wooden flute. As if that little private silence were the signal, all at

wholly rapt in the sweet, thin magic of the tune. He finishes, and slowly lowers his hands holding the

and generous contentment, a magnanimous triumph felt not against some outer enemy but in communion with the finest and fairest in the souls of all men everywhere and hearts of the people of Omelas, and the victory they celebrate is that of life. I really don't think many of them need to take drooz.

The Ones Who Walk Away from Omelas

Ursula K. Le Guin

In a basement under one of the beautiful public buildings of Omelas, or perhaps in the cellar of one of its spacious private homes, there is a room. It has one locked door, and no window. A little light seeps in dustily between cracks in the boards, secondhand from a cobwebbed window somewhere across the cellar. In one corner of the little room a couple of mops, with stiff, clotted, foul-smelling heads stand near a rusty bucket. The floot is dirt, a little damp to the touch, as cellar dirt usually is. The room is about three touch, as cellar dirt usually is. The room is about three touch, as cellar dirt usually is, or district damp to tool room. In the room a child is sitting. It could be a boy or a girl. It looks about six, but actually is nearly ten. It is feeble-minded. Perhaps it was born defective, or perhaps

joy? No? Then let me describe one more thing.
In a basement under one of the beautiful public build-

begun. Do you believe? Do you accept the festival, the city, the

once a trumpet sounds from the pavilion near the starting line: imperious, melancholy, piercing. The horses rear on their slender legs, and some of them neigh in answer. Sober-faced, the young riders stroke the horses' necks and soothe them, whispering, "Quiet, quiet, there my beauty, my hope..." They begin to form in rank along the starting line. The crowds along the racecourse are like a field of grass and flowers in the wind. The Festival of Summer has grass and flowers in the wind. The Festival of Summer has

Joy; it will not do; it is fearful and it is trivial. A boundless

as we did without clergy, let us do without soldiers. The joy built upon successful slaughter is not the right kind of

The sense of victory, surely, the celebration of courage. But

to be beer. What else, what else belongs in the joyous city?

habit-forming. For more modest tastes I think there ought

as exciting the pleasure of sex beyond belief; and it is not

the very arcana and inmost secrets of the Universe, as well

hours a dreamy languor, and wonderful visions at last of

and brilliance to the mind and limbs, and then after some

ways of the city, drooz which first brings a great lightness

the faint insistent sweetness of drooz may perfume the

not drugs, but that is puritanical. For those who like it,

But what else should there be? I thought at first there were

all. One thing I know there is none of in Omelas is guilt.

of these delightful rituals be beloved and looked after by

the gongs, and (a not unimportant point) let the offspring

copulations, and the glory of desire be proclaimed upon

join the processions. Let tambourines be struck above the

ger of the needy and the rapture of the flesh. Let them

about, offering themselves like divine souffles to the hun-

yes, clergy no. Surely the beautiful nudes can just wander

ples in Omelas — at least, not manned temples. Religion

idea. But really it would be better not to have any tem-

grease a day. It is naked. Its buttocks and thighs are a mass its belly protrudes; it lives on a half-bowl of corn meal and less and less often. It is so thin there are no calves to its legs; makes a kind of whining, "ch-haa, ch-haa," and it speaks for help at night, and cry a good deal, but now it only will be good!" They never answer. The child used to scream times speaks. "I will be good," it says. "Please let me out. I and can remember sunlight and its mother's voice, somebut the child, who has not always lived in the tool room, eyes disappear. The people at the door never say anything, and the water jug are hastily filled, the door is locked, the peer in at it with trightened, disgusted eyes. The food bowl child to make it stand up. The others never come close, but people, are there. One of them may come in and kick the door rattles terribly and opens, and a person, or several no understanding of time or interval — sometimes the body ever comes, except that sometimes — the child has and nobody will come. The door is always locked; and nothe mops are still standing there; and the door is locked; mops. It finds them horrible. It shuts its eyes, but it knows thest from the bucket and the two mops. It is afraid of the with its toes or genitals, as it sits hunched in the corner farneglect. It picks its nose and occasionally fumbles vaguely it has become imbecile through fear, malnutrition, and This is usually explained to children when they are between eight and twelve, whenever they seem capable of understanding; and most of those who come to see the child are young people, though often enough an adult comes, or comes back, to see the child. No matter how well the matter has been explained to them, these young spectators are always shocked and sickened at the sight. They feel distre always shocked and sickened at the sight. They feel distre always shocked and sickened at the sight. They feel distred anget, outrage, imporence, despite all the explanations. They would like to do something for the child. But there is nothing they can do. If the child were brought up into the sunlight out of that vile place, if it were cleaned and fed and comforted, that would be a good thing indeed;

