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# AWS Certificate Manager

## API Reference

**API Version 2015-12-08**



## **AWS Certificate Manager: API Reference**

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# Welcome

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Welcome to the AWS Certificate Manager (ACM) API Reference. This guide provides descriptions, syntax, and usage examples for each ACM API operation.

You can use ACM to manage SSL/TLS certificates for your AWS-based websites and applications. For general information about using ACM, see the [AWS Certificate Manager User Guide](#).

Instead of using the ACM HTTP API directly, you can use one of the AWS SDKs or command line tools to interact with the ACM API. These tools are available for a variety of programming languages and platforms. For more information, see [Tools for Amazon Web Services](#).

## Signing API Requests

You must sign your HTTP API requests to ACM. When you use the AWS SDKs and command line tools, they sign API requests for you. If you do not use these tools, you must calculate the signature yourself. For more information, see [Signature Version 4 Signing Process](#) in the *Amazon Web Services General Reference*. ACM requires signature version 4.

# Actions

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The following actions are supported:

- [AddTagsToCertificate](#) (p. 3)
- [DeleteCertificate](#) (p. 6)
- [DescribeCertificate](#) (p. 8)
- [GetCertificate](#) (p. 12)
- [ImportCertificate](#) (p. 16)
- [ListCertificates](#) (p. 19)
- [ListTagsForCertificate](#) (p. 22)
- [RemoveTagsFromCertificate](#) (p. 24)
- [RequestCertificate](#) (p. 26)
- [ResendValidationEmail](#) (p. 29)

## AddTagsToCertificate

Adds one or more tags to an ACM Certificate. Tags are labels that you can use to identify and organize your AWS resources. Each tag consists of a `key` and an optional `value`. You specify the certificate on input by its Amazon Resource Name (ARN). You specify the tag by using a key-value pair.

You can apply a tag to just one certificate if you want to identify a specific characteristic of that certificate, or you can apply the same tag to multiple certificates if you want to filter for a common relationship among those certificates. Similarly, you can apply the same tag to multiple resources if you want to specify a relationship among those resources. For example, you can add the same tag to an ACM Certificate and an Elastic Load Balancing load balancer to indicate that they are both used by the same website. For more information, see [Tagging ACM Certificates](#).

To remove one or more tags, use the [RemoveTagsFromCertificate](#) (p. 24) action. To view all of the tags that have been applied to the certificate, use the [ListTagsForCertificate](#) (p. 22) action.

## Request Syntax

```
{
  "CertificateArn": "string",
  "Tags": [
    {
      "Key": "string",
      "Value": "string"
    }
  ]
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#) (p. 40).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### CertificateArn (p. 3)

String that contains the ARN of the ACM Certificate to which the tag is to be applied. This must be of the form:

`arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012`

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\) and AWS Service Namespaces](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[ \w+=/, .@-]+)*`

Required: Yes

### Tags (p. 3)

The key-value pair that defines the tag. The tag value is optional.

Type: array of [Tag](#) (p. 39) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 50 items.

Required: Yes

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors \(p. 42\)](#).

### **InvalidArnException**

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **InvalidTagException**

One or both of the values that make up the key-value pair is not valid. For example, you cannot specify a tag value that begins with `aws:`.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **ResourceNotFoundException**

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account, or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **TooManyTagsException**

The request contains too many tags. Try the request again with fewer tags.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Example

### Add two tags to an ACM Certificate

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.AddTagsToCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20160414T162438Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.10.20 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-83-generic
          boto/1.4.11
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE/20160414/
us-east-1/acm/aws4_request, SignedHeaders=content-
type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=370a583d3532f14e0cb34ea51de782e9e5138171184bfede740f5f150251fa2f

{"CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012",
"Tags": [{"Key": "website", "Value": "example.com"}, {"Key": "stack",
"Value": "production"}]}
```

#### Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: 640bd601-025d-11e6-baa2-cd9f4ef8cda6
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 0
Date: Thu, 14 Apr 2016 16:24:41 GMT
```





## DeleteCertificate

Deletes an ACM Certificate and its associated private key. If this action succeeds, the certificate no longer appears in the list of ACM Certificates that can be displayed by calling the [ListCertificates](#) (p. 19) action or be retrieved by calling the [GetCertificate](#) (p. 12) action. The certificate will not be available for use by other AWS services.

**Note**

You cannot delete an ACM Certificate that is being used by another AWS service. To delete a certificate that is in use, the certificate association must first be removed.

## Request Syntax

```
{
  "CertificateArn": "string"
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#) (p. 40).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**Note**

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

**CertificateArn** (p. 6)

String that contains the ARN of the ACM Certificate to be deleted. This must be of the form:

```
arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012
```

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\) and AWS Service Namespaces](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@- ]+:[\w+=/, .@- ]+:[\w+=/, .@- ]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@- ]+(/[ \w +=/, .@- ]+)*`

Required: Yes

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#) (p. 42).

**InvalidArnException**

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceInUseException**

The certificate is in use by another AWS service in the caller's account. Remove the association and try again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account, or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Example

### Delete an ACM Certificate

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.DeleteCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20151222T164207Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.9.7 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-73-generic botocore/1.3.7
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE/20151222/
us-east-1/acm/aws4_request, SignedHeaders=content-
type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=0b29b04bb5f1ebb5fe9e61cbcdeda903b4ed2e06f3abe8a092c0ed1193b4dfc

{
  "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012"
}
```

#### Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: ee2db085-a8ca-11e5-9561-b3f6248b5775
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 0
Date: Tue, 22 Dec 2015 16:42:03 GMT
```

## DescribeCertificate

Returns a list of the fields contained in the specified ACM Certificate. For example, this action returns the certificate status, a flag that indicates whether the certificate is associated with any other AWS service, and the date at which the certificate request was created. You specify the ACM Certificate on input by its Amazon Resource Name (ARN).

