AWS Enterprise Accelerator – Compliance

Standardized Architecture for NIST High-Impact Controls on the AWS Cloud Featuring Trend Micro Deep Security

Quick Start Reference Deployment

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This guide is also available in HTML format at <u>http://docs.aws.amazon.com/quickstart/latest/accelerator-nist-high-impact/</u>.



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About This Guide

This Quick Start reference deployment guide discusses architectural considerations and steps for deploying security-focused baseline environments on the Amazon Web Services (AWS) cloud. Specifically, this Quick Start deploys a standardized environment that helps organizations meet the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) SP 800-53 high-impact security control baseline, as well as supporting various assessment and authorization frameworks that include the requirements from the high-impact baseline:



- NIST SP 800-53 (Revision 4) high-impact security control baseline. This baseline is for workloads that are categorized as high-impact systems, per NIST FIPS Publication 199.
- The Committee on National Security Systems (CNSS) Instruction 1253
- Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP)
- The DoD Cloud Computing Security Requirements Guide (SRG)
- NIST SP 800-171
- The OMB Trusted Internet Connection (TIC) Initiative FedRAMP Overlay (pilot)

The Quick Start includes Deep Security, which is a host-based security product from Trend Micro. This Quick Start deployment guide was created by AWS in partnership with Trend Micro.

The deployment guide includes links for viewing and launching <u>AWS CloudFormation</u> templates developed by AWS and Trend Micro that automate the deployment.

This Quick Start is part of a set of <u>AWS Enterprise Accelerator – Compliance</u> offerings, which provide security-focused, standardized architecture solutions to help Managed Service Providers (MSPs), cloud provisioning teams, developers, integrators, and information security teams adhere to strict security, compliance, and risk management controls.

Quick Links

If you have an AWS account that already meets the <u>technical</u> <u>requirements</u> for the NIST deployment, you can <u>launch the Quick</u> <u>Start</u> to build the architecture shown in <u>Figure 2</u>. The template is launched in the US East (N. Virginia) Region by default. If you have an AWS GovCloud (US) account, you can <u>launch the template in the</u> <u>AWS GovCloud (US) Region</u>.

Launch Quick Start

The deployment takes approximately one hour. If you're new to AWS or to NIST-compliant architectures on AWS, please read the <u>overview</u> and follow the detailed <u>pre-deployment</u> and <u>deployment</u> steps described in this guide.

If you want to take a look under the covers, you can <u>view the main</u> <u>template</u> used in this deployment. The main template includes references to child templates and provides default settings that you can customize by following the instructions in this guide. For

View main template



descriptions of the templates and guidance for using the nested templates separately, see the <u>Templates Used in this Quick Start</u> section of this guide.

You can also <u>view the security controls matrix</u> (Microsoft Excel spreadsheet), which maps the architecture decisions, components, and configuration in this Quick Start to security requirements within NIST, TIC, and DoD Cloud SRG publications. The excerpt in Figure 1 provides a sample of the available information.

View security controls matrix

NIST SP 800-53 rev4 Controls		Recommended Architecture Comments for NIST SP 800-53 High Controls		CloudFormation Template Mapping						
Control (Sub-parts)	Title	Description	Cont	rol Ba: Moderate	elines High	Description of Full Quick Start Implementation	Addressed By: AWS and Trend Micro	MAIN CloudFormation Stack/Template	APPLICATION CloudFormation Stack/Template	DEEP SECURITY APPLICATION CloudFormation Templates
AC-2 (6)	DYNAMIC PRIVILEGE MANAGEMENT	The information system implements the following dynamic privilege management capabilities: (Assignment: organization- defined list of dynamic privilege management capabilities).				AWE. AWS density and Access Management (MM) provides dynamic privilege management. Access policios sopilatios or annewatema surgeouphica will access and the sensitivation of the sensitivation of the sensitivation to be referabed. Detailon of a user/group/icle will automatically terminate access for that user/group/icle, to include active session. Access control changes to Amazon 30 buckets and objects also take effect automatically and apply to active session.	AWS	This stack does not directly implement this control	AWS::S3::Bucket AWS::S3::BucketPolicy	N/A
AU-6 (1)	PROCESS INTEGRATION	The organization employs automated mechanisms to integrate audit review, analyzis, and reporting processes to support organizational processes for investigation and response to suspicious activities.		×	x	Trend Micro: Deep Security, Becommendation Scan is configured to automatically scan systems and patch levels against the latest Critical Vulnerability and Exposure (CVE) database, and automatically apply Deep Security rular)litters to detect/prevent asplotation of these winerabilities and to produce audit logs and reports thereby supporting continuous monitoring and audit requirements.	Trend Micro	N/A	N/A	Trend Micro::DeepSecurity
CM-2 (2)	AUTOMATION SUPPORT FOR ACCURACY / CURRENCY	The organization employs automated mechanisms to maintain an up-to-date, complete, accurate, and readily available baseline configuration of the information system.			×	AVX5. AVX5 Occuptomentain and AVX5 Configure the automated mechanismic used to maintain an up-to-date, complete, sciences, end reading wallable baseline complexition of the internation system. Trend Micro: Deep Security integrity Monitoring is configured to monitor critical security files for changes as part of an automated process to annow accuracy and availability of these files. The Recommendation Sciencing angline sugges	Both	This stack does not directly implement this control	This stack does not directly implement this control	Trend Micro::DeepSecurity
SC-7 (11)	RESTRICT INCOMING COMMUNICATIONS TRAFFIC	The information system only allows incoming communications from [Assignment: organization-defined authorized sources) to be routed to [Assignment: organization- defined authorized destinations].				Trend Nicro Deep Security Freezall is configured to assimile the control information of all network packets, and deamine if a network connection should be allowed. Stated Longingurston filters anytes each network packet in the context of traffic history, correctness of TCP and IP header values, and TCP connection state transitions, manages existing network assistors with great efficiency.	Trend Micro	N/A	N/A	Trend Micro::DeepSecurity
SC-12	CRYPTOGRAPHIC KEY ESTABLISHMENT AND MANAGEMENT	The organization establishes and manages cryptographic keys for required cryptography employed within the information system in accordance with [Azigmment: organization- defined requirements for key generation, distribution, storage, access, and destruction].	×	x	x	AND. The AVIS Infrastructure generates initial physical physical States yet or use with RC2 Instances in this excitatorue and the public keypoints in managed within AVIS EC2 and the Reverside encyption and related key management for Amaton 13 storage and Amaton RD3 databases is provided by AVIS for the storage buckets and RD5 database.	AWS	This stack does not directly implement this control	This stack does not directly implement this control	N/A
SC-13	CRYPTOGRAPHIC PROTECTION	The information system implements (Assignment: organization-defined cryptographic uses and type of cryptography required for each use) in accordance with applicable federal laws, Executive Orders, directives, policies, regulations, and standards.	×	×	×	AVX. This architecture implements TLS cryptographic mechanisms for Concolo essations, remote API calls, and Anson 30 solves tocces, as and arX52555 derive table description for destancel in 30 and R053 testisses. The basistion host, EX2 instances and associated security groups are configured for SSI login access only. In addition, this architecture analysis Security Groups of the web layer tart extrict network intelling point 43 different for and user access. The Bastic Load Salancer (ELB) at the web layer uses an encrypted endpoint (HTTPS) Thend Micros Deep Security Manager can only be accessed over TLS. The Deep Security Firewall is configured to limit traffic is only access ports.	Both	This stack does not directly implement this control	This stack does not directly implement this control	Trend Micro::DeepSecurity

Figure 1: Excerpt from the security controls matrix

We'd like your feedback After you deploy this Quick Start, please take a few minutes to fill out our <u>survey</u>. Your response is anonymous and will help us improve this and other AWS Enterprise Accelerator – Compliance reference deployments.