Of festered sores, as it sits in its own excrement continually. They all know it is there, all the people of Omelas. Some of them have come to see it, others are content merely to know it is there. They all know that it has to be there. Some of them understand why, and some do not, but they all understand that their happiness, the beauty of their children, the derstand that their friendships, the health of their children, the wisdom of their scholars, the skill of their makers, even the abundance of their harvest and the kindly weathers of their skies, depend wholly on this child's abominable mistheir skies, depend wholly on this child's abominable mistheir skies, depend wholly on this child's abominable mistreit skies.

traveler must pass down village streets, between the houses with yellow-lit windows, and on out into the darkness of the fields. Each alone, they go west or north, towards the mountains. They go on. They leave Omelas, they walk ahead into the darkness, and they do not come back. The place they go towards is a place even less imaginable to most of us than the city of happiness. I cannot describe it at all. It is possible that it does not exist. But they seem to know where they are going, the ones who walk away from Omelas.

the deep godhead of the blood, although that was my first man or woman, lover or stranger, who desires union with esses already half in ecstasy and ready to copulate with any temples from which issue beautiful nude priests and priestorgy would help, don't hesitate. Let us not, however, have bells, parades, horses, bleh. It so, please add an orgy. It an Omelas so far strikes some of you as goody-goody. Smiles, icent Farmers' Market. But even granted trains, I fear that somest building in town, though plainer than the magnifand that the train station of Omelas is actually the hand-Festival on very fast little trains and double-decked trams, been coming in to Omelas during the last days before the think that people from towns up and down the coast have none of that; it doesn't matter. As you like it. I incline to power, a cure for the common cold. Or they could have vices not yet invented here, floating light-sources, fuelless trains, washing machines, and all kinds of marvelous de-— they could perfectly well have central hearing, subway but undestructive, that of comfort, luxury, exuberance, etc. In the middle category, however — that of the unnecessary neither necessary nor destructive, and what is destructive. based on a just discrimination of what is necessary, what is that the people of Omelas are happy people. Happiness is copters in and above the streets; this follows from the fact

7ith a clamor of bells that set the swallows soaring, the Festival of Summer came to the city Omelas, bright-towered by the sea. The rigging of the boats in harbor sparkled with flags. In the streets between houses with red roofs and painted walls, between old moss-grown gardens and under avenues of trees, past great parks and public buildings, processions moved. Some were decorous: old people in long stiff robes of mauve and grey, grave master workmen, quiet, merry women carrying their babies and chatting as they walked. In other streets the music beat faster, a shimmering of gong and tambourine, and the people went dancing, the procession was a dance. Children dodged in and out, their high calls rising like the swallows' crossing flights over the music and the singing. All the processions wound towards the north side of the city, where on the great water-meadow called the Green Fields boys and girls, naked in the bright air, with mud-stained feet and ankles and long, lithe arms, exercised their restive horses before the race. The horses wore no gear at all but a halter without bit. Their manes were braided with streamers of silver, gold, and green. They flared their nostrils and pranced and boasted to one another; they were vastly excited, the horse being the only animal who has adopted our ceremonies as his own. Far off to the north

