APPENDIX ONE: HOMELESSNESS IN LARGE METRO AREAS

Most homelessness people live in metropolitan areas. Table A.1 show the rate of homelessness in the 100 largest Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

- The two most populated metro areas, New York and Los Angeles, also have the highest homeless populations. However, they are not in the top five metro areas in terms of the *rate* of homelessness.
- Two states, California and Florida, account for 13 of the 24 total metro areas where the rates of homelessness are higher than the national rate.
- The four metro areas with the highest rates of homelessness (at 50 or more per 10,000 in the general population) are (from first to fourth): Tampa FL, New Orleans LA, Fresno CA, and Las Vegas NV.
- Homelessness is more prevalent in the 100 largest metropolitan areas. Sixty-nine percent of homeless people are located in these areas, while only 65 percent of the general population is. The rate of homelessness is slightly higher in the most populated metro areas (22 per 10,000 people) than it is nationally (21 per 10,000 people).
- Homeless populations and rates are highest in three of the four U.S. Census geographic regions —
 Northeast, South, and West regions. The Midwest region has only one metro area (Chicago) among
 the top 20 metro area homeless populations and zero metro areas among the 20 highest *rates* of
 homelessness.

These metropolitan areas are consistent with the definition for a Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) as defined by the Office of Budget and Management (OMB) in Update of Statistical Area Definitions and Guidance on Their Uses, OMB Bulletin No. 10-02, issued December 1, 2009 (available at http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/omb/assets/bulletins/b10-02.pdf). Each of the one hundred most populated metro areas included in this report contains one or more counties including a core urban area and any adjacent counties that have a high degree of social and economic integration (measured by commuting to work patterns) with the core urban area. Homeless data used in this report are collected at the geographic level of a Continuum of Care (CoC), the local or regional bodies that coordinate services and funding for homeless people and families. CoC and MSA boundaries may align, but this is usually not the case as MSA boundaries are often larger than CoC boundaries. Geographic information system (GIS) software was used to arrive at a homeless population estimate in each MSA. GIS shapefiles for each MSA, urban area (which depict urban population density patterns), and CoC boundary were layered to observe spatial relationships. CoC boundaries contained wholly or partially (if the urban areas of a particular CoC were within the MSA boundary in question) within a specific MSA were matched to the MSA boundary and the homeless populations of the matched CoCs were aggregated for MSA homeless population estimates. Each MSA contained at least one CoC. Approximately half of the MSA's were matched with a single CoC and nearly 75 percent were matched with two or fewer CoCs. In four instances an MSA was matched with 10 or more CoCs (13 CoCs in Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH MSA, 17 CoCs in New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA MSA, 11 CoCs in Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD MSA, and 10 CoCs in Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, and DC-VA-MD-WV MSA). In two instances there were MSA's that only matched with Balance of State CoCs, where boundaries encompassed a much larger population area, and, therefore, homeless populations were not calculated (McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX MSA and Ogden-Clearfield, UT MSA).

The MSA and urban areas GIS shapefiles used for the analysis come from ESRI ArcGIS Data and Maps (2006). The CoC shapefiles used for this analysis were obtained from HUD (available at http://www.hudhre.info/index.cfm?do=viewCocMaps).

National Alliance to End Homelessness | APPENDIX ONE | 49

Table A.1 Homelessness in 100 Highest Populated Metro Areas, 2011								
				Homeless				
Metropolitan Areas (MSAs)	Overall Population Estimates	MSA Population Rank	Homeless Population Estimates	Rate (x Homeless People/10,000 in Gen. Pop.)	Homeless Population Rank	Rate of Homelessness Rank		
Akron, OH	699,935	72	857	12	81	65		
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY	857,592	58	1,586	18	53	33		
Albuquerque, NM	857,903	57	1,639	19	49	28		
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ	816,012	62	1,231	15	64	53		
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	5,475,213	9	7,175	13	15	61		
Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC	539,154	95	497	9	94	85		
Austin-Round Rock, TX	1,705,075	35	2,362	14	37	57		
Bakersfield, CA	807,407	63	1,439	18	56	36		
Baltimore-Towson, MD	2,690,886	20	5,968	22	20	23		
Baton Rouge, LA	786,947	66	501	6	93	95		
Birmingham-Hoover, AL	1,131,070	47	1,950	17	43	40		
Boise City-Nampa, ID	606,376	85	838	14	84	58		
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH	4,588,680	10	11,248	25	8	20		
Bradenton-Sarasota-Venice, FL	688,126	75	1,152	17	66	42		
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT	901,208	56	1,005	11	73	72		
Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	1,123,804	50	1,114	10	68	80		
Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL	586,908	86	969	17	77	43		
Charleston-North Charleston-Summerville, SC	659,191	80	527	8	92	91		
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC	1,745,524	33	3,225	18	32	34		
Chattanooga, TN-GA	524,303	98	561	11	91	74		
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI	9,580,567	3	10,171	11	9	75		
Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN	2,171,896	24	1,275	6	63	96		
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH	2,091,286	26	2,262	11	38	73		
Colorado Springs, CO	626,227	83	1,024	16	71	45		
Columbia, SC	744,730	69	1,621	22	51	26		
Columbus, OH	1,801,848	32	1,418	8	58	92		
	6,447,615	4	5,865	9	21	87		
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX		61	986	12	75	70		
Dayton, OH	835,063			19				
Denver-Aurora-Broomfield, CO /1	2,552,195	21	4,809		26	30		
Des Moines-West Des Moines, IA	562,906	90	986	18	76	39		
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI	4,403,437	11	5,124	12	25	71		
El Paso, TX	751,296	68	1,331	18	60	37		
Fresno, CA	915,267	54	5,135	56	24	3		
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI	778,009	67	627	8	89	90		
Greensboro-High Point, NC	714,765	71	1,024	14	72	55		
Greenville-Mauldin-Easley, SC	639,617	82	1,401	22	59	24		
Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA	536,919	96	394	7	96	94		
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT	1,195,998	45	881	7	79	93		
Honolulu, HI	907,574	55	4,234	47	28	5		
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX	5,867,489	6	9,217	16	13	50		
Indianapolis-Carmel, IN	1,743,658	34	1,587	9	52	86		
Jackson, MS	540,866	94	826	15	85	52		
Jacksonville, FL	1,328,144	40	4,416	33	27	14		
Kansas City, MO-KS	2,067,585	29	3,307	16	31	49		
Knoxville, TN	699,247	73	998	14	74	56		
Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL	583,403	87	1,100	19	69	29		
Las Vegas-Paradise, NV	1,902,834	30	9,432	50	12	4		
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, AR	685,488	76	1,276	19	62	31		
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA Louisville/Jefferson County, KY-IN	12,874,797 1,258,577	2 42	57,153 1,628	44 13	2 50	6 63		
Louisvine/Jenerson County, K1-iiV	1,230,377	42	1,020	13	30	03		

