ("Guidelines for Media Sanitization") as part of the decommissioning process. Refer to ISO 27001 standards; Annex A, domain 8 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.

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Datacenter Security *Policy*	DCS-06.1	Can you provide evidence that policies, standards and procedures have been established for maintaining a safe and secure working environment in offices, rooms, facilities and secure areas?	AWS engages with external certifying bodies and independent auditors to review and validate our compliance with compliance frameworks. AWS SOC reports provides additional details on the specific physical security control activities executed by AWS. Refer to ISO 27001 standards; Annex A, domain 11 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	DCS-06.2	Can you provide evidence that your personnel and involved third parties have been trained regarding your documented policies, standards and procedures?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standard, all AWS employees complete periodic Information Security training which requires an acknowledgement to complete. Compliance audits are periodically performed to validate that employees understand and follow the established policies. Refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification. In addition AWS SOC 1 and SOC 2 reports provides further information.
Datacenter Security *Secure Area Authorization*	DCS-07.1	Do you allow tenants to specify which of your geographic locations their data is allowed to move into/out of (to address legal jurisdictional considerations based on where data is stored vs. accessed)?	AWS Customers designate which physical region their data will be located. AWS will not move customers' content from the selected Regions without notifying the customer unless required to comply with the law or requests of governmental entities. For a complete list of available regions, see the AWS Global Infrastructure page.
Datacenter Security *Unauthorized Persons Entry*	DCS-08.1	Are ingress and egress points, such as service areas and other points where unauthorized personnel may enter the premises, monitored, controlled and isolated from data storage and process?	Physical access is strictly controlled both at the perimeter and at building ingress points and includes, but is not limited to, professional security staff utilizing video surveillance, intrusion detection systems, and other electronic means. Authorized staff must pass two-factor authentication a minimum of two times to access data center floors. Physical access points to server locations are recorded

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Datacenter Security *User Access*	DCS-09.1	Do you restrict physical access to information assets and functions by users and support personnel?	by closed circuit television camera (CCTV) as defined in the AWS Data Center Physical Security Policy. AWS Physical Security Mechanisms are reviewed by independent external auditors during audits for our SOC, PCI DSS, ISO 27001 and FedRAMP compliance.
Encryption & Key Management *Entitlement*	EKM-01.1	Do you have key management policies binding keys to identifiable owners?	AWS provides customers the ability to use their own encryption mechanism for nearly all services including S3, EBS and EC2. VPC sessions are also encrypted. In addition, customers can leverage AWS Key Management Systems (KMS) to create and control encryption keys (refer to https://aws.amazon.com/kms/). Internally, AWS establishes and manages cryptographic keys for required cryptography employed within the AWS infrastructure. An AWS developed secure key and credential manager is used to create, protect and distribute symmetric keys and is used to secure and distribute: AWS credentials needed on hosts, RSA public/private keys and X.509 Certifications. AWS cryptographic processes are reviewed by independent third party auditors for our continued compliance with SOC, PCI DSS, ISO 27001 and FedRAMP.
Encryption & Key Management *Key Generation*	EKM-02.1	Do you have a capability to allow creation of unique encryption keys per tenant?	AWS allows customers to use their own encryption mechanisms for nearly all the services, including S3, EBS and EC2. IPSec tunnels to VPC are also encrypted. In addition, customers can leverage AWS Key Management Systems (KMS) to create and control encryption keys (refer to https://aws.amazon.com/kms/). Refer to AWS SOC reports for more details on KMS. In addition, refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security. Internally, AWS establishes and manages cryptographic keys for required cryptography employed within the AWS infrastructure. AWS produces, controls and distributes symmetric cryptographic keys using NIST approved key management technology and processes in the
	EKM-02.2	Do you have a capability to manage encryption keys on behalf of tenants?	
	EKM-02.3	Do you maintain key management procedures?	
	EKM-02.4	Do you have documented ownership for each stage of the lifecycle of encryption keys?	

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	EKM-02.5	Do you utilize any third party/open source/proprietary frameworks to manage encryption keys?	AWS information system. An AWS developed secure key and credential manager is used to create, protect and distribute symmetric keys and is used to secure and distribute: AWS credentials needed on hosts, RSA public/private keys and X.509 Certifications. AWS cryptographic processes are reviewed by independent third party auditors for our continued compliance with SOC, PCI DSS, ISO 27001 and FedRAMP.
Encryption & Key Management *Encryption*	EKM-03.1	Do you encrypt tenant data at rest (on disk/storage) within your environment?	AWS allows customers to use their own encryption mechanisms for nearly all the services, including S3, EBS and EC2. IPSec tunnels to VPC are also encrypted. In addition, customers can leverage AWS Key Management Systems (KMS) to create and control encryption keys (refer to https://aws.amazon.com/kms/). Refer to AWS SOC reports for more details on KMS. In addition, refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
	EKM-03.2	Do you leverage encryption to protect data and virtual machine images during transport across and between networks and hypervisor instances?	
	EKM-03.3	Do you support tenant-generated encryption keys or permit tenants to encrypt data to an identity without access to a public key certificate (e.g. identity-based encryption)?	
	EKM-03.4	Do you have documentation establishing and defining your encryption management policies, procedures and guidelines?	
Encryption & Key Management	EKM-04.1	Do you have platform and data appropriate encryption that uses open/validated formats	AWS allows customers to use their own encryption mechanisms for nearly all the services, including S3, EBS and EC2. In addition, customers can leverage AWS Key

