| Side Event Programme | | |
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| Agenda iter | n Details | Duration |
| Opening ceremony | · Performance of "Kava" by the Oceania Centre, University of the South Pacific | 1.00 – 1.05pm |
| Welcome and opening remarks | H.E. Tuiloma Neroni Slade, Pacific Ocean Commissioner and Secretary General of the Pacific Islands Forum Secretariat H.E. Tommy E Remengesau Jr, President of the Republic of Palau | 1.05 – 1.20pm |
| Cultural performand | Performances by the Oceania Centre, University of the South Pacific o "My Island Home" o "Tsunami Bird" | 1.20 – 1.30pm |
| Panel discussions | Panel 1 Mr Miguel de Serpa Soares, United Nations Under-Secretary-General for Legal Affairs and United Nations Legal Counsel, United Nations Office of Legal Affairs Government of Papua New Guinea (TBC) H.E. Enele Sopoaga, Prime Minister of Tuvalu Sefania Nawadra, Director Environmental Monitoring and Governance, Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme Etika Rupeni, Technical Adviser, Locally-Managed Marine Area Network Performance of "People of the Sea" by the Oceania Centre, University of the South Pacific Panel 2 H.E. Tommy E Remengesau Jr, President of Palau Dr Greg Stone, Senior Vice President and Chief Ocean Scientist, Moore Centre for Science and Oceans, Conservation International Ilisoni Vuidreketi, CEO South Pacific Tourism Organisation Dr Ulrike Guerin, Secretary of the Convention on the Protection of the Underwater Cultural Heritage, United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation Moses Amos, Director Fisheries, Aquaculture and Marine Ecosystems, Secretariat of the Pacific Community Rachel Kyte, Vice President and Special Envoy, Climate Change Group, World Bank Group | 1.30 – 2.25pm |
| Closing ceremony | Concluding remarks by H.E. Tuiloma Neroni Slade, Pacific Ocean Commissioner and Secretary General of the Pacific Islands Forum Secretariat Performance of a medley of traditional and contemporary dance by the Oceania Centre, University of the South Pacific | 2.25 – 2.30pm |



Rpia, Samoa 1-4 September | 2014

Our Sea of Islands, Our Livelihoods, Our Oceania The Pacific Ocean Alliance

A Side Event at the Third International Conference on Small Island Developing States

Date and time: 1 September 2014; 13:00-14:30

Venue: Conference Room 3 in the Faleata Sports Complex



The Pacific Region and its nations have stewardship responsibilities for a vast area of the earth's surface, 98% of which consists of ocean. The ocean weaves together our customs and cultural tradition and affects nearly every aspect of the development agenda in the Pacific region. The Pacific Ocean Alliance, an initiative called for by Pacific Leaders in the Framework for a Pacific Oceanscape, will bring together a group of stakeholders that is truly representative of the diverse range of ocean interests. It will be a mechanism to strengthen coordination and collaboration for effective implementation of regional and national actions. Together, partners will work to enhance the sustainable development, management and conservation of the Pacific Ocean.

This side event will provide a mix of cultural presentations and conversations on a range of ocean-related topics. Examples of work being undertaken in the region will be highlighted and opportunities to strengthen ocean management will be explored. The USP Oceania Centre will provide cultural performances inspired by the Pacific Ocean and the work of Epeli Hau'ofa.