### Request Syntax

```
{  
  "CertificateArn": "string"  
}
```

### Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#) (p. 40).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

#### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

#### CertificateArn (p. 8)

String that contains an ACM Certificate ARN. The ARN must be of the form:

```
arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012
```

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\) and AWS Service Namespaces](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[ \w+=/, .@-]+)*`

Required: Yes

### Response Syntax

```
{  
  "Certificate": {  
    "CertificateArn": "string",  
    "CreatedAt": number,  
    "DomainName": "string",  
    "DomainValidationOptions": [  
      {  
        "DomainName": "string",  
        "ValidationDomain": "string",  
        "ValidationEmails": [ "string" ]  
      }  
    ],  
    "FailureReason": "string",  
    "ImportedAt": number,  
    "InUseBy": [ "string" ],  
    "IssuedAt": number,  
    "Issuer": "string",  
    "KeyAlgorithm": "string",  
  }  
}
```

```
    "NotAfter": number,  
    "NotBefore": number,  
    "RevocationReason": "string",  
    "RevokedAt": number,  
    "Serial": "string",  
    "SignatureAlgorithm": "string",  
    "Status": "string",  
    "Subject": "string",  
    "SubjectAlternativeNames": [ "string" ],  
    "Type": "string"  
  }  
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### Certificate (p. 8)

Contains a [CertificateDetail \(p. 33\)](#) structure that lists the fields of an ACM Certificate.

Type: [CertificateDetail \(p. 33\)](#) object

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors \(p. 42\)](#).

### InvalidArnException

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account, or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Example

### Describe an ACM Certificate

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1  
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com  
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.DescribeCertificate  
X-Amz-Date: 20151221T203246Z  
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.9.7 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-71-generic boto/1.3.7  
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1  
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE/20151221/  
us-east-1/acm/aws4_request, SignedHeaders=content-  
type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,  
Signature=76913a7d6013d34afbdc1bbd6c3e77d5edd3fa2d9883a94d946c6eeea5908d9e  
  
{  
  "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-  
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012"
```

```
}

```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: fd1e5a07-a821-11e5-845d-95c070464235
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 1035
Date: Mon, 21 Dec 2015 20:32:43 GMT

{
  "Certificate": {
    "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012",
    "CreatedAt": 1450212224.0,
    "DomainName": "example.com",
    "DomainValidationOptions": [
      {
        "DomainName": "example.com",
        "ValidationDomain": "example.com",
        "ValidationEmails": [
          "hostmaster@example.com",
          "admin@example.com",
          "admin@example.com.whoisprivacyservice.org",
          "tech@example.com.whoisprivacyservice.org",
          "owner@example.com.whoisprivacyservice.org",
          "postmaster@example.com",
          "webmaster@example.com",
          "administrator@example.com"
        ]
      }
    ],
    "DomainName": "www.example.com",
    "ValidationDomain": "www.example.com",
    "ValidationEmails": [
      "hostmaster@example.com",
      "admin@example.com",
      "admin@example.com.whoisprivacyservice.org",
      "tech@example.com.whoisprivacyservice.org",
      "owner@example.com.whoisprivacyservice.org",
      "postmaster@example.com",
      "webmaster@example.com",
      "administrator@example.com"
    ]
  }
},
{
  "InUseBy": [
    "arn:aws:cloudfront::111122223333:distribution/E12KXPQHVL5YVC"
  ],
  "IssuedAt": 1450212292.0,
  "Issuer": "Amazon",
  "KeyAlgorithm": "RSA-2048",
  "NotAfter": 1484481600.0,
  "NotBefore": 1450137600.0,
  "Serial": "07:71:71:f4:6b:e7:bf:63:87:e6:ad:3c:b2:0f:d0:5b",
  "SignatureAlgorithm": "SHA256WITHRSA",
  "Status": "ISSUED",
  "Subject": "CN=example.com",

```

```
"SubjectAlternativeNames": [  
  "example.com",  
  "www.example.com"  
]  
}
```

## GetCertificate

Retrieves an ACM Certificate and certificate chain for the certificate specified by an ARN. The chain is an ordered list of certificates that contains the root certificate, intermediate certificates of subordinate CAs, and the ACM Certificate. The certificate and certificate chain are base64 encoded. If you want to decode the certificate chain to see the individual certificate fields, you can use OpenSSL.

**Note**

Currently, ACM Certificates can be used only with Elastic Load Balancing and Amazon CloudFront.

## Request Syntax

```
{
  "CertificateArn": "string"
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#) (p. 40).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**Note**

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

**CertificateArn** (p. 12)

String that contains a certificate ARN in the following format:

```
arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012
```

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\) and AWS Service Namespaces](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(\/[\w+=/, .@-]+)*`