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Storage and Access		and standard algorithms?	Management Systems (KMS) to create and control encryption keys (refer to https://aws.amazon.com/kms/). Refer to AWS SOC reports for more details on KMS.
	EKM-04.2	Are your encryption keys maintained by the cloud consumer or a trusted key management provider?	AWS establishes and manages cryptographic keys for required cryptography employed within the AWS infrastructure. AWS produces, controls and distributes symmetric cryptographic keys using NIST approved key management technology and processes in the AWS information system. An AWS developed secure key and credential manager is used to create, protect and distribute symmetric keys and is used to secure and distribute: AWS credentials needed on hosts, RSA public/private keys and X.509 Certifications.
	EKM-04.3	Do you store encryption keys in the cloud?	
	EKM-04.4	Do you have separate key management and key usage duties?	AWS cryptographic processes are reviewed by independent third party auditors for our continued compliance with SOC, PCI DSS, ISO 27001 and FedRAMP.
Governance and Risk Management *Baseline Requirements*	GRM-01.1	Do you have documented information security baselines for every component of your infrastructure (e.g., hypervisors, operating systems, routers, DNS servers, etc.)?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standards, AWS maintains system baselines for critical components. Refer to ISO 27001 standards, Annex A, domain 14 and 18 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	GRM-01.2	Do you have a capability to continuously monitor and report the compliance of your infrastructure against your information security baselines?	Customers can provide their own virtual machine image. VM Import enables customers to easily import virtual machine images from your existing environment to Amazon EC2 instances.
	GRM-01.3	Do you allow your clients to provide their own trusted virtual machine image to ensure conformance to their own internal standards?	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Governance and Risk Management *Risk Assessments*	GRM-02.1	Do you provide security control health data in order to allow tenants to implement industry standard Continuous Monitoring (which allows continual tenant validation of your physical and logical control status)?	AWS does publish independent auditor reports and certifications to provide customers with considerable information regarding the policies, processes, and controls established and operated by AWS. The relevant certifications and reports can be provided to AWS Customers. Continuous Monitoring of logical controls can be executed by customers on their own systems.
	GRM-02.2	Do you conduct risk assessments associated with data governance requirements at least once a year?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standard, AWS maintains a Risk Management program to mitigate and manage risk. In addition AWS maintains an AWS ISO 27018 certification. Alignment with ISO 27018 demonstrates to customers that AWS has a system of controls in place that specifically address the privacy protection of their content. For more information refer to the AWS Compliance ISO 27018 FAQ http://aws.amazon.com/compliance/iso-27018-faqs/.
Governance and Risk Management *Management Oversight*	GRM-03.1	Are your technical, business, and executive managers responsible for maintaining awareness of and compliance with security policies, procedures, and standards for both themselves and their employees as they pertain to the manager and employees' area of responsibility?	The Control environment at Amazon begins at the highest level of the Company. Executive and senior leadership play important roles in establishing the Company's tone and core values. Every employee is provided with the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and completes periodic training. Compliance audits are performed so that employees understand and follow the established policies. Refer to AWS Risk & Compliance whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/compliance.
Governance and Risk Management *Management Program*	GRM-04.1	Do you provide tenants with documentation describing your Information Security Management Program (ISMP)?	AWS provides our customers with our ISO 27001 certification. The ISO 27001 certification is specifically focused on the AWS ISMS and measures how AWS internal processes follow the ISO standard. Certification means a third party accredited independent auditor has

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
	GRM-04.2	Do you review your Information Security Management Program (ISMP) least once a year?	performed an assessment of our processes and controls and confirms they are operating in alignment with the ISO 27001 certification standard. For additional information refer to the AWS Compliance ISO 27001 FAQ website: http://aws.amazon.com/compliance/iso-27001-faqs/.
Governance and Risk Management *Management Support / Involvement*	GRM-05.1	Do you ensure your providers adhere to your information security and privacy policies?	AWS has established information security framework and policies which have integrated the ISO 27001 certifiable framework based on ISO 27002 controls, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Trust Services Principles, PCI DSS v3.1 and National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Publication 800-53 (Recommended Security Controls for Federal Information Systems).
Governance and Risk Management *Policy*	GRM-06.1	Do your information security and privacy policies align with industry standards (ISO-27001, ISO-22307, CoBIT, etc.)?	AWS manages third-party relationships in alignment with ISO 27001 standards.
	GRM-06.2	Do you have agreements to ensure your providers adhere to your information security and privacy policies?	AWS Third Party requirements are reviewed by independent external auditors during audits for our PCI DSS, ISO 27001 and FedRAMP compliance.
	GRM-06.3	Can you provide evidence of due diligence mapping of your controls, architecture and processes to regulations and/or standards?	Information about the AWS Compliance programs is published publicly on our website at http://aws.amazon.com/compliance/.
	GRM-06.4	Do you disclose which controls, standards, certifications and/or regulations you comply with?	
Governance and Risk Management *Policy Enforcement*	GRM-07.1	Is a formal disciplinary or sanction policy established for employees who have violated security policies and procedures?	AWS provides security policies and security training to employees to educate them as to their role and responsibilities concerning information security. Employees who violate Amazon standards or protocols are investigated and appropriate disciplinary action