About Quick Starts

<u>Quick Starts</u> are automated reference deployments for key workloads on the AWS cloud. Each Quick Start launches, configures, and runs the AWS compute, network, storage, and other services required to deploy a specific workload on AWS, using AWS best practices for security and availability.



Overview

AWS Enterprise Accelerator – Compliance Architectures <u>AWS Enterprise Accelerator – Compliance</u> solutions help streamline, automate, and implement secure baselines in AWS—from initial design to operational security readiness. They incorporate the expertise of AWS solutions architects, security and compliance personnel to help you build a secure and reliable architecture easily through automation.

This Quick Start includes AWS CloudFormation templates, which can be integrated with AWS Service Catalog, to automate building a standardized baseline architecture that aligns with the requirements within NIST SP 800-53, NIST SP 800-171, the FedRAMP TIC Overlay pilot, and the DoD Cloud SRG. It also includes a <u>security controls matrix</u>, which maps the security controls and requirements to architecture decisions, features, and configuration of the baseline to enhance your organization's ability to understand and assess the system security configuration.

NIST-based Assurance Frameworks

NIST FIPS PUB 199 establishes security categories for various federal government information and information systems, and provides guidance for determining the security category for a given information set or system. ¹ A system can be categorized as high impact if "the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a severe or catastrophic adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals."

This Quick Start supports the following requirements:

- NIST SP 800-53 (Revision 4) high-impact security control baseline
- CNSS Instruction 1253
- FedRAMP
- The DoD Cloud Computing SRG
- NIST SP 800-171
- The OMB TIC Initiative FedRAMP Overlay (pilot)

NIST SP 800-53² security controls are generally applicable to Federal Information Systems, "...operated by an executive agency, by a contractor of an executive agency, or by another organization on behalf of an executive agency."³ These are typically systems that must go through a formal assessment and authorization process to ensure sufficient



protection of confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information and information systems, based on the security category and impact level of the system (low, moderate, or high), and a risk determination. Security controls are selected from the NIST SP 800-53 Security Control Catalog, and the system is assessed against those security control requirements.

NIST SP 800-171 is generally applicable to Nonfederal Information Systems that store or process federal Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI), but must appropriately protect the confidentiality of the CUI data in accordance with CUI Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).⁴ These are typically businesses, educational institutions, and research organizations that legitimately store and process federal CUI on their own systems. NIST SP 800-171 chapter 3 contains a set of security requirements that align with the moderate confidentiality requirements within the NIST SP 800-53 security controls.

The OMB Trusted Internet Connection (TIC) Initiative is designed to reduce the number of United States Government (USG) network boundary connections, including Internet points of presence (POPs), to optimize federal network services, and improve cyber protection, detection, and response capabilities.⁵ In its current form, a TIC-compliant architecture precludes direct access to applications running in the cloud. However, the TIC program recently proposed a draft Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP)–TIC Overlay that provides a mapping of NIST SP 800-53 security controls to the required TIC capabilities. In May 2015, GSA and DHS invited AWS to participate in a FedRAMP–TIC Overlay pilot. The purpose of the pilot was to determine whether the proposed TIC overlay on the FedRAMP moderate security control baseline was achievable. In collaboration with GSA and DHS, AWS assessed how remote agency users could use the TIC overlay to access cloud-based resources, and whether existing AWS capabilities would allow an agency to enforce TIC capabilities.

The DoD Cloud Computing Security Requirements Guide (SRG) provides security requirements and guidance for the use of commercial cloud services by DoD mission owners.⁶ It provides security controls implementation guidance for cloud service providers (CSPs) that wish to have their cloud service offerings (CSOs) accredited for use by DoD components and mission owners. In August 2014, AWS became one of the first CSPs to be granted a Provisional Authorization to Operate (P-ATO) to store and process DoD Impact Level 4 data. DoD mission owners that operate their workloads on AWS can use our P-ATO as part of the supporting documentation that their authorizing official (AO) uses to grant the workload a system Authorization to Operate (ATO).



Architecture for NIST High-Impact Compliance on AWS

Deploying this Quick Start builds a multi-tier, Linux-based web application in the AWS cloud with comprehensive protection using Trend Micro's Deep Security. Figures 2 and 3 illustrate the architecture.

Note You can also <u>download these diagrams</u> in Microsoft PowerPoint format, and edit the icons to reflect your specific workload.

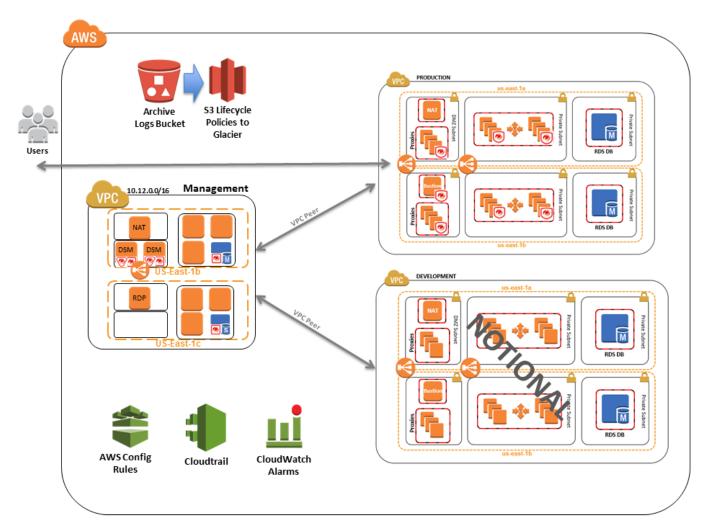


Figure 2: Standard three-tier web architecture depicting integration with multiple VPCs (notional development VPC shown)



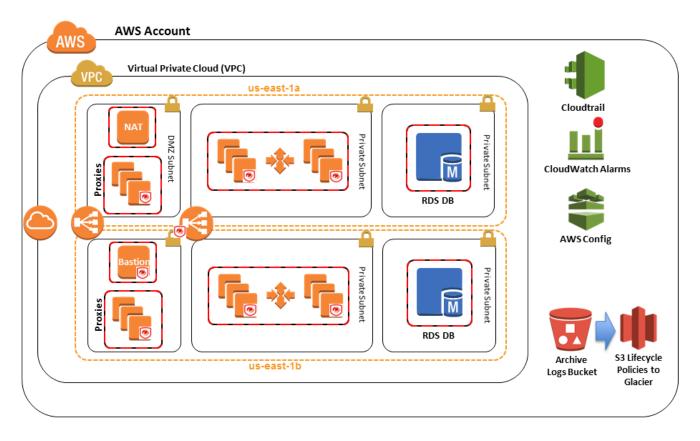


Figure 3: Production VPC design

The sample architecture includes the following components and features:

- Basic AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) configuration with custom IAM policies, with associated groups, roles, and instance profiles
- Standard, external-facing Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (Amazon VPC) Multi-AZ architecture with separate subnets for different application tiers and private (back-end) subnets for application and database
- Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S₃) buckets for encrypted web content, logging, and backup data
- Standard Amazon VPC security groups for Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) instances and load balancers used in the sample application stack
- Three-tier Linux web application using Auto Scaling and Elastic Load Balancing, which can be modified and/or bootstrapped with customer application
- A secured bastion login host to facilitate command-line Secure Shell (SSH) access to Amazon EC2 instances for troubleshooting and systems administration activities



- Encrypted, Multi-AZ Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS) MySQL database
- Logging, monitoring, and alerts using AWS CloudTrail, Amazon CloudWatch, and AWS Config rules
- Policies for Deep Security proactive host-based protection to include preventing, monitoring, logging, and alerting for anti-malware, web reputation, file integrity, IPS/IDS, and host firewall

AWS Services

The core AWS components used by this Quick Start include the following AWS services. (If you are new to AWS, see the <u>Getting Started section</u> of the AWS documentation.)