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technology? I think that there would be no cars or helifor certainly I cannot suit you all. For instance, how about your own fancy bids, assuming it will rise to the occasion, upon a time. Perhaps it would be best if you imagined it as words like a city in a fairy tale, long ago and far away, once better. I wish I could convince you. Omelas sounds in my not wretched. O miracle! but I wish I could describe it were mature, intelligent, passionate adults whose lives were dren — though their children were, in fact, happy. They the people of Omelas? They were not naive and happy chilnor make any celebration of joy. How can I tell you about almost lost hold; we can no longer describe a happy man, embrace violence is to lose hold of everything else. We have repeat it. But to praise despair is to condemn delight, to boredom of pain. It you can't lick 'em, join 'em. It it hurts, artist: a refusal to admit the banality of evil and the terrible intellectual, only evil interesting. This is the treason of the ering happiness as something rather stupid. Only pain is habit, encouraged by pedants and sophisticates, of considnot less complex than us. The trouble is that we have a bad dulcet shepherds, noble savages, bland utopians. They were the bomb. Yet I repeat that these were not simple folk, not stock exchange, the advertisement, the secret police, and out monarchy and slavery, so they also got on without the

and west the mountains stood up half encircling Omelas on her bay. The air of morning was so clear that the snow still crowning the Eighteen Peaks burned with white-gold fire across the miles of sunlit air, under the dark blue of the sky. There was just enough wind to make the banners that marked the racecourse snap and flutter now and then. In the silence of the broad green meadows one could hear the music winding through the city streets, farther and nearer and ever approaching, a cheerful faint sweetness of the air that from time to time trembled and gathered together and broke out into the great joyous clanging of the bells.

Joyous! How is one to tell about joy? How describe the citizens of Omelas?

They were not simple folk, you see, though they were happy. But we do not say the words of cheer much any more. All smiles have become archaic. Given a description such as this one tends to make certain assumptions. Given a description such as this one tends to look next for the King, mounted on a splendid stallion and surrounded by his noble knights, or perhaps in a golden litter borne by great-muscled slaves. But there was no king. They did not use swords, or keep slaves. They were not barbarians. I do not know the rules and laws of their society, but I suspect that they were singularly few. As they did with-

Often the young people go home in tears, or in a tearless rage, when they have seen the child and faced this terrible paradox. They may brood over it for weeks or years. But as time goes on they begin to realize that even if the child could be released, it would not get much good of its freedom: a little vague pleasure of warmth and food, no know any real joy. It has been afraid too long ever to be free of fear. Its habits are too uncouth for it to respond to humane treatment. Indeed, after so long it would probably be wretched without walls about it to protect it, and darkness for its eyes, and its own excrement to sit in. Their tears ness for its eyes, and its own excrement to sit in. Their tears at the bitter injustice dry when they begin to perceive the terrible justice of reality, and to accept it. Yet it is their tears and anget, the trying of their generosity and the acceptance and anget, the trying of their generosity and the acceptance

a kind word spoken to the child.

The terms are strict and absolute; there may not even be

but if it were done, in that day and hour all the prosperity and beauty and delight of Omelas would wither and be destroyed. Those are the terms. To exchange all the goodness and grace of every life in Omelas for that single, small improvement: to throw away the happiness of thousands for the chance of the happiness of one: that would be to let guilt within the walls indeed.

of their helplessness, which are perhaps the true source of the splendor of their lives. Theirs is no vapid, irresponsible happiness. They know that they, like the child, are not free. They know compassion. It is the existence of the child, and their knowledge of its existence, that makes possible the nobility of their architecture, the poignancy of their music, the profundity of their science. It is because of the child that they are so gentle with children. They know that if the wretched one were not there sniveling in the dark, the other one, the flute-player, could make no joyful music as the young riders line up in their beauty for the race in the sunlight of the first morning of summer.

Now do you believe in them? Are they not more credible? But there is one more thing to tell, and this is quite incredible.

At times one of the adolescent girls or boys who go to see the child does not go home to weep or rage, does not, in fact, go home at all. Sometimes also a man or woman much older falls silent for a day or two, and then leaves home. These people go out into the street, and walk down the street alone. They keep walking, and walk straight out of the city of Omelas, through the beautiful gates. They keep walking across the farmlands of Omelas. Each one goes alone, youth or girl, man or woman. Night falls; the