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
	GRM-07.2	Are employees made aware of what actions could be taken in the event of a violation via their policies and procedures?	(e.g. warning, performance plan, suspension, and/or termination) is followed. Refer to the AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security. Refer to ISO 27001 Annex A, domain 7 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
Governance and Risk Management *Business / Policy Change Impacts*	GRM-08.1	Do risk assessment results include updates to security policies, procedures, standards and controls to ensure they remain relevant and effective?	Updates to AWS security policies, procedures, standards and controls occur on an annual basis in alignment with the ISO 27001 standard. Refer to ISO 27001 for additional information. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification.
Governance and Risk Management *Policy Reviews*	GRM-09.1	Do you notify your tenants when you make material changes to your information security and/or privacy policies?	Our AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper and Risk and Compliance whitepapers, available at http://aws.amazon.com/security and http://aws.amazon.com/compliance, are updated on a regular basis to reflect updates to the AWS policies.
	GRM-09.2	Do you perform, at minimum, annual reviews to your privacy and security policies?	The AWS SOC reports provide details related to privacy and security policy review.
Governance and Risk Management *Assessments*	GRM-10.1	Are formal risk assessments aligned with the enterprise-wide framework and performed at least annually, or at planned intervals, determining the likelihood and impact of all identified risks, using qualitative and quantitative methods?	In alignment with ISO 27001 AWS has developed a Risk Management program to mitigate and manage risk. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification. Refer to AWS Risk and Compliance Whitepaper (available at aws.amazon.com/security) for additional details on AWS Risk Management Framework.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
	GRM-10.2	Is the likelihood and impact associated with inherent and residual risk determined independently, considering all risk categories (e.g., audit results, threat and vulnerability analysis, and regulatory compliance)?	
Governance and Risk Management *Program*	GRM-11.1	Do you have a documented, organization-wide program in place to manage risk?	In alignment with ISO 27001, AWS maintains a Risk Management program to mitigate and manage risk. AWS management has a strategic business plan which includes risk identification and the implementation of controls to mitigate or manage risks. AWS management re-evaluates the strategic business plan at least biannually. This process requires management to identify risks within its areas of responsibility and to implement appropriate measures designed to address those risks. AWS Risk Management program is reviewed by independent external auditors during audits for our PCI DSS, ISO 27001 and FedRAMP compliance.
	GRM-11.2	Do you make available documentation of your organization-wide risk management program?	
Human Resources *Asset Returns*	HRS-01.1	Are systems in place to monitor for privacy breaches and notify tenants expeditiously if a privacy event may have impacted their data?	AWS Customers retain the responsibility to monitor their own environment for privacy breaches. The AWS SOC reports provides an overview of the controls in place to monitor AWS managed environment.
	HRS-01.2	Is your Privacy Policy aligned with industry standards?	
Human Resources *Background Screening*	HRS-02.1	Pursuant to local laws, regulations, ethics and contractual constraints, are all employment candidates, contractors and involved third parties	AWS conducts criminal background checks, as permitted by applicable law, as part of pre-employment screening practices for employees commensurate with the employee's position and level of access to AWS facilities. The AWS SOC reports provides additional details regarding the controls in place for background verification.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
		subject to background verification?	
Human Resources *Employment Agreements*	HRS-03.1	Do you specifically train your employees regarding their specific role and the information security controls they must fulfill?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standard, all AWS employees complete periodic role based training that includes AWS Security training and requires an acknowledgement to complete. Compliance audits are periodically performed to validate that employees understand and follow the established policies. Refer to SOC reports for additional details. All personnel supporting AWS systems and devices must sign a non-disclosure agreement prior to being granted access. Additionally, upon hire, personnel are required to read and accept the Acceptable Use Policy and the Amazon Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (Code of Conduct) Policy.
	HRS-03.2	Do you document employee acknowledgment of training they have completed?	
	HRS-03.3	Are all personnel required to sign NDA or Confidentiality Agreements as a condition of employment to protect customer/tenant information?	
	HRS-03.4	Is successful and timed completion of the training program considered a prerequisite for acquiring and maintaining access to sensitive systems?	
	HRS-03.5	Are personnel trained and provided with awareness programs at least once a year?	
Human Resources *Employment Termination*	HRS-04.1	Are documented policies, procedures and guidelines in place to govern change in employment and/or termination?	AWS Human Resources team defines internal management responsibilities to be followed for termination and role change of employees and vendors. AWS SOC reports provide additional details.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
	HRS-04.2	Do the above procedures and guidelines account for timely revocation of access and return of assets?	Access is automatically revoked when an employee's record is terminated in Amazon's Human Resources system. When changes in an employee's job function occur, continued access must be explicitly approved to the resource or it will be automatically revoked. AWS SOC reports provide further details on User access revocation. In addition the AWS Security White paper, section "Employee Lifecycle" provides additional information. Refer to ISO 27001 Annex A, domain 7 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
Human Resources *Portable / Mobile Devices*	HRS-05.1	Are policies and procedures established and measures implemented to strictly limit access to your sensitive data and tenant data from portable and mobile devices (e.g. laptops, cell phones and personal digital assistants (PDAs)), which are generally higher-risk than non-portable devices (e.g., desktop computers at the provider organization's facilities)?	Customers retain the control and responsibility of their data and associated media assets. It is the responsibility of the customer to manage mobile security devices and the access to the customer's content.
Human Resources *Nondisclosure Agreements*	HRS-06.1	Are requirements for non-disclosure or confidentiality agreements reflecting the organization's needs for the protection of data and operational details identified, documented and reviewed at planned intervals?	Amazon Legal Counsel manages and periodically revises the Amazon NDA to reflect AWS business needs.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Human Resources *Roles / Responsibilities*	HRS-07.1	Do you provide tenants with a role definition document clarifying your administrative responsibilities versus those of the tenant?	The AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper and the AWS Risk and Compliance Whitepaper provide details on the roles and responsibilities of AWS and those of our Customers. The whitepapers area available at: http://aws.amazon.com/security and http://aws.amazon.com/compliance.
Human Resources *Acceptable Use*	HRS-08.1	Do you provide documentation regarding how you may or access tenant data and metadata?	AWS has a formal access control policy that is reviewed and updated on an annual basis (or when any major change to the system occurs that impacts the policy). The policy addresses purpose, scope, roles, responsibilities and management commitment. AWS employs the concept of least privilege, allowing only the necessary access for users to accomplish their job function. Customers retain the control and responsibility of their data and associated media assets. It is the responsibility of the customer to manage mobile security devices and the access to the customer's content. Refer to the ISO 27001 standard and 27018 code of practice for additional information. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 and ISO 27018.
	HRS-08.2	Do you collect or create metadata about tenant data usage through inspection technologies (search engines, etc.)?	
	HRS-08.3	Do you allow tenants to opt out of having their data/metadata accessed via inspection technologies?	
Human Resources *Training / Awareness*	HRS-09.1	Do you provide a formal, role-based, security awareness training program for cloud-related access and data management issues (e.g., multi-tenancy, nationality, cloud delivery model segregation of duties implications and conflicts of interest) for all persons with access to tenant data?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standard, all AWS employees complete periodic Information Security training which requires an acknowledgement to complete. Compliance audits are periodically performed to validate that employees understand and follow the established policies. AWS roles and responsibilities are reviewed by independent external auditors during audits for our SOC, PCI DSS, ISO 27001 and FedRAMP compliance.
	HRS-09.2	Are administrators and data stewards properly educated on their legal responsibilities with	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
		regard to security and data integrity?	
Human Resources *User Responsibility*	HRS-10.1	Are users made aware of their responsibilities for maintaining awareness and compliance with published security policies, procedures, standards and applicable regulatory requirements?	AWS has implemented various methods of internal communication at a global level to help employees understand their individual roles and responsibilities and to communicate significant events in a timely manner. These methods include orientation and training programs for newly hired employee as well as electronic mail messages and the posting of information via the Amazon intranet. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 7 and 8. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard. In addition the AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper provides further details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
	HRS-10.2	Are users made aware of their responsibilities for maintaining a safe and secure working environment?	
	HRS-10.3	Are users made aware of their responsibilities for leaving unattended equipment in a secure manner?	
Human Resources *Workspace*	HRS-11.1	Do your data management policies and procedures address tenant and service level conflicts of interests?	AWS data management policies are in alignment with ISO 27001 standard. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 8 and 9. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard. AWS SOC reports provides additional details on the specific control activities executed by AWS to prevent unauthorized access to AWS resources. AWS has identified auditable event categories across systems and devices within the AWS system. Service teams configure the auditing features to record continuously the security-
	HRS-11.2	Do your data management policies and procedures include a tamper audit or software integrity function for unauthorized access to tenant data?	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
	HRS-11.3	Does the virtual machine management infrastructure include a tamper audit or software integrity function to detect changes to the build/configuration of the virtual machine?	related events in accordance with requirements. Audit records contain a set of data elements in order to support necessary analysis requirements. In addition, audit records are available for AWS Security team or other appropriate teams to perform inspection or analysis on demand, and in response to security-related or business-impacting events.
Identity & Access Management *Audit Tools Access*	IAM-01.1	Do you restrict, log and monitor access to your information security management systems? (E.g., hypervisors, firewalls, vulnerability scanners, network sniffers, APIs, etc.)	In alignment with ISO 27001 standards, AWS has established formal policies, procedures to delineate the minimum standards for logical access to AWS resources. AWS SOC reports outlines the controls in place to manage access provisioning to AWS resources. Refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
	IAM-01.2	Do you monitor and log privileged access (administrator level) to information security management systems?	AWS has identified auditable event categories across systems and devices within the AWS system. Service teams configure the auditing features to record continuously the security-related events in accordance with requirements. The log storage system is designed to provide a highly scalable, highly available service that automatically increases capacity as the ensuing need for log storage grows. Audit records contain a set of data elements in order to support necessary analysis requirements. In addition, audit records are available for AWS Security team or other appropriate teams to perform inspection or analysis on demand, and in response to security-related or business-impacting events. Designated personnel on AWS teams receive automated alerts in the event of an audit processing failure. Audit processing failures include, for example, software/hardware errors. When alerted, on-call personnel issue a trouble ticket and track the event until it is resolved. AWS logging and monitoring processes are reviewed by independent third party auditors for our continued compliance with SOC, PCI DSS, ISO 27001 and FedRAMP compliance.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Identity & Access Management *User Access Policy*	IAM-02.1	Do you have controls in place ensuring timely removal of systems access that is no longer required for business purposes?	AWS SOC reports provides further details on User access revocation. In addition the AWS Security White paper, section "Employee Lifecycle" provides additional information. Refer to ISO 27001 Annex A, domain 9 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	IAM-02.2	Do you provide metrics to track the speed with which you are able to remove systems access that is no longer required for business purposes?	
Identity & Access Management *Diagnostic / Configuration Ports Access*	IAM-03.1	Do you use dedicated secure networks to provide management access to your cloud service infrastructure?	Controls in place limit access to systems and data and provide that access to systems or data is restricted and monitored per the AWS access policy. In addition, customer data is and server instances are logically isolated from other customers by default. Privileged user access controls are reviewed by an independent auditor during the AWS SOC, ISO 27001, PCI, ITAR, and FedRAMP audits.
Identity & Access Management *Policies and Procedures*	IAM-04.1	Do you manage and store the identity of all personnel who have access to the IT infrastructure, including their level of access?	
	IAM-04.2	Do you manage and store the user identity of all personnel who have network access, including their level of access?	
Identity & Access Management *Segregation of Duties*	IAM-05.1	Do you provide tenants with documentation on how you maintain segregation of duties within your cloud service offering?	Customers retain the ability to manage segregations of duties of their AWS resources. Internally, AWS aligns with ISO 27001 standards for managing segregation of duties. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 6 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Identity & Access Management *Source Code Access Restriction*	IAM-06.1	Are controls in place to prevent unauthorized access to your application, program or object source code, and assure it is restricted to authorized personnel only?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standards, AWS has established formal policies, procedures to delineate the minimum standards for logical access to AWS resources. AWS SOC reports outlines the controls in place to manage access provisioning to AWS resources. Refer to AWS Overview of Security Processes for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
	IAM-06.2	Are controls in place to prevent unauthorized access to tenant application, program or object source code, and assure it is restricted to authorized personnel only?	
Identity & Access Management *Third Party Access*	IAM-07.1	Do you provide multi-failure disaster recovery capability?	AWS provides customers the flexibility to place instances and store data within multiple geographic regions as well as across multiple Availability Zones within each region. Each Availability Zone is designed as an independent failure zone. In case of failure, automated processes move customer data traffic away from the affected area. AWS SOC reports provides further details. ISO 27001 standard Annex A, domain 15 provides additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification.
	IAM-07.2	Do you monitor service continuity with upstream providers in the event of provider failure?	
	IAM-07.3	Do you have more than one provider for each service you depend on?	
	IAM-07.4	Do you provide access to operational redundancy and continuity summaries, including the services you depend on?	
	IAM-07.5	Do you provide the tenant the ability to declare a disaster?	
	IAM-07.6	Do you provided a tenant-triggered failover option?	
	IAM-07.7	Do you share your business continuity and redundancy plans with your tenants?	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Identity & Access Management *User Access Restriction / Authorization*	IAM-08.1	Do you document how you grant and approve access to tenant data?	AWS Customers retain control and ownership of their data. Controls in place limit access to systems and data and provide that access to systems or data is restricted and monitored. In addition, customer data and server instances are logically isolated from other customers by default. Privileged user access controls are reviewed by an independent auditor during the AWS SOC, ISO 27001, PCI, ITAR, and FedRAMP audits.
	IAM-08.2	Do you have a method of aligning provider and tenant data classification methodologies for access control purposes?	
Identity & Access Management *User Access Authorization*	IAM-09.1	Does your management provision the authorization and restrictions for user access (e.g. employees, contractors, customers (tenants), business partners and/or suppliers) prior to their access to data and any owned or managed (physical and virtual) applications, infrastructure systems and network components?	Unique user identifiers are created as part of the onboarding workflow process in the AWS human resources management system. The device provisioning process helps ensure unique identifiers for devices. Both processes include manager approval to establish the user account or device. Initial authenticators are delivered to user's in-person and to devices as part of the provisioning process. Internal users can associate SSH public keys with their account. System account authenticators are provided to the requestor as part of the account creation process after the identity of the requestor is verified.
	IAM-09.2	Do you provide upon request user access (e.g. employees, contractors, customers (tenants), business partners and/or suppliers) to data and any owned or managed (physical and virtual) applications, infrastructure systems and network components?	AWS has established controls to address the threat of inappropriate insider access. All certifications and third-party attestations evaluate logical access preventative and detective controls. In addition, periodic risk assessments focus on how insider access is controlled and monitored.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Identity & Access Management *User Access Reviews*	IAM-10.1	Do you require at least annual certification of entitlements for all system users and administrators (exclusive of users maintained by your tenants)?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standard, all access grants are reviewed on a periodic basis; explicit re-approval is required or access to the resource is automatically revoked. Controls specific to User Access reviews are outlined in the SOC reports. Exceptions in the User entitlement controls are documented in the SOC reports.