- <u>AWS CloudTrail</u> AWS CloudTrail records AWS API calls and delivers log files that include caller identity, time, source IP address, request parameters, and response elements. The call history and details provided by CloudTrail enable security analysis, resource change tracking, and compliance auditing.
- <u>Amazon CloudWatch</u> Amazon CloudWatch is a monitoring service for AWS cloud resources and the applications you run on AWS. You can use Amazon CloudWatch to collect and track metrics, collect and monitor log files, set alarms, and automatically react to changes in your AWS resources.
- <u>AWS Config</u> AWS Config is a fully managed service that provides you with an AWS resource inventory, configuration history, and configuration change notifications to enable security and governance. AWS Config rules enable you to automatically check the configuration of AWS resources recorded by AWS Config.

Note The AWS Config rules feature is currently available in five AWS Regions: US East (N. Virginia), US West (Oregon), EU (Frankfurt), EU (Ireland), and Asia Pacific (Tokyo).

- <u>Amazon EBS</u> Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) provides persistent blocklevel storage volumes for use with Amazon EC2 instances in the AWS cloud. Each Amazon EBS volume is automatically replicated within its Availability Zone to protect you from component failure, offering high availability and durability. Amazon EBS volumes provide the consistent and low-latency performance needed to run your workloads.
- <u>Amazon EC2</u> The Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) service enables you to launch virtual machine instances with a variety of operating systems. You can



choose from existing Amazon Machine Images (AMIs) or import your own virtual machine images.

- <u>Elastic Load Balancing</u> Elastic Load Balancing automatically distributes traffic across multiple EC2 instances, to help achieve better fault tolerance and availability.
- <u>Amazon Glacier</u> Amazon Glacier is a storage service for archiving and long-term backup of infrequently used data. It provides secure, durable, and extremely low-cost storage, supports data transfer over SSL, and automatically encrypts data at rest. With Amazon Glacier, you can store your data for months, years, or even decades at a very low cost.
- <u>Amazon RDS</u> Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS) enables you to set up, operate, and scale a relational database in the AWS cloud. It also handles many database management tasks, such as database backups, software patching, automatic failure detection, and recovery, for database products such as MySQL, MariaDB, PostgreSQL, Oracle, Microsoft SQL Server, and Amazon Aurora. This Quick Start includes a MySQL database by default.
- <u>Amazon VPC</u> The Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (Amazon VPC) service lets you provision a private, logically isolated section of the AWS cloud where you can launch AWS services and other resources in a virtual network that you define. You have complete control over your virtual networking environment, including selection of your own IP address range, creation of subnets, and configuration of route tables and network gateways.

Trend Micro Deep Security

Trend Micro's Deep Security is a host-based security product that provides Anti-Malware, Host Firewall, Intrusion Prevention, File Integrity Monitoring, Log Inspection, Web Application Firewalling, and Content Filtering modules in a single agent running in the guest operating system.

- Anti-malware with web reputation protects cloud instances against viruses, spyware, Trojans, and other malware with zero in-guest footprint. Performance is optimized to avoid antivirus storms commonly seen in full system scans and pattern updates from traditional security capabilities. This feature provides protection from sophisticated attacks in virtual environments by isolating malware from critical operating system and security components.
- **Intrusion prevention** examines all incoming and outgoing traffic for protocol deviations, policy violations, or content that signals an attack. This feature automatically protects against known but unpatched vulnerabilities by virtually



patching (shielding) from an unlimited number of exploits, pushing protection to thousands of servers in minutes without reboots.

- **Bidirectional host-based firewall** decreases the attack surface of cloud instances and servers with fine-grained filtering, policies per network, and location awareness for all IP-based protocols and frame types.
- **Integrity monitoring** monitors critical operating system and application files, such as directories, registry keys, and values, to detect and report malicious and unexpected changes in real time.
- **Log inspection** collects and analyzes operating system and application logs in over 100 log file formats, identifying suspicious behavior, security events, and administrative events across your cloud. Events can be forwarded to security information and event management (SIEM) products or centralized logging servers for correlation, reporting, and archiving.

Best Practices

The architecture built by this Quick Start supports AWS and Trend Micro best practices for high availability and security:

- Multi-AZ architecture intended for high availability
- Isolation of instances between private/public subnets
- Security groups limiting access to only necessary services
- Network access control list (ACL) rules to filter traffic into subnets as an additional layer of network security
- A secured bastion host instance to facilitate restricted login access for system administrator actions
- Standard IAM policies with associated groups and roles, exercising least privilege
- Monitoring and logging; alerts and notifications for critical events
- S3 buckets (with security features enabled) for logging, archive, and application data
- Implementation of proper load balancing and Auto Scaling capabilities
- HTTPS-enabled Elastic Load Balancing (ELB) load balancers with hardened security policy
- Amazon RDS database backup and encryption



How You Can Use This Quick Start

You can build an environment that serves as an example for learning, as a prototyping environment, or as a baseline for customization.

Since AWS provides a very mature set of configuration options (and new services are being released all the time), this Quick Start provides security templates that you can use for your own environment. These security templates (in the form of AWS CloudFormation templates) provide a comprehensive rule set that can be systematically enforced. You can use these templates as a starting point and customize them to match your specific use cases.

Cost and Licenses

You are responsible for the cost of the AWS services and Trend Micro Deep Security software used for this Quick Start reference deployment. There is no additional cost for using the Quick Start. As of the date of publication, the cost for using the Quick Start with default settings in the US East (N. Virginia) Region is approximately \$0.96 per hour for AWS services. See the pricing pages for each AWS service you will be using for full details.

Ten trial licenses of Trend Micro Deep Security are included in the stack (expiry 01/08/2017), which will protect one EC2 instance. Please contact Trend Micro at <u>aws@trendmicro.com</u> to purchase software licenses for additional workloads, in AWS or in your data center. Visit <u>http://aws.trendmicro.com</u> for additional information on deployment and purchasing options. AWS and Trend Micro prices are subject to change.

AWS CloudFormation Templates

An AWS CloudFormation template is a JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)-formatted text file that describes the AWS infrastructure needed to run an application or service along with any interconnections among infrastructure components. You can deploy a template and its associated collection of resources (called a *stack*) by using the AWS Management Console, the AWS Command Line Interface (AWS CLI), or the AWS CloudFormation API. AWS CloudFormation is available at no additional charge, and you pay only for the AWS resources needed to run your applications. Resources can consist of any AWS resource you define within the template. For a complete list of resources that can be defined within an AWS CloudFormation template, see the <u>AWS Resource Types Reference</u> in the AWS documentation.



AWS CloudFormation Stacks

When you use AWS CloudFormation, you manage related resources as a single unit called a <u>stack</u>. In other words, you create, update, and delete a collection of resources by creating, updating, and deleting stacks. All the resources in a stack are defined by the stack's AWS CloudFormation template.

To update resources, you first modify the stack templates and then update the stack by submitting the modified template. You can work with stacks by using the <u>AWS</u> <u>CloudFormation console</u>, <u>AWS CloudFormation API</u>, or <u>AWS CLI</u>.

For more information about AWS CloudFormation and stacks, see <u>Get Started</u> in the AWS CloudFormation documentation.

Templates Used in this Quick Start

This Quick Start uses nested AWS CloudFormation templates to deploy the <u>architecture</u> for a multi-tier, Linux-based web application with comprehensive protection provided by Trend Micro Deep Security.

The Quick Start consists of a main template and eight child templates: IAM, logging, production VPC, management VPC, Trend Micro Deep Security, Config rules, NAT instance, and application. These templates are designed to deploy the architecture within stacks that align with AWS best practices and the security compliance framework. The following table describes each template and its dependencies.