50 | APPENDIX ONE | The State of Homelessness in America

Table A.1 (continued) Ho	melessness in 100 Highest Populated Metro Areas, 2011							
	O 11	MCA	II 1	Homeless	11 1	D-/		
Metropolitan Areas (MSAs)	Overall Population Estimates	MSA Population Rank	Homeless Population Estimates	Rate (x Homeless People/10,000 in Gen. Pop.)	Homeless Population Rank	Rate of Homelessness Rank		
Madison, WI	570,025	88	676	12	87	69		
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	741,152	70	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
Memphis, TN-MS-AR	1,304,926	41	1,942	15	44	54		
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL	5,547,051	7	9,766	18	10	38		
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI	1,559,667	39	1,466	9	55	83		
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI	3,269,814	16	5,235	16	23	48		
Modesto, CA	510,385	100	1,434	28	57	18		
Nashville-DavidsonMurfreesboroFranklin, TN	1,582,264	38	2,163	14	40	59		
New Haven-Milford, CT	848,006	60	844	10	83	79		
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA	1,189,981	46	6,687	56	18	2		
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA	19,069,796	1	66,269	35	1	13		
Ogden-Clearfield, UT	541,569	93	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
Oklahoma City, OK	1,227,278	44	1,967	16	42	47		
Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA	849,517	59	1,580	19	54	32		
Orlando-Kissimmee, FL	2,082,421	27	6,230	30	19	17		
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA	802,983	65	1,810	23	47	22		
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL	536,357	97	1,907	36	46	11		
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD	5,968,252	5	11,757	20	7	27		
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ	4,364,094	12	5,831	13	22	60		
Pittsburgh, PA	2,354,957	22	2,225	9	39	82		
Portland-South Portland-Biddeford, ME	516,826	99	615	12	90	68		
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton, OR-WA	2,241,841	23	7,104	32	16	15		
Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY	677,094	77	883	13	78	62		
Providence-New Bedford-Fall River, RI-MA	1,600,642	37	1,933	12	45	67		
Provo-Orem, UT	555,551	91	199	4	98	98		
Raleigh-Cary, NC	1,125,827	49	1,150	10	67	78		
Richmond, VA	1,238,187	43	1,153	9	65	84		
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	4,143,113	14	9,028	22	14	25		
Rochester, NY	1,035,566	51	847	8	82	89		
SacramentoArden-ArcadeRoseville, CA	2,127,355	25	3,665	17	29	41		
Salt Lake City, UT	1,130,293	48	2,033	18	41	35		
San Antonio, TX	2,072,128	28	3,222	16	33	51		
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA	3,053,793	17	9,436	31	11	16		
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA	4,317,853	13	15,050	35	4	12		
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA	1,839,700	31	7,067	38	17	7		
•		92	456	8	95	88		
ScrantonWilkes-Barre, PA	549,454							
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	3,407,848	15 74	12,921	38	6	8		
Springfield, MA	698,903	74	2,566	37	35	10		
St. Louis, MO-IL	2,828,990	18	3,630	13	30	64		
Stockton, CA	674,860	78	2,540	38	36	9		
Syracuse, NY	646,084	81	786	12	86	66		
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	2,747,272	19 70	15,728	57 16	3	1		
Toledo, OH	672,220	79 53	1,096	16	70	46		
Tucson, AZ	1,020,200	52	2,626	26	34	19		
Tulsa, OK	929,015	53	879	9	80	81		
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC	1,674,498	36	1,772	11	48	76		
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	5,476,241	8	13,205	24	5	21		
Wichita, KS	612,683	84	634	10	88	77		
Worcester, MA	803,701	64	1,315	16	61	44		
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA	562,963	89	223	4	97	97		