Required: Yes

## Response Syntax

```
{
  "Certificate": "string",
  "CertificateChain": "string"
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**Certificate** (p. 12)

String that contains the ACM Certificate represented by the ARN specified at input.



Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 32768.

Pattern: `-{5}BEGIN CERTIFICATE-{5}\u000D?\u000A([A-Za-z0-9/+] {64}\u000D?\u000A)*[A-Za-z0-9/+] {1,64}={0,2}\u000D?\u000A-{5}END CERTIFICATE-{5}(\u000D?\u000A)?`

### CertificateChain (p. 12)

The certificate chain that contains the root certificate issued by the certificate authority (CA).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 2097152.

Pattern: `(-{5}BEGIN CERTIFICATE-{5}\u000D?\u000A([A-Za-z0-9/+] {64}\u000D?\u000A)*[A-Za-z0-9/+] {1,64}={0,2}\u000D?\u000A-{5}END CERTIFICATE-{5}\u000D?\u000A)*-{5}BEGIN CERTIFICATE-{5}\u000D?\u000A([A-Za-z0-9/+] {64}\u000D?\u000A)*[A-Za-z0-9/+] {1,64}={0,2}\u000D?\u000A-{5}END CERTIFICATE-{5}(\u000D?\u000A)?`

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors \(p. 42\)](#).

### InvalidArnException

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### RequestInProgressException

The certificate request is in process and the certificate in your account has not yet been issued.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account, or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Example

### Get an ACM Certificate

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.GetCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20151221T210018Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.9.7 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-71-generic botocore/1.3.7
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE/20151221/
us-east-1/acm/aws4_request, SignedHeaders=content-
type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=b51b4c2d5518473a8552fdab8e313c76254e9ca64e4d8ab69c2ebef83dbd459b

{
  "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012"
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: d5300b5a-a825-11e5-9141-fbb8a078e3eb
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 6506
Date: Mon, 21 Dec 2015 21:00:15 GMT

{
  "Certificate":
    "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIICiTCCAfICCD6m7oRw0uXOjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADCBiDELMAkGA1UEBhMC
VVMxCzAJBgNVBAGTAldBMRAdDgYDVQQHEwdTZWF0dGx1MQ8wDQYDVQQKEwZBbWF6
b24xFDASBgNVBAsTC0lBTSBDb25zb2xlMRlWEAYDVQQDEw1UZXR0Q21sYWVhZAd
BgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEG5vb25lQGftYXpvcj5jb20wHhcNMTEwNDI1MjA0NTIxWhcN
MTIwNDI0MjA0NTIxWjCBiDELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxCzAJBgNVBAGTAldBMRAdDgYD
VQQHEwdTZWF0dGx1MQ8wDQYDVQQKEwZBbWF6b24xFDASBgNVBAsTC0lBTSBDb25z
b2xlMRlWEAYDVQQDEw1UZXR0Q21sYWVhZAdBgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEG5vb25lQGft
YXpvcj5jb20wgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgY0AMIGJAoGBAMaK0dn+a4GmWIWJ
21uUSfwfEvySWtC2XADZ4nB+BLyGVIk60CpiwsZ3G93vUEIO3IyNoH/f0wYK8m9T
rDHudUZg3qX4waLG5M43q7Wgc/MbQITxOUSQv7c7ugFFDzQGBzZswY6786m86gpe
Ibb3OhjZnczvQAaRHhd1QWIMm2nrAgMBAAEwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAtCu4
nUhVVxYUntned9+h8Mg9q6q+auNKyExzyLwaxlAoo7TJHidbtS4J5iNmZgXL0Fkb
FFBjvSfpJiLJ00zbnNYS5f6GuoEDmFJl0ZxBHjJnyp378OD8uTs7fLvJx79LjSTb
NYiytVbZPQUQ5Yaxu2jXnimvw3rrszlaEXAMPLE=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----\n",

  "CertificateChain":
    "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIICiTCCAfICCD6m7oRw0uXOjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADCBiDELMAkGA1UEBhMC
VVMxCzAJBgNVBAGTAldBMRAdDgYDVQQHEwdTZWF0dGx1MQ8wDQYDVQQKEwZBbWF6
b24xFDASBgNVBAsTC0lBTSBDb25zb2xlMRlWEAYDVQQDEw1UZXR0Q21sYWVhZAd
BgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEG5vb25lQGftYXpvcj5jb20wHhcNMTEwNDI1MjA0NTIxWhcN
MTIwNDI0MjA0NTIxWjCBiDELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxCzAJBgNVBAGTAldBMRAdDgYD
VQQHEwdTZWF0dGx1MQ8wDQYDVQQKEwZBbWF6b24xFDASBgNVBAsTC0lBTSBDb25z
b2xlMRlWEAYDVQQDEw1UZXR0Q21sYWVhZAdBgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEG5vb25lQGft
YXpvcj5jb20wgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgY0AMIGJAoGBAMaK0dn+a4GmWIWJ
21uUSfwfEvySWtC2XADZ4nB+BLyGVIk60CpiwsZ3G93vUEIO3IyNoH/f0wYK8m9T
rDHudUZg3qX4waLG5M43q7Wgc/MbQITxOUSQv7c7ugFFDzQGBzZswY6786m86gpe
Ibb3OhjZnczvQAaRHhd1QWIMm2nrAgMBAAEwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAtCu4
nUhVVxYUntned9+h8Mg9q6q+auNKyExzyLwaxlAoo7TJHidbtS4J5iNmZgXL0Fkb
FFBjvSfpJiLJ00zbnNYS5f6GuoEDmFJl0ZxBHjJnyp378OD8uTs7fLvJx79LjSTb
NYiytVbZPQUQ5Yaxu2jXnimvw3rrszlaEXAMPLE=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----\n
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIICiTCCAfICCD6m7oRw0uXOjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADCBiDELMAkGA1UEBhMC
VVMxCzAJBgNVBAGTAldBMRAdDgYDVQQHEwdTZWF0dGx1MQ8wDQYDVQQKEwZBbWF6
b24xFDASBgNVBAsTC0lBTSBDb25zb2xlMRlWEAYDVQQDEw1UZXR0Q21sYWVhZAd
BgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEG5vb25lQGftYXpvcj5jb20wHhcNMTEwNDI1MjA0NTIxWhcN
MTIwNDI0MjA0NTIxWjCBiDELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxCzAJBgNVBAGTAldBMRAdDgYD
VQQHEwdTZWF0dGx1MQ8wDQYDVQQKEwZBbWF6b24xFDASBgNVBAsTC0lBTSBDb25z
b2xlMRlWEAYDVQQDEw1UZXR0Q21sYWVhZAdBgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEG5vb25lQGft
YXpvcj5jb20wgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgY0AMIGJAoGBAMaK0dn+a4GmWIWJ
21uUSfwfEvySWtC2XADZ4nB+BLyGVIk60CpiwsZ3G93vUEIO3IyNoH/f0wYK8m9T
rDHudUZg3qX4waLG5M43q7Wgc/MbQITxOUSQv7c7ugFFDzQGBzZswY6786m86gpe
Ibb3OhjZnczvQAaRHhd1QWIMm2nrAgMBAAEwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAtCu4
nUhVVxYUntned9+h8Mg9q6q+auNKyExzyLwaxlAoo7TJHidbtS4J5iNmZgXL0Fkb
FFBjvSfpJiLJ00zbnNYS5f6GuoEDmFJl0ZxBHjJnyp378OD8uTs7fLvJx79LjSTb
```