Refer to ISO 27001 standards, Annex A, domain 9 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard. |
| | IAM-10.2 | If users are found to have inappropriate entitlements, are all remediation and certification actions recorded? | |
| | IAM-10.3 | Will you share user entitlement remediation and certification reports with your tenants, if inappropriate access may have been allowed to tenant data? | |
| Identity & Access Management *User Access Revocation* | IAM-11.1 | Is timely deprovisioning, revocation or modification of user access to the organizations systems, information assets and data implemented upon any change in status of employees, contractors, customers, business partners or involved third parties? | Access is automatically revoked when an employee's record is terminated in Amazon's Human Resources system. When changes in an employee's job function occur, continued access must be explicitly approved to the resource or it will be automatically revoked. AWS SOC reports provides further details on User access revocation. In addition the AWS Security White paper, section "Employee Lifecycle" provides additional information.

Refer to ISO 27001 Annex A, domain 9 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard. |
| | IAM-11.2 | Is any change in user access status intended to include termination of employment, contract or agreement, change of employment or transfer within the organization? | |

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Identity & Access Management *User ID Credentials*	IAM-12.1	Do you support use of, or integration with, existing customer-based Single Sign On (SSO) solutions to your service?	The AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) service provides identity federation to the AWS Management Console. Multi-factor authentication is an optional feature that a customer can utilize. Refer to the AWS website for additional details - http://aws.amazon.com/mfa. AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) supports identity federation for delegated access to the AWS Management Console or AWS APIs. With identity federation, external identities (federated users) are granted secure access to resources in your AWS account without having to create IAM users. These external identities can come from your corporate identity provider (such as Microsoft Active Directory or from the AWS Directory Service) or from a web identity provider, such as Amazon Cognito, Login with Amazon, Facebook, Google or any OpenID Connect (OIDC) compatible provider.
	IAM-12.2	Do you use open standards to delegate authentication capabilities to your tenants?	
	IAM-12.3	Do you support identity federation standards (SAML, SPML, WS-Federation, etc.) as a means of authenticating/authorizing users?	
	IAM-12.4	Do you have a Policy Enforcement Point capability (e.g., XACML) to enforce regional legal and policy constraints on user access?	
	IAM-12.5	Do you have an identity management system (enabling classification of data for a tenant) in place to enable both role-based and context-based entitlement to data?	
	IAM-12.6	Do you provide tenants with strong (multifactor) authentication options (digital certs, tokens, biometrics, etc.) for user access?	
	IAM-12.7	Do you allow tenants to use third-party identity assurance services?	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
	IAM-12.8	Do you support password (minimum length, age, history, complexity) and account lockout (lockout threshold, lockout duration) policy enforcement?	AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) enables customers to securely control access to AWS services and resources for their users. Additional information about IAM can be found on website at https://aws.amazon.com/iam/. AWS SOC reports provides details on the specific control activities executed by AWS.
	IAM-12.9	Do you allow tenants/customers to define password and account lockout policies for their accounts?	
	IAM-12.10	Do you support the ability to force password changes upon first logon?	
	IAM-12.11	Do you have mechanisms in place for unlocking accounts that have been locked out (e.g., self-service via email, defined challenge questions, manual unlock)?	
Identity & Access Management *Utility Programs Access*	IAM-13.1	Are utilities that can significantly manage virtualized partitions (e.g., shutdown, clone, etc.) appropriately restricted and monitored?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standards, system utilities are appropriately restricted and monitored. AWS SOC reports provides details on the specific control activities executed by AWS. Refer to AWS Overview of Security Processes for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
	IAM-13.2	Do you have a capability to detect attacks that target the virtual infrastructure directly (e.g., shimming, Blue Pill, Hyper jumping, etc.)?	
	IAM-13.3	Are attacks that target the virtual infrastructure	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
		prevented with technical controls?	
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *Audit Logging / Intrusion Detection*	IVS-01.1	Are file integrity (host) and network intrusion detection (IDS) tools implemented to help facilitate timely detection, investigation by root cause analysis and response to incidents?	AWS Incident response program (detection, investigation and response to incidents) has been developed in alignment with ISO 27001 standards, system utilities are appropriately restricted and monitored. AWS SOC reports provides additional details on controls in place to restrict system access. Refer to AWS Overview of Security Processes for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
	IVS-01.2	Is physical and logical user access to audit logs restricted to authorized personnel?	
	IVS-01.3	Can you provide evidence that due diligence mapping of regulations and standards to your controls/architecture/processes has been done?	
	IVS-01.4	Are audit logs centrally stored and retained?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standards, AWS information systems utilize internal system clocks synchronized via NTP (Network Time Protocol). AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	IVS-01.5	Are audit logs reviewed on a regular basis for security events (e.g., with automated tools)?	AWS utilizes automated monitoring systems to provide a high level of service performance and availability. Proactive monitoring is available through a variety of online tools both for internal and external use. Systems within AWS are extensively instrumented to monitor key operational metrics. Alarms are configured to notify operations and management personnel when early warning thresholds are crossed on key operational metrics. An on-call schedule is used such that personnel are always available to respond to operational issues. This includes a pager system so alarms

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
			are quickly and reliably communicated to operations personnel. Refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *Change Detection*	IVS-02.1	Do you log and alert any changes made to virtual machine images regardless of their running state (e.g. dormant, off or running)?	Virtual Machines are assigned to customers as a part of the EC2 service. Customers retain control over what resources are being used and where resources reside. Refer to the AWS website for additional details - http://aws.amazon.com.
	IVS-02.2	Are changes made to virtual machines, or moving of an image and subsequent validation of the image's integrity, made immediately available to customers through electronic methods (e.g. portals or alerts)?	
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *Clock Synchronizatio n*	IVS-03.1	Do you use a synchronized time-service protocol (e.g., NTP) to ensure all systems have a common time reference?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standards, AWS information systems utilize internal system clocks synchronized via NTP (Network Time Protocol). AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *Capacity / Resource Planning*	IVS-04.1	Do you provide documentation regarding what levels of system (network, storage, memory, I/O, etc.) oversubscription you maintain and	Details regarding AWS Service Limits and how to request an increase for specific services is available on the AWS website at http://docs.aws.amazon.com/general/latest/gr/a ws_service_limits.html.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
		under what circumstances/scenarios?	AWS manages capacity and utilization data in alignment with ISO 27001 standard. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	IVS-04.2	Do you restrict use of the memory oversubscription capabilities present in the hypervisor?	
	IVS-04.3	Do your system capacity requirements take into account current, projected and anticipated capacity needs for all systems used to provide services to the tenants?	
	IVS-04.4	Is system performance monitored and tuned in order to continuously meet regulatory, contractual and business requirements for all the systems used to provide services to the tenants?	
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *Management - Vulnerability Management*	IVS-05.1	Do security vulnerability assessment tools or services accommodate the virtualization technologies being used (e.g. virtualization aware)?	Amazon EC2 currently utilizes a highly customized version of the Xen hypervisor. The hypervisor is regularly assessed for new and existing vulnerabilities and attack vectors by internal and external penetration teams, and is well suited for maintaining strong isolation between guest virtual machines. The AWS Xen hypervisor security is regularly evaluated by independent auditors during assessments and audits. Regular internal and external vulnerability scans are performed on the host operating system, web application and databases in the AWS environment utilizing a variety of tools. Vulnerability scanning and remediation practices are regularly reviewed as a part of

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
			AWS continued compliance with PCI DSS and FedRAMP.
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *Network Security*	IVS-06.1	For your IaaS offering, do you provide customers with guidance on how to create a layered security architecture equivalence using your virtualized solution?	AWS website provides guidance on creating a layered security architecture in a number of white papers available via the AWS public website - http://aws.amazon.com/documentation/.
	IVS-06.2	Do you regularly update network architecture diagrams that include data flows between security domains/zones?	Boundary protection devices that employ rule sets, access control lists (ACL), and configurations enforce the flow of information between network fabrics. Several network fabrics exist at Amazon, each separated by devices that control the flow of information between fabrics. The flow of information between fabrics is established by approved authorizations, which exist as access control lists (ACL) which reside on these devices. These devices control the flow of information between fabrics as mandated by these ACLs. ACLs are defined, approved by appropriate personnel, managed and deployed using AWS ACL-manage tool.
	IVS-06.3	Do you regularly review for appropriateness the allowed access/connectivity (e.g., firewall rules) between security domains/zones within the network?	
	IVS-06.4	Are all firewall access control lists documented with business justification?	Amazon's Information Security team approves these ACLs. Approved firewall rule sets and access control lists between network fabrics restrict the flow of information to specific