Stack and template	Description	Dependencies
Main stack (<u>template-main.json</u> — or see <u>GovCloud version</u>)	Primary template file that deploys the rest of the stacks and passes parameters between nested templates automatically.	None
IAM stack (template-iam.json)	Creates a basic IAM configuration with custom policies, groups, and roles.	None
Logging stack (template-logging.json)	Sets up baseline AWS Config rules for monitoring. Enables AWS CloudTrail, S3 buckets, and bucket policies for logging and archive data. Creates standard Amazon CloudWatch alarms for security-related CloudTrail events.	None
Production VPC stack (template-vpc-production.json)	Configures a secure Amazon VPC for a public- facing application that includes subnets, NAT instances or NAT gateways, route tables, and custom network access control list (network ACL) rules.	None



Stack and template	Description	Dependencies
Management VPC stack (template-vpc-management.json)	Configures a secure Amazon VPC for management functions that support the production VPC, and includes subnets, NAT, route tables, custom network access control list (network ACL) rules, and a restricted, public- facing bastion host to support a secured login path for administrator access.	Production VPC stack
Trend Micro Deep Security stack bundle(MasterRH96.templateDSDBAbstract.templateDSDBSQLRDS.templateDSELBSG.templateDSMSecurityGroup.templateDSMSGIngressRules.templateDSM96ELB.templateDSM96RH.template)	Sets up an Amazon RDS database, HTTPS Elastic Load Balancing, Amazon EC2 instances, Amazon EC2 security groups, IAM security groups, IAM users, and IAM roles.	Management VPC stack
Config rules stack (template-config-rules.json)	Sets up baseline AWS Config rules for monitoring.	IAM, Production VPC, and Management VPC stacks
NAT instance stack (template-nat-instance.json)	Conditionally launched by the Management and Production VPC templates to set up EC2 instances for NAT in AWS Regions where the managed NAT gateway capability is not yet available.	None
Application stack (template-application.json)	Sets up EC2 instances for reverse proxy and web application, an Amazon RDS database, HTTPS Elastic Load Balancing, Amazon CloudWatch alarms, and Auto Scaling groups.	Production VPC stack

The **template-main.json** template is the entry point for launching the entire architecture, and also allows parameters to be passed into each of the nested stacks. The JSON templates for those nested stacks deploy the resources for the architecture.

To deploy the entire architecture (including IAM and Amazon VPC), use the **template-main.json** template when launching the stacks. To deploy the full package, the IAM user must have permissions to deploy the resources each template creates, which includes IAM configuration for groups and roles.



You can also edit **template-main.json** to customize stacks or to omit stacks to be deployed. This can be useful for provisioning teams who must deploy the initial base architecture in accounts for application owners. For more information about deployment options and use cases, see <u>Deployment Methods</u>.

Additionally, you can deploy each stack independently. However, this requires that you pass individual parameters to each template upon launch, instead of relying on the main template to pass these values automatically.

Managing the Quick Start Source Files

We've provided a GitHub repository for the tools and templates for this Quick Start so you can modify, extend, and customize them to meet your needs. You can also use your own Git or Apache Subversion source code repository, or use <u>AWS CodeCommit</u>. This is recommended to ensure proper version control, developer collaboration, and documentation of updates.

The GitHub repository for this Quick Start includes the following directories:

docs/	Security controls matrix and architecture diagram	
templates/	AWS CloudFormation template files for deployment	
tools/	Any additional tools and scripts	
README.md	Readme file for basic information on this package	

Uploading the Templates to Amazon S3

The Quick Start templates are available in an Amazon S3 bucket for Quick Starts. If you're using your own S3 bucket, you can upload the AWS CloudFormation templates by using the AWS Management Console or the AWS CLI, by following these instructions.

Using the Console

- 1. Sign in to the AWS Management Console and open the Amazon S3 console at <u>https://console.aws.amazon.com/s3/</u>.
- 2. Choose a bucket to store the templates in.
- 3. Choose **Upload** and specify the local location of the file to upload.
- 4. Upload all template files to the same S3 bucket.
- 5. Find the template URLs by selecting each template file, and then choosing **Properties**. Make a note of the URLs.



Using the AWS CLI

- 1. Download the AWS CLI tool from <u>http://aws.amazon.com/cli/</u>.
- 2. Use the following AWS CLI command to upload each template file:

```
aws s3 cp <template file>.json s3://<s3bucketname>/
```

Updating the Amazon S3 URLs

The template for the main stack lists the Amazon S3 URLs for the nested stacks. If you upload the templates to your own S3 bucket and would like to deploy the templates from there, you must modify the **vTemplateUrlPrefix** in the Mappings section of the **template-main.json** file.

Planning the Deployment

Prerequisites

Specialized Knowledge

This Quick Start requires a moderate to high level of understanding of the process to achieve and manage NIST 800-53 control requirements and compliance processes within a traditional hosting environment.

Additionally, this solution is targeted at Information Technology (IT) NIST 800-53 assessors and security personnel, and assumes familiarity with basic security concepts in the area of networking, operating systems, data encryption, operational controls, and cloud computing services.

Familiarity with AWS Services

This deployment guide also requires a moderate level of understanding of AWS services and requires the following, at a minimum:

- Access to a current AWS account with IAM administrator-level permissions
- Basic understanding of AWS services, AWS service limits, and AWS CloudFormation
- Knowledge of architecting applications on AWS
- Understanding of security and compliance requirements in the customer organization



AWS offers training and certification programs to help you develop skills to design, deploy, and operate your infrastructure and applications on the AWS cloud. Whether you are just getting started or looking to deepen your technical expertise, AWS has a variety of resources to meet your needs. For more information, see the <u>AWS Training and Certification website</u>, or read the <u>AWS Training and Certification Overview</u>.

Familiarity with Trend Micro Deep Security

This deployment guide also requires a moderate level of Trend Micro's Deep Security product knowledge:

- General understanding of host-based security implementation and management
- Basic understanding of Deep Security product features and management
- Knowledge of Deep Security architecture and implementation on AWS
- Understanding of security and compliance requirements in the customer organization

Trend Micro offers training programs to help you develop skills to design, deploy, and operate your applications on the AWS cloud. More information is available at Trend Micro's AWS website at <u>http://aws.trendmicro.com/</u>.

AWS Account

If you don't already have an AWS account, create one at <u>http://aws.amazon.com</u> by following the on-screen instructions. Part of the sign-up process involves receiving a phone call and entering a PIN using the phone keypad.



Technical Requirements

Before you launch the Quick Start, your account must be configured as specified in the following table. Otherwise, deployment might fail. For step-by-step configuration instructions, see the <u>Pre-Deployment Steps</u> section.

<u>Resources</u>	Resource	Default	Used in this deployment (by default)		
	VPCs	5 per region	2		
	EIPs	5 per region	3		
	IAM groups	100 per account	6		
	IAM roles	250 per account	5		
	Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling groups	20 per region	2		
	ELB load balancers	20 per region	4		
Regions	Config rules, which are u only in five AWS Regions: 1 (Frankfurt), EU (Irelan	sed for configuration US East (N. Virgin Id), and Asia Pacif	in all commercial regions, but AWS enforcement, are currently available ia), US West (Oregon), EU ic (Tokyo) . If you require this ons until AWS Config rules become		
It is important to be aware of what is available in the region you choose the latest list of supported services per region, see <u>AWS Regions and</u> the AWS documentation. For information about service differences in GovCloud (US) Region, see <u>Supported Services</u> in the AWS GovCloud					
<u>AWS Config</u> and AWS Config rules					
Amazon S3 URLs	you update vTemplateUr	lPrefix in the Mapp	oucket for deployment, make sure that ings section of the template - . Otherwise, deployment will fail .		
IAM permissions	To deploy the Quick Start using the console, you must be logged in to the AWS Management Console with IAM permissions for the resources and actions the templates will deploy. The <i>AdministratorAccess</i> managed policy within IAM provides sufficient permissions, although your organization may choose to use a custom policy with more restrictions.				
<u>S3 buckets</u>	region. If you delete a stack security review). If you pla	k, the logging buck n to re-deploy this Q	arated based on the account number an acts are not deleted (to support uick Start in the same region, you must buckets; otherwise, the re-		



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Deployment Methods

You can deploy the Quick Start templates by using AWS CLI commands or from the AWS Management Console. You can also deploy the template package as an <u>AWS Service Catalog</u> product. AWS Service Catalog enables a self-service model for deploying applications and architecture on AWS. You can create portfolios that include one or more products, which are defined by AWS CloudFormation templates. You can grant IAM users, groups, or roles access to specific portfolios, which they can then launch from a separate interface. We've provided step-by-step instructions for the AWS Management Console deployment option in the following sections.