AWS Certificate Manager API Reference  
Example

---

```
NYiytVbZPQUQ5Yaxu2jXnimvw3rrszlaEXAMPLE=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----\n
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIICiTCCAfICCD6m7oRw0uXOjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADCBiDELMAkGA1UEBhMC
VVMxCzAJBgNVBAGTAldBMRAwDgYDVQQHEwdTZWF0dGx1MQ8wDQYDVQQKEwZBbWF6
b24xFDASBgNVBAsTC0lBTSBDb25zb2x1MRIwEAYDVQQDEw1UZXR0Q21sYWMxHZAAd
BgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEG5vb25lQGftYXpvbi5jb20wHhcNMTEwNDI1MjA0NTIxWhcN
MTIwNDI0MjA0NTIxWjCBiDELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxCzAJBgNVBAGTAldBMRAwDgYD
VQQHEwdTZWF0dGx1MQ8wDQYDVQQKEwZBbWF6b24xFDASBgNVBAsTC0lBTSBDb25z
b2x1MRIwEAYDVQQDEw1UZXR0Q21sYWMxHZAAdBgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEG5vb25lQGft
YXpvbi5jb20wgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgY0AMIGJAoGBAMaK0dn+a4GmWIWJ
21uUSfwfEvySWtC2XADZ4nB+BLyGVIk60CpiwsZ3G93vUEIO3IyNoH/f0wYK8m9T
rDHudUZg3qX4waLG5M43q7Wgc/MbQITxOUSQv7c7ugFFDzQGBzZswY6786m86gpE
Ibb3OhjZnzcVQAaRHhdlQWIMm2nrAgMBAAEwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAtCu4
nUhVVxYUntned9+h8Mg9q6q+auNKyExzyLwaxlAoo7TJHidbtS4J5iNmZgXL0Fkb
FFBjvSfpJilJ00zbnNYS5f6GuoEDmFJl0ZxBHjJnyp378OD8uTs7fLvJx79LjSTb
NYiytVbZPQUQ5Yaxu2jXnimvw3rrszlaEXAMPLE=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----"
}
```

# ImportCertificate

Imports an SSL/TLS certificate into AWS Certificate Manager (ACM) to use with [ACM's integrated AWS services](#).

**Note**

ACM does not provide [managed renewal](#) for certificates that you import.

For more information about importing certificates into ACM, including the differences between certificates that you import and those that ACM provides, see [Importing Certificates](#) in the *AWS Certificate Manager User Guide*.

To import a certificate, you must provide the certificate and the matching private key. When the certificate is not self-signed, you must also provide a certificate chain. You can omit the certificate chain when importing a self-signed certificate.

The certificate, private key, and certificate chain must be PEM-encoded. For more information about converting these items to PEM format, see [Importing Certificates Troubleshooting](#) in the *AWS Certificate Manager User Guide*.

To import a new certificate, omit the `CertificateArn` field. Include this field only when you want to replace a previously imported certificate.

This operation returns the [Amazon Resource Name \(ARN\)](#) of the imported certificate.

## Request Syntax

```
{
  "Certificate": blob,
  "CertificateArn": "string",
  "CertificateChain": blob,
  "PrivateKey": blob
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#) (p. 40).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**Note**

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

**Certificate** (p. 16)

The certificate to import. It must meet the following requirements:

- Must be PEM-encoded.
- Must contain a 1024-bit or 2048-bit RSA public key.
- Must be valid at the time of import. You cannot import a certificate before its validity period begins (the certificate's `NotBefore` date) or after it expires (the certificate's `NotAfter` date).

Type: Base64-encoded binary data

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 32768.

Required: Yes

**PrivateKey** (p. 16)

The private key that matches the public key in the certificate. It must meet the following requirements:

- Must be PEM-encoded.
- Must be unencrypted. You cannot import a private key that is protected by a password or passphrase.

Type: Base64-encoded binary data

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 524288.

Required: Yes

#### **CertificateArn** (p. 16)

The [Amazon Resource Name \(ARN\)](#) of an imported certificate to replace. To import a new certificate, omit this field.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=/, .@-]+)*`

Required: No

#### **CertificateChain** (p. 16)

The certificate chain. It must be PEM-encoded.

Type: Base64-encoded binary data

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 2097152.

Required: No

## Response Syntax

```
{
  "CertificateArn": "string"
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### **CertificateArn** (p. 17)

The [Amazon Resource Name \(ARN\)](#) of the imported certificate.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=/, .@-]+)*`

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#) (p. 42).

#### **LimitExceededException**

An ACM limit has been exceeded. For example, you may have input more domains than are allowed or you've requested too many certificates for your account. See the exception message returned by ACM to determine which limit you have violated. For more information about ACM limits, see the [Limits](#) topic.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### **ResourceNotFoundException**

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account, or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Example

### Import a certificate

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.ImportCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20161011T184744Z
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256\
  Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE/20161011/us-east-1/acm/aws4_request,\
  SignedHeaders=content-type;host;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,\
  Signature=60f965247476c4672c498c24ba255e52a62a7e4bd8678d8ee788af5ffe42f377

{
  "CertificateChain": "Base64-encoded blob",
  "PrivateKey": "Base64-encoded blob",
  "Certificate": "Base64-encoded blob"
}
```

#### Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: 32f9ab0a-8fe3-11e6-8d69-c91606b24a3f
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 104
Date: Tue, 11 Oct 2016 18:47:46 GMT

{"CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-east-1:111122223333:certificate/91228a40-
ad89-4ce0-9f6c-07009fc8fdfb"}
```

## ListCertificates

Retrieves a list of ACM Certificates and the domain name for each. You can optionally filter the list to return only the certificates that match the specified status.

### Request Syntax

```
{
  "CertificateStatuses": [ "string" ],
  "MaxItems": number,
  "NextToken": "string"
}
```

### Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#) (p. 40).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

#### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

#### CertificateStatuses (p. 19)

The status or statuses on which to filter the list of ACM Certificates.