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *OS Hardening and Base Controls*	IVS-07.1	Are operating systems hardened to provide only the necessary ports, protocols and services to meet business needs using technical controls (i.e antivirus, file integrity monitoring and logging) as part of their baseline build standard or template?	information system services. Access control lists and rule sets are reviewed and approved, and are automatically pushed to boundary protection devices on a periodic basis (at least every 24 hours) to ensure rule-sets and access control lists are up-to-date. AWS Network Management is regularly reviewed by independent third-party auditors as a part of AWS ongoing compliance with SOC, PCI DSS, ISO 27001 and FedRAMP^sm. AWS implements least privilege throughout its infrastructure components. AWS prohibits all ports and protocols that do not have a specific business purpose. AWS follows a rigorous approach to minimal implementation of only those features and functions that are essential to use of the device. Network scanning is performed and any unnecessary ports or protocols in use are corrected. Regular internal and external vulnerability scans are performed on the host operating system, web application and databases in the AWS environment utilizing a variety of tools. Vulnerability scanning and remediation practices are regularly reviewed as a part of AWS continued compliance with PCI DSS and FedRAMP.
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *Production / Nonproduction Environments*	IVS-08.1	For your SaaS or PaaS offering, do you provide tenants with separate environments for production and test processes?	AWS Customers retain the ability and the responsibility to create and maintain production and test environments. AWS website provides guidance on creating an environment utilizing the AWS services - http://aws.amazon.com/documentation/.
	IVS-08.2	For your IaaS offering, do you provide tenants with guidance on how to create suitable production and test environments?	
	IVS-08.3	Do you logically and physically segregate production and non-production environments?	AWS Customers retain responsibility to manage their own network segmentation in adherence with their defined requirements. Internally, AWS network segmentation is aligned with ISO 27001 standards. Refer to