Pre-Deployment Steps

Before you deploy the NIST Quick Start templates, follow the instructions in this section to confirm that your account is set up correctly:

- Review the service limits and service usage of your AWS account and request increases if required, to ensure that there is available capacity to launch resources in your account.
- Ensure that your AWS account is set up with at least one SSH key pair (but preferably two separate key pairs) **in the AWS Region where you plan to deploy**, for use with the bastion login host and other Amazon EC2 hosts.
- Ensure that you have manually set up AWS Config in the AWS Config console, if you are deploying into an AWS Region where AWS Config is available. AWS Config is currently available in the following regions: US East (N. Virginia), US West (Oregon), EU (Frankfurt), EU (Ireland), and Asia Pacific (Tokyo).

Review AWS Service Limits

To review and (if necessary) increase service limits for the resources you need for the NIST Quick Start deployment, you use the AWS Trusted Advisor console and the Amazon EC2 console. You'll need the resources specified in the <u>Technical Requirements table</u>.

Use Trusted Advisor to view the existing service limits for Amazon VPC, IAM groups, and IAM roles within your account, and ensure that there is availability to deploy additional resources:

- 1. Open the Trusted Advisor console at <u>https://console.aws.amazon.com/trustedadvisor/</u>.
- 2. In the navigation pane, choose **Performance**.



- 3. On the **Performance** page, scroll through the list of performance checks until you find **Service Limits**, and expand that section.
- 4. Scroll through the service limit names and compare the **Limit Amount** column to the **Current Usage** column, to ensure that you can allocate the following without exceeding the default limit in the AWS Region you will deploy this Quick Start into (US East [N. Virginia] is recommended):
 - Two (2) more VPCs
 - Six (6) more IAM groups
 - Five (5) more IAM roles

If an increase is needed, you can choose the limit name to open the limit increase request form shown in Figure 4.

🎁 AWS 🗸 Service	s v Edit v		Global 👻 Support 👻
Support Center			
Dashboard Create Case	Create Case Name Account	Basic Support Plan Chan	Choose language English •
	CC Regarding*	Required for IAM users; use commas or semicolons to separate email addresses Account and Billing Support Service Limit Increase Technical Support Unavailable under the Basic Support Plan	•
	Limit Type*	EC2 Instances - 3 Request 1	
		Region* US West (Oregon) • Primary Instance c3.8xlarge • Type* Instance Limit • New limit value* 25 25	4
		Add another request	~

Figure 4: Requesting a service limit increase



Now use the Amazon EC2 console to check your limits for Elastic IP addresses, load balancers, and Auto Scaling groups:

- 1. Open the Amazon EC2 console at <u>https://console.aws.amazon.com/ec2/</u>.
- 2. In the navigation pane, under Network & Security, choose Elastic IPs.
- 3. Count the number of allocated Elastic IPs (if any) displayed in the list, and ensure that you can allocate three (3) more without exceeding the default limit of 5 (or the limit increase you previously requested).
- 4. In the navigation pane, under Load Balancing, choose Load Balancers.
- 5. Count the number of existing load balancers (if any) displayed in the list and ensure that you can create four (4) more without exceeding the default limit of 20 (or the limit increase you previously requested).
- 6. In the navigation pane, under Auto Scaling, choose Auto Scaling Groups.
- 7. Count the number of existing Auto Scaling groups (if any) displayed in the list and ensure that you can create two (2) more without exceeding the default limit of 20 (or the limit increase you previously requested).

Create Amazon EC2 Key Pairs

Make sure that at least one Amazon EC2 key pair exists within your AWS account in the region you are planning to deploy the Quick Start in.

- 1. Open the Amazon EC2 console at <u>https://console.aws.amazon.com/ec2/</u>.
- 2. Use the region selector in the navigation bar to choose the AWS region where you plan to deploy.
- 3. In the navigation pane, under Network & Security, choose Key Pairs.
- 4. In the key pair list, verify that at least one available key pair (but preferably two available key pairs) exist and make note of the key pair name(s). You'll need to provide a key pair name for the parameters **pEC2KeyPairBastion** (for bastion host login access) and **pEC2KeyPair** (for all other Amazon EC2 host login access) when you launch the Quick Start. Although you can use the same key pair for both parameters, we recommend that you use a different key pair for each.

If you want to create a new key pair, choose **Create Key Pair**. For additional information, see the <u>Amazon EC2 documentation</u>.



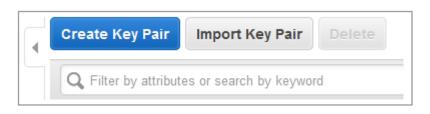


Figure 5: Creating a key pair

Note If you're deploying the Quick Start for testing or proof of concept, we recommend that you create a new key pair instead of specifying a key pair that's already being used by a production instance.

Set up AWS Config

If AWS Config has not yet been initialized in the region where you are deploying this Quick Start, follow the steps below **in the region where you are planning to deploy the Quick Start**.

- 1. Open the AWS Config console at <u>https://console.aws.amazon.com/config/</u>.
- 2. Use the region selector in the navigation bar to choose the AWS Region where you plan to deploy.
- 3. In the AWS Config console, choose Get Started (or Get Started Now).



Figure 6: AWS Config console



4. On the **Set up AWS Config** screen, you may leave all default values in place, or make modifications as you see fit, and then choose **Continue**.

Set up AWS Config Set up A WS Config woods on they also can be also also also also also also also also		_
<form></form>	Set up AWS Config	
Implie Implies Implies <	Resource types to record	
been the types Anazon SS Blocker Anazon SS Stocker Anazon SS Stocker Anazon SS Stocker Anazon SS Stocker Anazon SS Stocker Anazon SS Stocker Anazon SS Stocker Anazon SS Stocker Anazon SS Stocker Anazon SS Stocke		
Amazon S3 Bucket The focus a configuration thatary file that calculues all configurations of your resources. No can also have a configuration trappelot file sent to your bucket. O Contra the we bucket C Config to calculue D Config to calcu		
Very tacket will regularly notive a configuration hatory file that captures all configurations of your resources. You can also have a configuration snapphot file sent to your bucket. C detext a new bucket C doces a bucket from my account C doces a bucket from my account C match configuration changes and netifications to be sneared to an Anaton SNS topic. C match configuration changes and netifications to be sneared to an Anaton SNS topic. C Doces a topic from your account C Doces a topic from your account D Doce a topic from your account D Doces a topic from your account D Doce	Kentlin types	
Contrast a new bucket Concers a bucket from my account Contrast from my account Bucket from a notive account Bucket from oring bucket Contrast from	Amazon S3 Bucket*	
Croces a bucket from my account Croces a bucket from my account Croces a bucket from another account Croces a bucket from another account Croces a bucket from my account Croces a bucket from the ac	tur bucket will reputerly noteive a configuration heavy file that captures all configurations of your resources. You can also have a configuration snapehot file sent to your bucket.	
Conserve a businer from another account Businer Config to Locar Config to L	Create a new bucket	
Bucket Name* Config bucket		
Amazon SNS Topic Brace configuration of larges and notifications to be streamed to an Amazon SNS topic. Concer a new topic Concer a topic from your account Concer a topic from resolut Tapic Name* Config topic	Choose a buckat from another account	
	Bucket Name* oprig bucket E	
Choose a topic from such account Choose a topic from such account Tapic Name* Config tapic	Amazon SNS Topic	
Choose a topic from your account Choose a topic from exother account Tapic Name* Config faget	B Enable configuration changes and notifications to be streamed to an Amazon field topic.	
Choose a topic from another account Topic Name* Sonty-topic		
Tige: Name*		
- Augured tests	Topic Hame" config-topic	
	"Annual tank	>

Figure 7: AWS Config setup screen

5. On the next screen, you are prompted to select or create an IAM role for AWS Config. You may leave all default values in place, or make modifications as you see fit, and then choose **Allow**.