Type: array of Strings

Valid Values: PENDING\_VALIDATION | ISSUED | INACTIVE | EXPIRED |  
VALIDATION\_TIMED\_OUT | REVOKED | FAILED

Required: No

#### MaxItems (p. 19)

Use this parameter when paginating results to specify the maximum number of items to return in the response. If additional items exist beyond the number you specify, the `NextToken` element is sent in the response. Use this `NextToken` value in a subsequent request to retrieve additional items.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 1000.

Required: No

#### NextToken (p. 19)

Use this parameter only when paginating results and only in a subsequent request after you receive a response with truncated results. Set it to the value of `NextToken` from the response you just received.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.

Pattern: [`\u0009\u000A\u000D\u0020-\u00FF`]\*

Required: No

### Response Syntax

```
{
  "CertificateSummaryList": [
    {
      "CertificateArn": "string",

```

```
    "DomainName": "string"  
  },  
],  
"NextToken": "string"  
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.  
The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### CertificateSummaryList (p. 19)

A list of ACM Certificates.

Type: array of [CertificateSummary \(p. 36\)](#) objects

### NextToken (p. 19)

When the list is truncated, this value is present and contains the value to use for the `NextToken` parameter in a subsequent pagination request.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.

Pattern: [ \u0009\u000A\u000D\u0020-\u00FF ]\*

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors \(p. 42\)](#).

## Example

### List Certificates

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1  
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com  
Content-Length: 2  
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.ListCertificates  
X-Amz-Date: 20160602T185849Z  
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1  
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256\  
  Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE/20160602/us-east-1/acm/aws4_request,\  
  SignedHeaders=content-type;host;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,\  
  Signature=13cfab2fbac91594da31999325c8a64da70a053a731fd237501bfbc10a24e311  
  
{}
```

#### Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
x-amzn-RequestId: 0be6b8db-28f4-11e6-87c4-d92106aa4389  
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1  
Date: Thu, 02 Jun 2016 18:58:51 GMT  
  
{"CertificateSummaryList": [  
  {
```



```
"CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-  
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012",  
  "DomainName": "www.example.com"  
},  
{  
  "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-  
east-1:111122223333:certificate/87654321-5678-5678-5678-210987654321",  
  "DomainName": "www.example.net"  
}  
]}
```

## ListTagsForCertificate

Lists the tags that have been applied to the ACM Certificate. Use the certificate ARN to specify the certificate. To add a tag to an ACM Certificate, use the [AddTagsToCertificate \(p. 3\)](#) action. To delete a tag, use the [RemoveTagsFromCertificate \(p. 24\)](#) action.

### Request Syntax

```
{  
  "CertificateArn": "string"  
}
```

### Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters \(p. 40\)](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

#### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

#### CertificateArn (p. 22)

String that contains the ARN of the ACM Certificate for which you want to list the tags. This must be of the form:

```
arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012
```

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\) and AWS Service Namespaces](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@- ]+:[\w+=/, .@- ]+:[\w+=/, .@- ]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=/, .@- ]+(/[ \w+=/, .@- ]+)*`

Required: Yes

### Response Syntax

```
{  
  "Tags": [  
    {  
      "Key": "string",  
      "Value": "string"  
    }  
  ]  
}
```

### Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### Tags (p. 22)

The key-value pairs that define the applied tags.

Type: array of [Tag \(p. 39\)](#) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 50 items.

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors \(p. 42\)](#).

### InvalidArnException

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account, or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Example

### List tags for an ACM Certificate

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.ListTagsForCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20160414T162913Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.10.20 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-83-generic
  botocore/1.4.11
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE/20160414/
us-east-1/acm/aws4_request, SignedHeaders=content-
type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
  Signature=c1b80f2b1b6c73c39e1a9594e621648e673b1419101809239b9a5dd8c397953a

{"CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012"}
```

#### Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: 07c10419-025e-11e6-baa2-cd9f4ef8cda6
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 87
Date: Thu, 14 Apr 2016 16:29:16 GMT

{"Tags": [{"Key": "stack", "Value": "production"},
{"Key": "website", "Value": "example.com"}]}
```

## RemoveTagsFromCertificate

Remove one or more tags from an ACM Certificate. A tag consists of a key-value pair. If you do not specify the value portion of the tag when calling this function, the tag will be removed regardless of value. If you specify a value, the tag is removed only if it is associated with the specified value.

To add tags to a certificate, use the [AddTagsToCertificate](#) (p. 3) action. To view all of the tags that have been applied to a specific ACM Certificate, use the [ListTagsForCertificate](#) (p. 22) action.

### Request Syntax

```
{
  "CertificateArn": "string",
  "Tags": [
    {
      "Key": "string",
      "Value": "string"
    }
  ]
}
```

### Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#) (p. 40).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

#### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

#### CertificateArn (p. 24)

String that contains the ARN of the ACM Certificate with one or more tags that you want to remove. This must be of the form:

arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\) and AWS Service Namespaces](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]\*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=/, .@-]+)\*

Required: Yes

#### Tags (p. 24)

The key-value pair that defines the tag to remove.

Type: array of [Tag](#) (p. 39) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 50 items.

Required: Yes

### Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

### Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#) (p. 42).

**InvalidArnException**

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidTagException**

One or both of the values that make up the key-value pair is not valid. For example, you cannot specify a tag value that begins with `aws:`.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account, or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Example

### Remove two tags from an ACM Certificate

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.RemoveTagsFromCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20160414T163042Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.10.20 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-83-generic
  boto/1.4.11
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE/20160414/
us-east-1/acm/aws4_request, SignedHeaders=content-
type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
  Signature=379429306c5e89b9b4be5b35e29c26cc1da38215d8055a5ed0bdda57bcc881cc

{"CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012",
 "Tags": [{"Key": "website", "Value": "example.com"}, {"Key": "stack",
 "Value": "production"}]}
```

#### Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: 3c8d676d-025e-11e6-8823-93164b47113c
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 0
Date: Thu, 14 Apr 2016 16:30:44 GMT
```

# RequestCertificate

Requests an ACM Certificate for use with other AWS services. To request an ACM Certificate, you must specify the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) for your site. You can also specify additional FQDNs if users can reach your site by using other names. For each domain name you specify, email is sent to the domain owner to request approval to issue the certificate. After receiving approval from the domain owner, the ACM Certificate is issued. For more information, see the [AWS Certificate Manager User Guide](#).

## Request Syntax

```
{
  "DomainName": "string",
  "DomainValidationOptions": [
    {
      "DomainName": "string",
      "ValidationDomain": "string"
    }
  ],
  "IdempotencyToken": "string",
  "SubjectAlternativeNames": [ "string" ]
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#) (p. 40).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

#### DomainName (p. 26)

Fully qualified domain name (FQDN), such as `www.example.com`, of the site you want to secure with an ACM Certificate. Use an asterisk (\*) to create a wildcard certificate that protects several sites in the same domain. For example, `*.example.com` protects `www.example.com`, `site.example.com`, and `images.example.com`.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `^(\*\.)?(((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\.)+((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9])$`

Required: Yes

#### DomainValidationOptions (p. 26)

The base validation domain that will act as the suffix of the email addresses that are used to send the emails. This must be the same as the `Domain` value or a superdomain of the `Domain` value. For example, if you requested a certificate for `test.example.com` and specify **DomainValidationOptions** of `example.com`, ACM sends email to the domain registrant, technical contact, and administrative contact in WHOIS and the following five addresses:

- `admin@example.com`
- `administrator@example.com`
- `hostmaster@example.com`
- `postmaster@example.com`
- `webmaster@example.com`

Type: array of [DomainValidationOption](#) (p. 38) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 100 items.

Required: No

#### **IdempotencyToken** (p. 26)

Customer chosen string that can be used to distinguish between calls to `RequestCertificate`. Idempotency tokens time out after one hour. Therefore, if you call `RequestCertificate` multiple times with the same idempotency token within one hour, ACM recognizes that you are requesting only one certificate and will issue only one. If you change the idempotency token for each call, ACM recognizes that you are requesting multiple certificates.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 32.

Pattern: `\w+`

Required: No

#### **SubjectAlternativeNames** (p. 26)

Additional FQDNs to be included in the Subject Alternative Name extension of the ACM Certificate. For example, add the name `www.example.net` to a certificate for which the `DomainName` field is `www.example.com` if users can reach your site by using either name.

Type: array of Strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 100 items.

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `^(\*\.\.?)?(((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\.)+((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9])$`

Required: No

## Response Syntax

```
{
  "CertificateArn": "string"
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### **CertificateArn** (p. 27)

String that contains the ARN of the issued certificate. This must be of the form:

```
arn:aws:acm:us-east-1:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012
```

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=/, .@-]+)*`

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#) (p. 42).

#### **InvalidDomainValidationOptionsException**

One or more values in the [DomainValidationOption](#) (p. 38) structure is incorrect.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### LimitExceededException

An ACM limit has been exceeded. For example, you may have input more domains than are allowed or you've requested too many certificates for your account. See the exception message returned by ACM to determine which limit you have violated. For more information about ACM limits, see the [Limits](#) topic.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Example

### Request an ACM Certificate

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
Accept-Encoding: identity
Content-Length: 75
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.RequestCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20151222T165732Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.9.7 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-73-generic botocore/1.3.7
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE/20151222/
us-east-1/acm/aws4_request, SignedHeaders=content-
type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=dbba4b1fa1199c011c0b781b94c97b14cbe75fa64dc6424232c903798d2a83b5

{
  "SubjectAlternativeNames": ["example.com"],
  "DomainName": "www.example.com"
}
```

#### Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: 15320637-a8cd-11e5-9141-fbb8a078e3eb
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 104
Date: Tue, 22 Dec 2015 16:57:28 GMT

{
  "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-east-1:493619779192:certificate/1ad574bd-
eeb0-466e-b961-74ec8b405093"
}
```



## ResendValidationEmail

Resends the email that requests domain ownership validation. The domain owner or an authorized representative must approve the ACM Certificate before it can be issued. The certificate can be approved by clicking a link in the mail to navigate to the Amazon certificate approval website and then clicking **I Approve**. However, the validation email can be blocked by spam filters. Therefore, if you do not receive the original mail, you can request that the mail be resent within 72 hours of requesting the ACM Certificate. If more than 72 hours have elapsed since your original request or since your last attempt to resend validation mail, you must request a new certificate.

### Request Syntax

```
{
  "CertificateArn": "string",
  "Domain": "string",
  "ValidationDomain": "string"
}
```

### Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#) (p. 40).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

#### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

#### CertificateArn (p. 29)

String that contains the ARN of the requested certificate. The certificate ARN is generated and returned by the [RequestCertificate](#) (p. 26) action as soon as the request is made. By default, using this parameter causes email to be sent to all top-level domains you specified in the certificate request.

The ARN must be of the form:

```
arn:aws:acm:us-east-1:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012
```

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]+:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=/, .@-]+)*`

Required: Yes

#### Domain (p. 29)

The Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) of the certificate that needs to be validated.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `^(\\*\.)?((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\.(?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$\`

Required: Yes

#### ValidationDomain (p. 29)

The base validation domain that will act as the suffix of the email addresses that are used to send the emails. This must be the same as the `Domain` value or a superdomain of the `Domain` value.

For example, if you requested a certificate for `site.subdomain.example.com` and specify a **ValidationDomain** of `subdomain.example.com`, ACM sends email to the domain registrant, technical contact, and administrative contact in WHOIS and the following five addresses:

- admin@subdomain.example.com
- administrator@subdomain.example.com
- hostmaster@subdomain.example.com
- postmaster@subdomain.example.com
- webmaster@subdomain.example.com

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `^(\\*\\.)?((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\\.((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9])$`

Required: Yes

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors \(p. 42\)](#).

### InvalidArnException

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### InvalidDomainValidationOptionsException

One or more values in the [DomainValidationOption \(p. 38\)](#) structure is incorrect.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### InvalidStateException

Processing has reached an invalid state. For example, this exception can occur if the specified domain is not using email validation, or the current certificate status does not permit the requested operation. See the exception message returned by ACM to determine which state is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account, or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Example

### Resend Validation Email

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
Accept-Encoding: identity
Content-Length: 167
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.ResendValidationEmail
X-Amz-Date: 20151222T170722Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.9.7 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-73-generic boto/1.3.7
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE/20151222/us-east-1/acm/aws4_request, SignedHeaders=content-
```

```
type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,  
Signature=7ec7e70cd614724945545b22bc28296f77803d0c2524573d41c994668f07f435  
  
{  
  "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-  
east-1:111122223333 :certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-1234567890912",  
  "Domain": "www.example.com",  
  "ValidationDomain": "example.com"  
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
x-amzn-RequestId: 74bada6d-a8ce-11e5-82ad-d565a2aaa0b3  
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1  
Content-Length: 0  
Date: Tue, 22 Dec 2015 17:07:18 GMT
```

# Data Types

---

The AWS Certificate Manager API contains several data types that various actions use. This section describes each data type in detail.

**Note**

The order of each element in a data type structure is not guaranteed. Applications should not assume a particular order.

The following data types are supported:

- [CertificateDetail](#) (p. 33)
- [CertificateSummary](#) (p. 36)
- [DomainValidation](#) (p. 37)
- [DomainValidationOption](#) (p. 38)
- [Tag](#) (p. 39)

# CertificateDetail

Contains detailed metadata about an ACM Certificate. This structure is returned in the response to a [DescribeCertificate](#) (p. 8) request.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### CertificateArn

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the certificate. For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\) and AWS Service Namespaces](#) in the *AWS General Reference*.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/,.-]+:[\w+=/,.-]+:[\w+=/,.-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=,.-]+(/[\w+=/,.-]+)*`

Required: No

### CreatedAt

The time at which the certificate was requested. This value exists only when the certificate type is `AMAZON_ISSUED`.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

### DomainName

The fully qualified domain name for the certificate, such as `www.example.com` or `example.com`.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `^(\*\.\.?)((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\.(?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$\`

Required: No

### DomainValidationOptions

Contains information about the email address or addresses used for domain validation. This field exists only when the certificate type is `AMAZON_ISSUED`.

Type: array of [DomainValidation](#) (p. 37) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 1000 items.

Required: No

### FailureReason

The reason the certificate request failed. This value exists only when the certificate status is `FAILED`. For more information, see [Certificate Request Failed](#) in the *AWS Certificate Manager User Guide*.

Type: String

Valid Values: `NO_AVAILABLE_CONTACTS | ADDITIONAL_VERIFICATION_REQUIRED | DOMAIN_NOT_ALLOWED | INVALID_PUBLIC_DOMAIN | OTHER`

Required: No

### ImportedAt

The date and time at which the certificate was imported. This value exists only when the certificate type is `IMPORTED`.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

**InUseBy**

A list of ARNs for the AWS resources that are using the certificate. A certificate can be used by multiple AWS resources.

Type: array of Strings

Required: No

**IssuedAt**

The time at which the certificate was issued. This value exists only when the certificate type is `AMAZON_ISSUED`.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

**Issuer**

The name of the certificate authority that issued and signed the certificate.

Type: String

Required: No

**KeyAlgorithm**

The algorithm that was used to generate the key pair (the public and private key).

Type: String

Valid Values: `RSA_2048` | `RSA_1024` | `EC_prime256v1`

Required: No

**NotAfter**

The time after which the certificate is not valid.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

**NotBefore**

The time before which the certificate is not valid.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

**RevocationReason**

The reason the certificate was revoked. This value exists only when the certificate status is `REVOKED`.

Type: String

Valid Values: `UNSPECIFIED` | `KEY_COMPROMISE` | `CA_COMPROMISE` | `AFFILIATION_CHANGED` | `SUPERCEDED` | `CESSATION_OF_OPERATION` | `CERTIFICATE_HOLD` | `REMOVE_FROM_CRL` | `PRIVILEGE_WITHDRAWN` | `A_A_COMPROMISE`

Required: No

**RevokedAt**

The time at which the certificate was revoked. This value exists only when the certificate status is `REVOKED`.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

**Serial**

The serial number of the certificate.

Type: String

Required: No

**SignatureAlgorithm**

The algorithm that was used to sign the certificate.

Type: String

Required: No

**Status**

The status of the certificate.

Type: String

Valid Values: PENDING\_VALIDATION | ISSUED | INACTIVE | EXPIRED |  
VALIDATION\_TIMED\_OUT | REVOKED | FAILED

Required: No

### Subject

The name of the entity that is associated with the public key contained in the certificate.

Type: String

Required: No

### SubjectAlternativeNames

One or more domain names (subject alternative names) included in the certificate. This list contains the domain names that are bound to the public key that is contained in the certificate. The subject alternative names include the canonical domain name (CN) of the certificate and additional domain names that can be used to connect to the website.

Type: array of Strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 100 items.

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `^(\*\.\.?)((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.+(?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9])$`

Required: No

### Type

The source of the certificate. For certificates provided by ACM, this value is `AMAZON_ISSUED`. For certificates that you imported with [ImportCertificate](#) (p. 16), this value is `IMPORTED`. ACM does not provide [managed renewal](#) for imported certificates. For more information about the differences between certificates that you import and those that ACM provides, see [Importing Certificates](#) in the *AWS Certificate Manager User Guide*.