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *Segmentation*	IVS-09.1	Are system and network environments protected by a firewall or virtual firewall to ensure business and customer security requirements?	ISO 27001 standard, Annex A. domain 13 for further detail. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	IVS-09.2	Are system and network environments protected by a firewall or virtual firewall to ensure compliance with legislative, regulatory and contractual requirements?	
	IVS-09.3	Are system and network environments protected by a firewall or virtual firewall to ensure separation of production and non-production environments?	
	IVS-09.4	Are system and network environments protected by a firewall or virtual firewall to ensure protection and isolation of sensitive data?	
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *VM Security - vMotion Data Protection*	IVS-10.1	Are secured and encrypted communication channels used when migrating physical servers, applications or data to virtual servers?	AWS provides customers the ability to use their own encryption mechanism for nearly all services including S3, EBS and EC2. VPC sessions are also encrypted.
	IVS-10.2	Do you use a network segregated from production-level networks when migrating physical servers, applications or data to virtual servers?	AWS Customers retain control and ownership of their own data. AWS provides customers the ability to maintain and develop production and non-production environments. It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure that their production data is not replicated to non-production environments.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *VMM Security - Hypervisor Hardening*	IVS-11.1	Do you restrict personnel access to all hypervisor management functions or administrative consoles for systems hosting virtualized systems based on the principle of least privilege and supported through technical controls (e.g. two-factor authentication, audit trails, IP address filtering, firewalls and TLS-encapsulated communications to the administrative consoles)?	AWS employs the concept of least privilege, allowing only the necessary access for users to accomplish their job function. When user accounts are created, user accounts are created to have minimal access. Access above these least privileges requires appropriate authorization. Refer to AWS SOC reports for more information on Access Controls.
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *Wireless Security*	IVS-12.1	Are policies and procedures established and mechanisms configured and implemented to protect the wireless network environment perimeter and to restrict unauthorized wireless traffic?	Policies, procedures and mechanisms to protect AWS network environment are in place. AWS security controls are reviewed by independent external auditors during audits for our SOC, PCI DSS, ISO 27001 and FedRAMP compliance.
	IVS-12.2	Are policies and procedures established and mechanisms implemented to ensure wireless security settings are enabled with strong encryption for authentication and transmission, replacing vendor default settings? (e.g., encryption keys, passwords, SNMP community strings)	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
	IVS-12.3	Are policies and procedures established and mechanisms implemented to protect wireless network environments and detect the presence of unauthorized (rogue) network devices for a timely disconnect from the network?	
Infrastructure & Virtualization Security *Network Architecture*	IVS-13.1	Do your network architecture diagrams clearly identify high-risk environments and data flows that may have legal compliance impacts?	AWS Customers retain responsibility to manage their own network segmentation in adherence with their defined requirements. Internally, AWS network segmentation is aligned with the ISO 27001 standard. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	IVS-13.2	Do you implement technical measures and apply defense-in-depth techniques (e.g., deep packet analysis, traffic throttling and black-holing) for detection and timely response to network-based attacks associated with anomalous ingress or egress traffic patterns (e.g., MAC spoofing and ARP poisoning attacks) and/or distributed denial-of-service (DDoS) attacks?	AWS Security regularly scans all Internet facing service endpoint IP addresses for vulnerabilities (these scans do not include customer instances). AWS Security notifies the appropriate parties to remediate any identified vulnerabilities. In addition, external vulnerability threat assessments are performed regularly by independent security firms. Findings and recommendations resulting from these assessments are categorized and delivered to AWS leadership. In addition, the AWS control environment is subject to regular internal and external risk assessments. AWS engages with external certifying bodies and independent auditors to review and test the AWS overall control environment. AWS security controls are reviewed by independent external auditors during audits for our SOC, PCI DSS, ISO 27001 and FedRAMP compliance.
Interoperability & Portability *APIs*	IPY-01	Do you publish a list of all APIs available in the service and indicate which are	Details regarding AWS APIs can be found on the AWS website at https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
		standard and which are customized?	In alignment with ISO 27001 standards, AWS has established formal policies, procedures to delineate the minimum standards for logical access to AWS resources. AWS SOC reports outlines the controls in place to manage access provisioning to AWS resources.
Interoperability & Portability *Data Request*	IPY-02	Is unstructured customer data available on request in an industry-standard format (e.g., .doc, .xls, or .pdf)?	Refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
Interoperability & Portability *Policy & Legal*	IPY-03.1	Do you provide policies and procedures (i.e. service level agreements) governing the use of APIs for interoperability between your service and third-party applications?	
	IPY-03.2	Do you provide policies and procedures (i.e. service level agreements) governing the migration of application data to and from your service?	Customer retain control and ownership of their content. Customers can choose how they migrate applications and content both on and off the AWS platform at their discretion.
Interoperability & Portability *Standardized Network Protocols*	IPY-04.1	Can data import, data export and service management be conducted over secure (e.g., non-clear text and authenticated), industry accepted standardized network protocols?	AWS allows customers to move data as needed on and off AWS storage. Refer to http://aws.amazon.com/choosing-a-cloud-platform for more information on Storage options.
	IPY-04.2	Do you provide consumers (tenants) with documentation detailing the relevant interoperability and portability network protocol standards that are involved?	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Interoperability & Portability *Virtualization*	IPY-05.1	Do you use an industry-recognized virtualization platform and standard virtualization formats (e,g., OVF) to help ensure interoperability?	Amazon EC2 currently utilizes a highly customized version of the Xen hypervisor. The hypervisor is regularly assessed for new and existing vulnerabilities and attack vectors by internal and external penetration teams, and is well suited for maintaining strong isolation between guest virtual machines. The AWS Xen hypervisor security is regularly evaluated by independent auditors during assessments and audits. Refer to the AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for additional details - available at http://aws.amazon.com/security.
	IPY-05.2	Do you have documented custom changes made to any hypervisor in use, and all solution-specific virtualization hooks available for customer review?	
Mobile Security *Anti-Malware*	MOS-01	Do you provide anti-malware training specific to mobile devices as part of your information security awareness training?	AWS' program, processes and procedures to managing antivirus / malicious software is in alignment with ISO 27001 standards. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 12 for additional information.
Mobile Security *Application Stores*	MOS-02	Do you document and make available lists of approved application stores for mobile devices accessing or storing company data and/or company systems?	AWS has established an information security framework and policies and has effectively integrated the ISO 27001 certifiable framework based on ISO 27002 controls, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Trust Services Principles, the PCI DSS v3.1 and the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Publication 800-53 (Recommended Security Controls for Federal Information Systems).
Mobile Security *Approved Applications*	MOS-03	Do you have a policy enforcement capability (e.g., XACML) to ensure that only approved applications and those from approved application stores be loaded onto a mobile device?	Customers retain the control and responsibility of their data and associated media assets. It is the responsibility of the customer to manage mobile security devices and the access to the customer's content.
Mobile Security *Approved Software for BYOD*	MOS-04	Does your BYOD policy and training clearly state which applications and applications stores are	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
		approved for use on BYOD devices?	
Mobile Security *Awareness and Training*	MOS-05	Do you have a documented mobile device policy in your employee training that clearly defines mobile devices and the accepted usage and requirements for mobile devices?	
Mobile Security *Cloud Based Services*	MOS-06	Do you have a documented list of pre-approved cloud based services that are allowed to be used for use and storage of company business data via a mobile device?	
Mobile Security *Compatibility*	MOS-07	Do you have a documented application validation process for testing device, operating system and application compatibility issues?	
Mobile Security *Device Eligibility*	MOS-08	Do you have a BYOD policy that defines the device(s) and eligibility requirements allowed for BYOD usage?	