AWS Config is rea	questing permissions to read your resources' configurations.					
SNS. AWS Config 1. Read access to 2. Deliver configur. You can also choo role policies.	uesting read-only access to record the configuration of your resources, and to deliver these configurations to Am will create an IAM role that grants the following permissions: your resource configurations using the Describe or List interface for AWS services. ation data to your Amazon SNS Topic and Amazon S3 Bucket. se to use an existing role and update the role policy to give AWS Config appropriate permissions. Learn more ab					
 Hide Details 	S					
Role Summary						
Role	AWS Config is requesting permissions to read your resources'					
Description	configurations.					
IAM Role	Create a new IAM Role 🗘					
Role Name	config-role44					
View Policy Document						
	Don't Allow Allow					

Figure 8: Specifying an IAM role for AWS Config

6. On the **Resource Inventory** screen, you should now see **Recording is on** in the upper-right corner. This indicates that AWS Config is now active in this AWS Region.

Resource inventory		Status 🗘 🛛	Recording is on						
Look up existing and deleted resources recorded by changed over time.	Look up existing and deleted resources recorded by AWS Config. Select a resource identifier from the results to see how a particular resource's configuration has changed over time.								
Resources Resource type	Resource identifier (option	a) Include deleted resources	Taking inventory						
Tag 🔿 Tag key	Tag value (optional)								
		Look up							
Resource identifier	Resource type	Status							
	Select a resource type or provide	a tag key							





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Deployment Steps

Follow the step-by-step instructions in this section to sign in to your AWS account, customize the Quick Start templates, and deploy the software into your account.

What We'll Cover

The procedure for deploying the Quick Start architecture on AWS consists of the following steps, which we'll cover in detail in the following sections.

Step 1. Sign in to your AWS account

• Sign in to your AWS account, and make sure that it's configured correctly.

Step 2. Launch the stacks

- Launch the main AWS CloudFormation template into your AWS account.
- Enter values for required parameters.
- Review the other template parameters, and customize their values if necessary.

Step 3. Test your deployment

- Use the URL provided in the **Outputs** tab for the main stack to test the deployment.
- Use the IP address for the bastion host provided by the **Outputs** tab for the main stack, and use your private key if you would like to connect to that host through SSH.

Step 1. Sign in to Your AWS Account

- 1. Sign in to your AWS account at <u>http://aws.amazon.com</u> with an IAM user role that has the appropriate privileges (see <u>IAM Permissions</u> earlier in this document).
- 2. Make sure that your AWS account is configured correctly. See the <u>Technical</u> <u>Requirements</u> and <u>Pre-Deployment Steps</u> sections for information. Note that if you plan to use an AWS Region with the AWS Config capability, you must first set up the AWS Config service manually by following the instructions in the <u>previous section</u>.
- 3. Use the region selector in the navigation bar to choose the AWS Region where you want to deploy the NIST high-impact controls architecture on AWS.

Amazon EC2 locations are composed of *Regions* and *Availability Zones*. Regions are dispersed and located in separate geographic areas. This Quick Start uses the **m3.large** instance type for the WordPress and Nginx portion of the deployment. m3.large instances are currently available in all AWS Regions except China (Beijing). The AWS



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Config Rules service is currently available only in the US East (N. Virginia), US West (Oregon), EU (Frankfurt), EU (Ireland), and Asia Pacific (Tokyo) Regions.



Figure 10: Choosing an AWS Region

Tip Consider choosing a region closest to your data center or corporate network to reduce network latency between systems running on AWS and the systems and users on your corporate network. If you plan to use the optional AWS Config rules capability, you must choose the US East (N. Virginia), US West (Oregon), EU (Frankfurt), EU (Ireland), or Asia Pacific (Tokyo) Region until AWS Config rules become available in other regions.

4. Select the key pair that you created <u>earlier</u>. In the navigation pane of the Amazon EC2 console, choose **Key Pairs**, and then choose the key pair from the list.

Step 2. Launch the Stacks

This automated AWS CloudFormation template deploys the Quick Start architecture in multiple Availability Zones into Amazon VPCs. Please review the <u>technical requirements</u> and <u>pre-deployment steps</u> before launching the stacks.

1. <u>Launch the AWS CloudFormation template</u> into your AWS account.

Launch

The template will be deployed into the AWS Region that appears in the navigation bar at the upper-right corner of the AWS Management Console. You can change the region by using the region selector in the navigation bar. Note that if you select a region where



AWS Config is available, make sure to manually initialize the AWS Config service in that region.

If you have an AWS GovCloud (US) account, you can <u>launch the template in the AWS</u> <u>GovCloud (US) Region</u>.

The stacks take approximately one hour to create.

Note You are responsible for the cost of the AWS services used while running this Quick Start reference deployment. There is no additional cost for using this Quick Start. As of the date of publication, the cost for using the Quick Start with default settings is approximately \$0.96 an hour for AWS services, and you can complete the initial deployment for about \$3.00. Prices are subject to change. See the pricing pages for each AWS service you will be using in this Quick Start for full details.

The Quick Start deployment includes ten trial licenses for Trend Micro Deep Security, which will protect one EC2 instance; see <u>http://aws.trendmicro.com</u> for additional licensing and purchasing options.

You can also <u>download the template</u> to use it as a starting point for your customization.

- 2. On the **Select Template** page, keep the default settings for the template URL, and then choose **Next**.
- 3. On the **Specify Details** page, provide the required parameter values for the template. These are described in the following table.

Label	Parameter	Default	Description
Database Password	pDBPassword	Requires input	Password for the database administrator account. This must be a <u>complex password</u> that's between 8 and 28 mixed, alphanumeric characters.
Notification Email Address	pNotifyEmail	distlist@example. org	Notification email address for security events (you will receive confirmation email).
Existing SSH Key for Bastion Instance	pEC2KeyPairBastion	Requires input	The SSH key pair in your account to use for bastion host login (see <u>pre-</u> <u>deployment steps</u>).
Existing SSH Key for Other Instances	pEC2KeyPair	Requires input	The SSH key pair in your account to use for all other host logins (see <u>pre-</u> <u>deployment steps</u>).



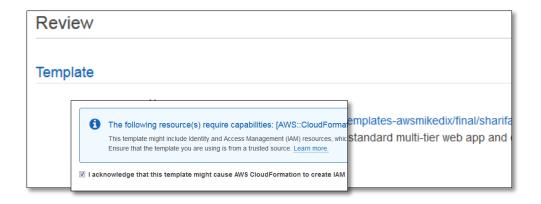
Label	Parameter	Default	Description
Support Config	pSupportsConfig	Requires input	Select Yes if you are deploying in an AWS Region where AWS Config is available and you want to use AWS Config (see <u>pre-</u> <u>deployment steps</u>).
First Availability Zone	pAvailabilityZoneA	Requires input	Select your desired first Availability Zone (Note: Some Availability Zones may be restricted. If the deployment fails, you may need to use a different Availability Zone.)
Second Availability Zone	pAvailabilityZoneB	Requires input	Select your desired second Availability Zone (Note: Some Availability Zones may be restricted. If the deployment fails, you may need to use a different Availability Zone.)
Username for Deep Security Manager Web Console Manager	pDeepSecurityAdminUserName	Requires input	The Deep Security Manager administrator username for web console access.
Password for Deep Security Manager Admin User	pDeepSecurityAdminPass	Requires input	The Deep Security Manager administrator password. Must be 8-41 characters long and can only contain alphanumeric characters or the following special characters !^*+
Accept Trend Micro EULA	pDeepSecurityAcceptEula	Yes	By launching this AWS CloudFormation stack that installs Trend Micro's Deep Security, you accept the terms and conditions of <u>Trend Micro's EULA</u> .