Type: String

Valid Values: IMPORTED | AMAZON\_ISSUED

Required: No

# CertificateSummary

This structure is returned in the response object of [ListCertificates](#) (p. 19) action.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### CertificateArn

Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the certificate. This is of the form:

`arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012`

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\) and AWS Service Namespaces](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/,.-]+:[\w+=/,.-]+:[\w+=/,.-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=,.-]+(/[\w+=/,.-]+)*`

Required: No

### DomainName

Fully qualified domain name (FQDN), such as `www.example.com` or `example.com`, for the certificate.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `^(\\*\.)?((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\.(?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$\`

Required: No



## DomainValidation

Structure that contains the domain name, the base validation domain to which validation email is sent, and the email addresses used to validate the domain identity.

### Contents

#### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

#### DomainName

Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) of the form `www.example.com` or `example.com`.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `^(\*\.\.?)((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.+(?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$$`

Required: Yes

#### ValidationDomain

The base validation domain that acts as the suffix of the email addresses that are used to send the emails.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `^(\*\.\.?)((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.+(?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$$`

Required: No

#### ValidationEmails

A list of contact address for the domain registrant.

Type: array of Strings

Required: No

# DomainValidationOption

This structure is used in the request object of the [RequestCertificate](#) (p. 26) action.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### DomainName

Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) of the certificate being requested.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `^(\*\.\.?)?(((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+(?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$$`

Required: Yes

### ValidationDomain

The domain to which validation email is sent. This is the base validation domain that will act as the suffix of the email addresses. This must be the same as the `DomainName` value or a superdomain of the `DomainName` value. For example, if you requested a certificate for `site.subdomain.example.com` and specify a **ValidationDomain** of `subdomain.example.com`, ACM sends email to the domain registrant, technical contact, and administrative contact in WHOIS for the base domain and the following five addresses:

- `admin@subdomain.example.com`
- `administrator@subdomain.example.com`
- `hostmaster@subdomain.example.com`
- `postmaster@subdomain.example.com`
- `webmaster@subdomain.example.com`

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `^(\*\.\.?)?(((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+(?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$$`

Required: Yes

# Tag

A key-value pair that identifies or specifies metadata about an ACM resource.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### Key

The key of the tag.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Pattern: `[\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}_.\:/=+\-@]*`

Required: Yes

### Value

The value of the tag.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 0. Maximum length of 256.

Pattern: `[\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}_.\:/=+\-@]*`

Required: No

# Common Parameters

---

The following table lists the parameters that all actions use for signing Signature Version 4 requests. Any action-specific parameters are listed in the topic for that action. To view sample requests, see [Examples of Signed Signature Version 4 Requests](#) or [Signature Version 4 Test Suite](#) in the *Amazon Web Services General Reference*.

**Action**

The action to be performed.

Type: string

Required: Yes

**Version**

The API version that the request is written for, expressed in the format YYYY-MM-DD.

Type: string

Required: Yes

**X-Amz-Algorithm**

The hash algorithm that you used to create the request signature.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Valid Values: `AWS4-HMAC-SHA256`

Required: Conditional

**X-Amz-Credential**

The credential scope value, which is a string that includes your access key, the date, the region you are targeting, the service you are requesting, and a termination string ("aws4\_request"). The value is expressed in the following format: `access_key/YYYYMMDD/region/service/aws4_request`.

For more information, see [Task 2: Create a String to Sign for Signature Version 4](#) in the *Amazon Web Services General Reference*.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

**X-Amz-Date**

The date that is used to create the signature. The format must be ISO 8601 basic format (YYYYMMDD'T'HHMMSS'Z'). For example, the following date time is a valid X-Amz-Date value: 20120325T120000Z.

Condition: X-Amz-Date is optional for all requests; it can be used to override the date used for signing requests. If the Date header is specified in the ISO 8601 basic format, X-Amz-Date is not required. When X-Amz-Date is used, it always overrides the value of the Date header. For more information, see [Handling Dates in Signature Version 4](#) in the *Amazon Web Services General Reference*.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

**X-Amz-Security-Token**

The temporary security token that was obtained through a call to AWS Security Token Service. For a list of services that support AWS Security Token Service, go to [Using Temporary Security Credentials to Access AWS](#) in *Using Temporary Security Credentials*.

Condition: If you're using temporary security credentials from the AWS Security Token Service, you must include the security token.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

**X-Amz-Signature**

Specifies the hex-encoded signature that was calculated from the string to sign and the derived signing key.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

**X-Amz-SignedHeaders**

Specifies all the HTTP headers that were included as part of the canonical request. For more information about specifying signed headers, see [Task 1: Create a Canonical Request For Signature Version 4](#) in the *Amazon Web Services General Reference*.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

# Common Errors

---

This section lists the common errors that all actions return. Any action-specific errors are listed in the topic for the action.

**IncompleteSignature**

The request signature does not conform to AWS standards.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalFailure**

The request processing has failed because of an unknown error, exception or failure.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidAction**

The action or operation requested is invalid. Verify that the action is typed correctly.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidClientTokenId**

The X.509 certificate or AWS access key ID provided does not exist in our records.

HTTP Status Code: 403

**InvalidParameterCombination**

Parameters that must not be used together were used together.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidParameterValue**

An invalid or out-of-range value was supplied for the input parameter.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidQueryParameter**

The AWS query string is malformed or does not adhere to AWS standards.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**MalformedQueryString**

The query string contains a syntax error.

HTTP Status Code: 404

**MissingAction**

The request is missing an action or a required parameter.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**MissingAuthenticationToken**

The request must contain either a valid (registered) AWS access key ID or X.509 certificate.

HTTP Status Code: 403

**MissingParameter**

A required parameter for the specified action is not supplied.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**OptInRequired**

The AWS access key ID needs a subscription for the service.

HTTP Status Code: 403

**RequestExpired**

The request reached the service more than 15 minutes after the date stamp on the request or more than 15 minutes after the request expiration date (such as for pre-signed URLs), or the date stamp on the request is more than 15 minutes in the future.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ServiceUnavailable**

The request has failed due to a temporary failure of the server.

HTTP Status Code: 503

**Throttling**

The request was denied due to request throttling.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ValidationError**

The input fails to satisfy the constraints specified by an AWS service.

HTTP Status Code: 400