Mobile Security *Device Inventory*	MOS-09	Do you maintain an inventory of all mobile devices storing and accessing company data which includes device status (os system and patch levels, lost or decommissioned, device assignee)?	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Mobile Security *Device Management*	MOS-10	Do you have a centralized mobile device management solution deployed to all mobile devices that are permitted to store, transmit, or process company data?	
Mobile Security *Encryption*	MOS-11	Does your mobile device policy require the use of encryption for either the entire device or for data identified as sensitive enforceable through technology controls for all mobile devices?	
Mobile Security *Jailbreaking and Rooting*	MOS-12.1	Does your mobile device policy prohibit the circumvention of built-in security controls on mobile devices (e.g., jailbreaking or rooting)?	
	MOS-12.2	Do you have detective and preventative controls on the device or via a centralized device management system which prohibit the circumvention of built-in security controls?	
Mobile Security *Legal*	MOS-13.1	Does your BYOD policy clearly define the expectation of privacy, requirements for litigation, e-discovery and legal holds?	Customers retain the control and responsibility of their data and associated media assets. It is the responsibility of the customer to manage mobile security devices and the access to the customer's content.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
	MOS-13.2	Do you have detective and preventative controls on the device or via a centralized device management system which prohibit the circumvention of built-in security controls?	
Mobile Security *Lockout Screen*	MOS-14	Do you require and enforce via technical controls an automatic lockout screen for BYOD and company owned devices?	
Mobile Security *Operating Systems*	MOS-15	Do you manage all changes to mobile device operating systems, patch levels and applications via your company's change management processes?	
Mobile Security *Passwords*	MOS-16.1	Do you have password policies for enterprise issued mobile devices and/or BYOD mobile devices?	
	MOS-16.2	Are your password policies enforced through technical controls (i.e. MDM)?	
	MOS-16.3	Do your password policies prohibit the changing of authentication requirements (i.e. password/PIN length) via a mobile device?	
Mobile Security *Policy*	MOS-17.1	Do you have a policy that requires BYOD users to perform backups of specified corporate data?	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
	MOS-17.2	Do you have a policy that requires BYOD users to prohibit the usage of unapproved application stores?	
	MOS-17.3	Do you have a policy that requires BYOD users to use anti-malware software (where supported)?	
Mobile Security *Remote Wipe*	MOS-18.1	Does your IT provide remote wipe or corporate data wipe for all company-accepted BYOD devices?	
	MOS-18.2	Does your IT provide remote wipe or corporate data wipe for all company-assigned mobile devices?	
Mobile Security *Security Patches*	MOS-19.1	Do your mobile devices have the latest available security-related patches installed upon general release by the device manufacturer or carrier?	
	MOS-19.2	Do your mobile devices allow for remote validation to download the latest security patches by company IT personnel?	
Mobile Security *Users*	MOS-20.1	Does your BYOD policy clarify the systems and servers allowed for use or access on the BYOD-enabled device?	
	MOS-20.2	Does your BYOD policy specify the user roles that are allowed	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
		access via a BYOD-enabled device?	
Security Incident Management, E-Discovery & Cloud Forensics *Contact / Authority Maintenance*	SEF-01.1	Do you maintain liaisons and points of contact with local authorities in accordance with contracts and appropriate regulations?	AWS maintains contacts with industry bodies, risk and compliance organizations, local authorities and regulatory bodies as required by the ISO 27001 standard. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
Security Incident Management, E-Discovery & Cloud Forensics *Incident Management*	SEF-02.1	Do you have a documented security incident response plan?	AWS' incident response program, plans and procedures have been developed in alignment with ISO 27001 standard. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard. The AWS SOC reports provides details on the specific control activities executed by AWS. All data stored by AWS on behalf of customers has strong tenant isolation security and control capabilities. The AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper (available at http://aws.amazon.com/security) provides additional details.
	SEF-02.2	Do you integrate customized tenant requirements into your security incident response plans?	
	SEF-02.3	Do you publish a roles and responsibilities document specifying what you vs. your tenants are responsible for during security incidents?	
	SEF-02.4	Have you tested your security incident response plans in the last year?	
Security Incident Management, E-Discovery & Cloud Forensics *Incident Reporting*	SEF-03.1	Does your security information and event management (SIEM) system merge data sources (app logs, firewall logs, IDS logs, physical access logs, etc.) for granular analysis and alerting?	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
	SEF-03.2	Does your logging and monitoring framework allow isolation of an incident to specific tenants?	
Security Incident Management, E-Discovery & Cloud Forensics *Incident Response Legal Preparation*	SEF-04.1	Does your incident response plan comply with industry standards for legally admissible chain-of-custody management processes and controls?	
	SEF-04.2	Does your incident response capability include the use of legally admissible forensic data collection and analysis techniques?	
	SEF-04.3	Are you capable of supporting litigation holds (freeze of data from a specific point in time) for a specific tenant without freezing other tenant data?	
	SEF-04.4	Do you enforce and attest to tenant data separation when producing data in response to legal subpoenas?	
Security Incident Management, E-Discovery & Cloud Forensics *Incident Response Metrics*	SEF-05.1	Do you monitor and quantify the types, volumes and impacts on all information security incidents?	AWS Security Metrics are monitored and analyzed in accordance with ISO 27001 standard. Refer to ISO 27001 Annex A, domain 16 for further details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	SEF-05.2	Will you share statistical information for security incident data with your tenants upon request?	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Supply Chain Management, Transparency and Accountability *Data Quality and Integrity*	STA-01.1	Do you inspect and account for data quality errors and associated risks, and work with your cloud supply-chain partners to correct them?	Customers retain control and ownership over the quality of their data and potential quality errors that may arise through their usage of AWS services. Refer to AWS SOC report for specific details in relation to Data Integrity and Access Management (including least privilege access)
	STA-01.2	Do you design and implement controls to mitigate and contain data security risks through proper separation of duties, role-based access, and least-privileged access for all personnel within your supply chain?	
Supply Chain Management, Transparency and Accountability *Incident Reporting*	STA-02.1	Do you make security incident information available to all affected customers and providers periodically through electronic methods (e.g. portals)?	AWS' incident response program, plans and procedures have been developed in alignment with ISO 27001 standard. The AWS SOC reports provides details on the specific control activities executed by AWS. The AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper (available at http://aws.amazon.com/security) provides additional details.
Supply Chain Management, Transparency and Accountability *Network / Infrastructure Services*	STA-03.1	Do you collect capacity and use data for all relevant components of your cloud service offering?	AWS manages capacity and utilization data in alignment with ISO 27001 standard. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	STA-03.2	Do you provide tenants with capacity planning and use reports?	
Supply Chain Management, Transparency and Accountability *Provider Internal Assessments*	STA-04.1	Do you perform annual internal assessments of conformance and effectiveness of your policies, procedures, and supporting measures and metrics?	AWS procurement and supply chain team maintain relationships with all AWS suppliers. Refer to ISO 27001 standards; Annex A, domain 15 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Supply Chain Management, Transparency and Accountability *Third Party Agreements*	STA-05.1	Do you select and monitor outsourced providers in compliance with laws in the country where the data is processed, stored and transmitted?	Personnel security requirements for third-party providers supporting AWS systems and devices are established in a Mutual Non-Disclosure Agreement between AWS' parent organization, Amazon.com, and the respective third-party provider. The Amazon Legal Counsel and the AWS Procurement team define AWS third party provider personnel security requirements in contract agreements with the third party provider. All persons working with AWS information must at a minimum, meet the screening process for pre-employment background checks and sign a Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA) prior to being granted access to AWS information. AWS does not generally outsource development of AWS services to subcontractors.
	STA-05.2	Do you select and monitor outsourced providers in compliance with laws in the country where the data originates?	
	STA-05.3	Does legal counsel review all third-party agreements?	
	STA-05.4	Do third-party agreements include provision for the security and protection of information and assets?	
	STA-05.5	Do you provide the client with a list and copies of all sub processing agreements and keep this updated?	
Supply Chain Management, Transparency and Accountability *Supply Chain Governance Reviews*	STA-06.1	Do you review the risk management and governance processes of partners to account for risks inherited from other members of that partner's supply chain?	AWS maintains formal agreements with key third party suppliers and implements appropriate relationship management mechanisms in line with their relationship to the business. AWS' third party management processes are reviewed by independent auditors as part of AWS ongoing compliance with SOC and ISO 27001.