CHARTER OF THE PACIFIC OCEAN ALLIANCE

Establishment of the Pacific Ocean Alliance

- 1. In 2010, Leaders of the Pacific Islands Forum endorsed Our Sea of Islands, Our Livelihoods, Our Oceania, A Framework for a Pacific Oceanscape (FPO) to drive the implementation of the Pacific Islands Regional Oceans Policy (PIROP).
- 2. The establishment of the Pacific Ocean Alliance (POA) arises from the FPO and the priority it accords to fostering partnerships in the development and implementation of ocean-related priorities at the national, regional and international levels.
- 3. The POA shares the overarching vision of the FPO, being 'A secure future for Pacific Island Countries and Territories based on sustainable development, management and conservation of our Ocean'.
- 4. As envisaged by the FPO, the POA is an information-sharing and coordination mechanism, facilitated by the Pacific Ocean Commissioner, which will:
 - "...provide effective ocean policy coordination and implementation, facilitate regional
 cooperation for the high seas, as well as support for national ocean governance and policy
 processes when required. This [will] include the context for support and streamlining to
 achieve national commitments to multilateral environmental agreements. Inter-regional
 cooperation [will] be developed and fostered" (FPO Action 2b); and
 - "...assess and explore emerging issues and to ensure effective coordinated action" (FPO Action 6a).
- 5. The POA complements existing networks of relationships between peers for informing decision making at the national, regional and global levels, across all ocean-related sectors. This includes formal mechanisms established through specific agreements, and community networks.

Guiding Principles

- 6. The POA is founded upon, and will be guided by, the following principles:
 - Sustainable development, management and conservation of the Ocean can only be achieved using integrated approaches;
 - Effective action will be founded on strong partnerships and, fostering cooperation and inclusiveness;
 - Improved understanding of the Pacific Ocean will strengthen decision making and programme delivery; and
 - Action must focus on the priorities and needs of Pacific Island Countries and Territories (PICTs).

The Role of the Pacific Ocean Alliance

- 7. In line with direction provided in the FPO, the POA will:
 - Establish a network of key stakeholders that represents the diverse range of ocean interests;
 - Provide a central platform for engagement on ocean-related issues;
 - Promote improved coordination and collaboration between ocean stakeholders. This
 includes cooperation between stakeholders within the Pacific region, and with stakeholders
 from other regions;

- Foster integrated, informed and balanced decision-making at all levels, which factors in the economic, social, environmental and cultural benefits of the Pacific Ocean and islands, their coasts and coastal areas, and associated resources;
- Encourage the integration of ocean considerations into policies and programmes across all related sectors. Efforts to improve development effectiveness will be important in this context;
- Foster improved understanding about existing ocean stakeholders and their mandates
 and interests in specific areas of ocean and coastal management (such as fisheries,
 tourism, transport, energy, conservation, extractive industry, coastal zone development
 and planning, resilience, subsistence livelihoods and pollution control);
- Pool and share the knowledge and expertise of POA members for the benefit of its members, PICTs and the region as a whole;
- Build and strengthen networks of leaders, advocates and specialists to champion the Pacific Ocean and related issues at community, national, regional and global levels;
- Assist with monitoring and reporting on regional and global ocean-related priorities, particularly those outlined in the PIROP and FPO; and
- · Facilitate assessment and exploration of emerging issues by members.

The Composition of the Pacific Ocean Alliance

- 8. The POA provides a platform at which all Pacific Ocean stakeholders can engage in frank and productive discussions. Accordingly, participation by all stakeholders is encouraged, including but not limited to:
 - PICTs;
 - · Private sector organisations;
 - · Civil society organisations;
 - Academic and research organisations;
 - Development partners; and
 - · Regional and international organisations.

The Operation of the Pacific Ocean Alliance

- The POA will be facilitated by the Pacific Ocean Commissioner. In facilitating the POA, the Commissioner will:
 - Provide high level representation on ocean issues;
 - Convene meetings of the POA on a triennial basis. Participating PICTs will be invited to host such meetings; and
 - Identify strategic opportunities for conveying reports and recommendations of the POA, including but not limited to: relevant meetings of Leaders and Ministers; meetings of the governing bodies of regional organisations; and the Council of Regional Organisations in the Pacific (CROP).
- 10. Where POA members agree there is a specific need, working groups and/or expert think tanks will be established. These groups will have clear terms of reference, and be time bound and output oriented.
- 11. The governance arrangement for the POA will be further developed and reviewed as the POA progresses.