Note You can also <u>download the main template</u> and edit it to create your own parameters based on your specific deployment scenario.

4. On the **Options** page, you can <u>specify tags</u> (key-value pairs) for resources in your stack and <u>set additional options</u>. You can use the tags to organize and control access to resources in the stacks. When you're done, choose **Next**.



5. On the **Review** page, review the settings and select the acknowledgement check box. This simply states that the template will create IAM resources.





- 6. Choose **Create** to deploy the stack.
- 7. Monitor the status of the stack being deployed. When the status field shown in Figure 12 displays **CREATE_COMPLETE for all the stacks deployed**, the cluster for this reference architecture is ready. Since you're deploying the full architecture, you'll see eight stacks listed (for the main template and seven nested templates).

Created Time	Status	Status Reason	Description
2014-12-24 12:31:53 UTC-0500	CREATE_IN_PROGRESS	User Initiated	This template is for use with a

Figure 12: Status message for deployment



Step 3. Test Your Deployment

To test your deployment, choose the link for **LandingPageURL**, as shown in Figure 13. This URL is available from the **Outputs** tab for the main stack.

Create Stac	k Action	s •	Design temp	ate								C
Filter: Acti	ve ▼ By N	lame:									Showin	g 28 sta
Stack Na	ame	Creat	ted Time		Status		1	Descrij	otion			
nist2		2016-	-06-13 16:03	:57 UTC-0400	CREATE_C	OMPLETE	. (QS(002	9) Enterprise Acc	elerator - Provides nesting for	required stacks to de	ploy a fi
Overview	Outputs	Resources	Events	Template	Parameters	Tags	Stack Po	olicy	Change Sets			
LandingPag	geURL				tps://nist2-Appl east-1.elb.amaz				-1203267238.u			
Help										For assistance or questions r	egarding this quickst	art pleas
SurveyLink					tps://aws.au1.q \&qs=nist-high	ualtrics.co	m/SE/?SID	=SV_55	isYYdtY1NhTT	Please take a moment to con	nplete the survey by	clicking
WebsiteUR	L				tps://nist2-Appl east-1.elb.amaz				-1203267238.u admin/install.ph			
DeepSecur	ityConsole				tps://nist2-Mana us-east-1.elb.ar	-		4K2342	ZV-108595626			
TemplateVe	rsion			2.	D							
TemplateTy	ре			St	andard Multi-Ti	er Web Apj	plication					
BastionIP					.7.25.125					Use this IP via SSH to conne	at to Deation Instance	_

Figure 13: Opening the landing page

The link should launch a new page in your browser that looks similar to Figure 14.



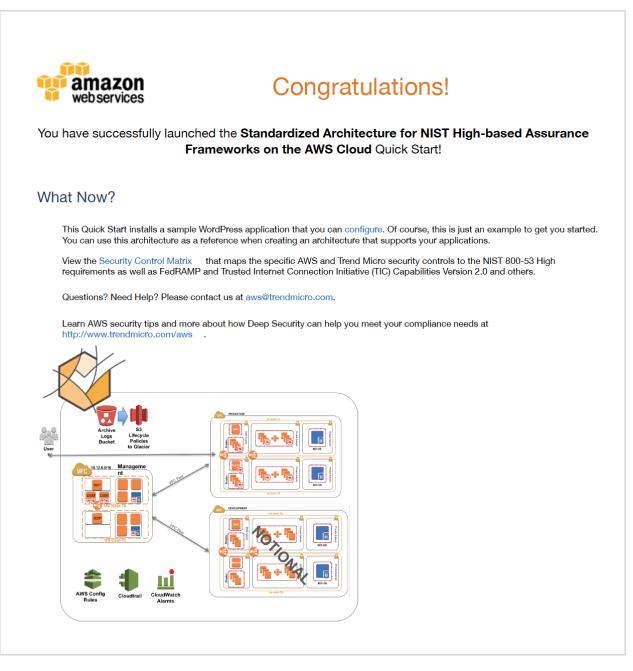


Figure 14: Landing page for Quick Start on AWS

This deployment builds a working demo of a Multi-AZ WordPress site. To connect to the WordPress site, choose the URL provided for the WordPress application on the landing page shown in Figure 14. This URL is also available from the **WebsiteURL** link on the **Outputs** tab shown in Figure 13 for the main stack.



Note WordPress is provided for testing and proof-of-concept purposes only; it is not intended for production use. You can replace it with another application of your choice.

This URL brings up the page shown in Figure 15. You can install and test the WordPress deployment from here.

			V		
Welcome					
				process! Just fill in the information below an werful personal publishing platform in the wo	
Informatior	needed				
Please provide the	ollowing information	. Don't worry	, you	can always change these settings later.	
Site Title			æ		
Username					
	Usernames can have @ symbol.	e only alphanum	eric cha	aracters, spaces, underscores, hyphens, periods, and the	
Password			۹	💋 Hide	
	St	rong			
	Important: You wi	ll need this pas	sword	to log in. Please store it in a secure location.	
Your Email					
Your Email	Double-check your e	mail address be	fore co	ntinuing.	
Your Email Search Engine Visibility		earch engine	s fron	n indexing this site	

Figure 15: Installing WordPress

Note The WordPress application included in this Quick Start deployment is for demo purposes only. Application-level security, including patching, operating system updates, and addressing application vulnerabilities, is the customer's responsibility (see the <u>AWS</u> <u>Shared Responsibility Model</u>). For this Quick Start, we recommend that you delete the AWS CloudFormation stacks after your proof-of-concept demo or testing is complete.



For Deep Security, this deployment provides a web console for configuration and management, illustrated in Figure 16. To access this web console, choose the URL provided from the **DeepSecurityConsole** link on the **Outputs** tab (shown previously in Figure 13) for the main stack.

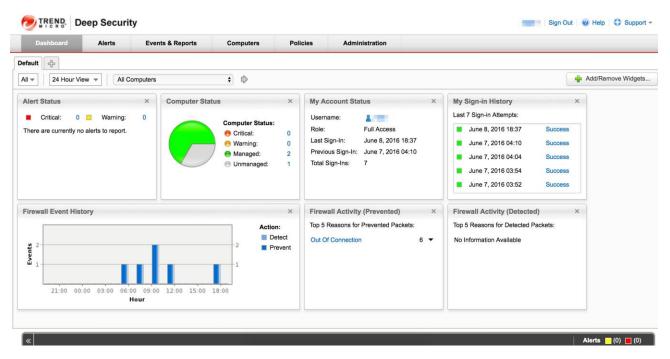


Figure 16: Deep Security Manager Console

Now that you've deployed and tested the NIST architecture on AWS, please take a few minutes to complete our <u>survey</u> for this Quick Start. Your response is anonymous and will help us improve AWS Enterprise Accelerator – Compliance reference deployments.

Deleting the Stacks

When you've finished using the baseline environment, you can delete the stacks. Deleting a stack, either via CLI and APIs or through the AWS CloudFormation console, will remove all the resources created by the template for that stack. **The only exceptions are the S3 buckets for logging and backup. By default, the deletion policy for those buckets is set to "Retain," so you have to delete them manually.**

Important This Quick Start deployment uses nested AWS CloudFormation templates, so deleting the main stack will remove the nested stacks and all associated resources.



Troubleshooting

If you encounter a **CREATE_FAILED** error when you deploy the Quick Start, refer to the following table for known issues and solutions.