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Supply Chain Management, Transparency and Accountability *Supply Chain Metrics*	STA-07.1	Are policies and procedures established, and supporting business processes and technical measures implemented, for maintaining complete, accurate and relevant agreements (e.g., SLAs) between providers and customers (tenants)?	
	STA-07.2	Do you have the ability to measure and address non-conformance of provisions and/or terms across the entire supply chain (upstream/downstream)?	
	STA-07.3	Can you manage service-level conflicts or inconsistencies resulting from disparate supplier relationships?	
	STA-07.4	Do you review all agreements, policies and processes at least annually?	
Supply Chain Management, Transparency and Accountability *Third Party Assessment*	STA-08.1	Do you assure reasonable information security across your information supply chain by performing an annual review?	
	STA-8.2	Does your annual review include all partners/third-party providers upon which your information supply chain depends?	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
Supply Chain Management, Transparency and Accountability *Third Party Audits*	STA-09.1	Do you permit tenants to perform independent vulnerability assessments?	Customers can request permission to conduct scans of their cloud infrastructure as long as they are limited to the customer's instances and do not violate the AWS Acceptable Use Policy. Advance approval for these types of scans can be initiated by submitting a request via the AWS Vulnerability / Penetration Testing Request Form. AWS Security regularly engages independent security firms to perform external vulnerability threat assessments. The AWS SOC reports provides additional details on the specific control activities executed by AWS.
	STA-09.2	Do you have external third party services conduct vulnerability scans and periodic penetration tests on your applications and networks?	
Threat and Vulnerability Management *Antivirus / Malicious Software*	TVM-01.1	Do you have anti-malware programs that support or connect to your cloud service offerings installed on all of your systems?	AWS' program, processes and procedures to managing antivirus / malicious software is in alignment with ISO 27001 standards. Refer to AWS SOC reports provides further details. In addition, refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 12 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	TVM-01.2	Do you ensure that security threat detection systems using signatures, lists or behavioral patterns are updated across all infrastructure components within industry accepted time frames?	
Threat and Vulnerability Management *Vulnerability / Patch Management*	TVM-02.1	Do you conduct network-layer vulnerability scans regularly as prescribed by industry best practices?	Customers retain control of their own guest operating systems, software and applications and are responsible for performing vulnerability scans and patching of their own systems. Customers can request permission to conduct scans of their cloud infrastructure as long as they are limited to the customer's instances and do not violate the AWS Acceptable Use Policy. AWS Security regularly scans all Internet-facing service endpoint IP addresses for vulnerabilities. AWS Security notifies the appropriate parties to remediate any identified vulnerabilities. AWS' own maintenance and system patching generally do not impact customers. Refer to AWS Cloud Security Whitepaper for further information - available at
	TVM-02.2	Do you conduct application-layer vulnerability scans regularly as prescribed by industry best practices?	
	TVM-02.3	Do you conduct local operating system-layer vulnerability scans regularly as prescribed	

Control Group	CID	Consensus Assessment Questions	AWS Response
		by industry best practices?	http://aws.amazon.com/security. Refer to ISO 27001 standard, Annex A, domain 12 for additional details. AWS has been validated and certified by an independent auditor to confirm alignment with ISO 27001 certification standard.
	TVM-02.4	Will you make the results of vulnerability scans available to tenants at their request?	
	TVM-02.5	Do you have a capability to rapidly patch vulnerabilities across all of your computing devices, applications and systems?	
	TVM-02.6	Will you provide your risk-based systems patching time frames to your tenants upon request?	
Threat and Vulnerability Management *Mobile Code*	TVM-03.1	Is mobile code authorized before its installation and use, and the code configuration checked, to ensure that the authorized mobile code operates according to a clearly defined security policy?	AWS allows customers to manage client and mobile applications to their own requirements.
	TVM-03.2	Is all unauthorized mobile code prevented from executing?	

Further Reading

For additional information, see the following sources:

- [AWS Risk and Compliance Overview](#)
- [AWS Certifications, Programs, Reports, and Third-Party Attestations](#)
- [AWS Answers to Key Compliance Questions](#)

Document Revisions

Date	Description
January 2017	Migrated to new template.
January 2016	First publication