Error message	Possible cause	What to do
The following resource(s) failed to create: [rConfigRuleForRequiredTags, rConfigRuleForUnrestrictedPorts, rConfigRuleForSSH, rConfigRulesLambdaRole]	The Support Config parameter was set to Yes , but AWS Config isn't available in the region you selected, or AWS Config has not been initialized.	Set the Support Config parameter to No , or select another region. Also make sure that AWS Config is set up properly, as described in the <u>pre-deployment steps</u> .
Maximum VPCs limit reached	You've exceeded the number of VPCs allowed in your account.	Delete VPCs and/or request a limit increase. Try to create the stack again. For more information, see <u>technical</u> <u>requirements</u> .
Maximum EIPs limit reached	You've exceeded the limit of Elastic IP addresses in your account.	Disassociate Elastic IPs or request a Elastic IP limit increase, and try to create the stack again. For more information, see <u>technical</u> <u>requirements</u> .
Other limits exceeded	You've exceeded the use of resources in your AWS account.	See <u>technical requirements</u> , and <u>request</u> <u>service limit increases</u> as necessary.

If the problem you encounter isn't covered in this table, we recommend that you relaunch the template with **Rollback on failure** set to **No** (this setting is under **Advanced** in the AWS CloudFormation console, **Options** page) and open a support case in the <u>AWS</u> <u>Support Center</u> for further troubleshooting. When rollback is disabled, the stack's state will be retained and the instance will be left running, so the support team can help troubleshoot the issue.

Important When you set **Rollback on failure** to **No**, you'll continue to incur AWS charges for this stack. Please make sure to delete the stack when you've finished troubleshooting.

Integrating with AWS Service Catalog

You can add the AWS CloudFormation templates for this Quick Start to AWS Service Catalog as portfolios or products to manage them from a central location. This helps support consistent governance, security, and compliance requirements. It also enables users to quickly deploy only the approved IT services they need.



For complete information about using AWS Service Catalog, see the <u>AWS documentation</u>. The following table provides links for specific tasks.

То	See
Create a new portfolio	Creating and Deleting Portfolios
Create a new product	Adding and Removing Products
Give users access	Granting Access to Users
Assign IAM roles for deploying stacks	Applying Launch Constraints
	Make sure that the IAM role has a policy and trust relationship defined.
Assign tags to portfolios to track resource ownership, access, and cost allocations	Tagging Portfolios
Perform other administrative tasks	AWS Service Catalog Administrator Guide
Launch products from AWS Service Catalog	AWS Service Catalog User Guide

Additional Resources

AWS services

- AWS CloudFormation
 <u>https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/cloudformation/</u>
- Amazon EC2 User Guide for Linux: https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/concepts.html
- Amazon VPC
 <u>https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/vpc/</u>
- AWS CloudTrail
 <u>https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/cloudtrail/</u>
- AWS Config
 <u>https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/config/</u>
- Amazon CloudWatch
 <u>https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/cloudwatch/</u>
- AWS Identity and Access Management
 <u>https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/iam/</u>



- Amazon RDS
 <u>https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/rds/</u>
- AWS CLI
 <u>https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/cli/</u>
- AWS Service Catalog
 <u>https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/servicecatalog/</u>

Trend Micro

- Trend Micro AWS landing page <u>http://aws.trendmicro.com/</u>
- Deep Security product page <u>http://www.trendmicro.com/us/enterprise/cloud-solutions/deep-security/software/index.html</u>
- Technical support resources <u>http://esupport.trendmicro.com/en-us/business/pages/technical-support/deep-security-9-6-support.aspx</u>

NIST 800-53

- NIST 800-53 Revision 4 http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/SpecialPublications/NIST.SP.800-53r4.pdf
- AWS Architecture and Security Recommendations for Technical Workbook for NIST Compliance in the AWS Cloud <u>https://do.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/aws-architecture-and-security-recommendations-for-fedramp-compliance.pdf</u>
- DoD-Compliant Implementations in the AWS Cloud <u>https://d3ulk6ur3a3ha.cloudfront.net/whitepapers/compliance/AWS_DOD_CSM_Reference_Architecture.pdf</u>

Trusted Internet Connection (TIC)

Guidance for Trusted Internet Connection (TIC) Readiness on AWS
 <u>https://do.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/compliance/Guidance for Trusted Interne
 t_Connection_TIC_Readiness_on_AWS.pdf</u>

AWS Enterprise Accelerators

• AWS Enterprise Accelerators website <u>https://aws.amazon.com/professional-services/enterprise-accelerators/</u>



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Quick Start Reference Deployments

- AWS Quick Start home page https://aws.amazon.com/quickstart/
- Quick Start deployment guides https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/quickstart/



Appendix: Enhancements in This Release

This is third in a set of *AWS Enterprise Accelerator – Compliance* Quick Starts. AWS is constantly working to improve the design, ease of use, and security features of these solutions. This latest compliance Quick Start for NIST SP 800-53 high-impact controls on the AWS cloud featuring Trend Micro Deep Security includes the following security and compliance enhancements:

- HTTPS load balancers with custom security policy using TLS and auto-generation of a self-signed certificate for testing purposes
- Network access control list (ACL) rules for filtering ingress/egress traffic as an additional layer of network security
- Security groups to limit both inbound and outbound traffic to only available ports and protocols
- AWS Config rules automatically deployed for monitoring specific resources most relevant to compliance
- Secure Amazon S₃ policies for logging and application buckets, including custom lifecycle policies for archiving objects in Amazon Glacier and use of versioning
- Custom CloudWatch alarms and notifications for specific security-related events in CloudTrail logging of root activity, IAM changes, and changes to logging policies
- Simplified AWS CloudFormation templates that decouple components, including VPCs, to allow for easier modification and reuse
- Reduced set of AWS CloudFormation parameter groups and labels to simplify console use during the deployment process
- Elastic Load Balancing and Amazon S3 access logging enabled for the application layer
- Deployment of a secured login bastion host for SSH access to Amazon EC2 instances within the architecture
- Elastic Load Balancing for the Deep Security Manager
- Multi-AZ redundancy for the Deep Security Database through Amazon RDS
- Deep Security Anti-malware and web reputation enabled
- Deep Security Intrusion Prevention rules deployed to protect against network attacks and provide shielding from known vulnerabilities and exploits
- Deep Security Firewall enabled to provide logging on network traffic



- Deep Security Integrity Monitoring started to detect and report unexpected changes to files and the system registry
- Deep Security Log Inspection rules to turn on alerts for important security events



Send Us Feedback

We welcome your questions and comments. Please post your feedback on the <u>AWS Quick</u> <u>Start Discussion Forum</u>.

If you haven't filled out our <u>survey</u> yet, please take a few minutes to do so. Your response is anonymous and will help us improve the quality of this Quick Start and other AWS Enterprise Accelerator – Compliance reference deployments.

For Further Assistance

If you need assistance with an enterprise implementation of the capabilities introduced through this Quick Start, AWS Professional Services offers an Enterprise Accelerator-Compliance service to guide and assist with the related training, customization, and implementation of deployment and maintenance processes. Please contact your AWS Account Manager for further information, or send an inquiry to <u>compliance-accelerator@amazon.com</u>.

Document Revisions

Date	Change	In sections
June 2016	Initial publication	_



Notes

- ¹ FIPS PUB 199, "Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems," February 2004, http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips199/FIPS-PUB-199-final.pdf.
- ² NIST Special Publication 800-53, Revision 4, "Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations," April 2013, http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/SpecialPublications/NIST.SP.800-53r4.pdf.
- ³ Federal Information Security Management Act (40 U.S.C., Sec. 11331).
- ⁴ NIST Special Publication 800-171, "Protecting Controlled Unclassified Information in Nonfederal Information Systems and Organizations," June 2015, http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/SpecialPublications/NIST.SP.800-171.pdf.
- ⁵ Memorandum M-08-05, "Implementation of Trusted Internet Connections (TIC)," November 20, 2007, https://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/omb/assets/omb/memoranda/fy2008/m 08-05.pdf.
- ⁶ "Department of Defense Cloud Computing Security Requirements Guide,"18 March 2016, http://iasecontent.disa.mil/cloud/SRG/index.html.

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