# **AWS WAF**

# API Reference API Version 2015-08-24



### **AWS WAF: API Reference**

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# Welcome

This is the *AWS WAF API Reference*. This guide is for developers who need detailed information about the AWS WAF API actions, data types, and errors. For detailed information about AWS WAF features and an overview of how to use the AWS WAF API, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide. This document was last published on September 9, 2016.

# Actions

The following actions are supported:

- CreateByteMatchSet (p. 4)
- CreatelPSet (p. 7)
- CreateRule (p. 10)
- CreateSizeConstraintSet (p. 13)
- CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 16)
- CreateWebACL (p. 19)
- CreateXssMatchSet (p. 22)
- DeleteByteMatchSet (p. 25)
- DeletelPSet (p. 27)
- DeleteRule (p. 29)
- DeleteSizeConstraintSet (p. 31)
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- GetSampledRequests (p. 48)
- GetSizeConstraintSet (p. 51)
- GetSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 53)
- GetWebACL (p. 55)
- GetXssMatchSet (p. 57)
- ListByteMatchSets (p. 59)

- ListIPSets (p. 61)
- ListRules (p. 63)
- ListSizeConstraintSets (p. 65)
- ListSqlInjectionMatchSets (p. 67)
- ListWebACLs (p. 69)
- ListXssMatchSets (p. 71)
- UpdateByteMatchSet (p. 73)
- UpdateIPSet (p. 77)
- UpdateRule (p. 81)
- UpdateSizeConstraintSet (p. 84)
- UpdateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 88)
- UpdateWebACL (p. 91)
- UpdateXssMatchSet (p. 95)

# **CreateByteMatchSet**

Creates a ByteMatchSet. You then use UpdateByteMatchSet (p. 73) to identify the part of a web request that you want AWS WAF to inspect, such as the values of the User-Agent header or the query string. For example, you can create a ByteMatchSet that matches any requests with User-Agent headers that contain the string BadBot. You can then configure AWS WAF to reject those requests.

To create and configure a ByteMatchSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a CreateByteMatchSet request.
- 2. Submit a CreateByteMatchSet request.
- 3. Use GetChangeToken to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateByteMatchSet request.
- 4. Submit an UpdateByteMatchSet (p. 73) request to specify the part of the request that you want AWS WAF to inspect (for example, the header or the URI) and the value that you want AWS WAF to watch for.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

### **Request Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 4)": "string",
"Name (p. 4)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 4)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

Required: Yes

Name (p. 4)

{

{

}

A friendly name or description of the ByteMatchSet (p. 101). You can't change Name after you create a ByteMatchSet.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

```
"ByteMatchSet (p. 5)": {
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ByteMatchSet (p. 4)

}

A ByteMatchSet (p. 101) that contains no ByteMatchTuple objects.

Type: ByteMatchSet (p. 101) object

#### ChangeToken (p. 4)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the CreateByteMatchSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFDisallowedNameException

The name specified is invalid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:

- · You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.

- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **CreatelPSet**

Creates an IPSet (p. 110), which you use to specify which web requests you want to allow or block based on the IP addresses that the requests originate from. For example, if you're receiving a lot of requests from one or more individual IP addresses or one or more ranges of IP addresses and you want to block the requests, you can create an IPSet that contains those IP addresses and then configure AWS WAF to block the requests.

To create and configure an IPSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a CreateIPSet request.
- 2. Submit a CreateIPSet request.
- 3. Use GetChangeToken to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateIPSet (p. 77) request.
- 4. Submit an UpdateIPSet request to specify the IP addresses that you want AWS WAF to watch for.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

## **Request Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 7)": "string",
"Name (p. 7)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 7)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

Required: Yes

#### Name (p. 7)

{

{

}

A friendly name or description of the IPSet (p. 110). You can't change Name after you create the IPSet. Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

#### Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 8)": "string",
"IPSet (p. 8)": {
    "IPSetDescriptors (p. 110)": [
    {
```

```
"Type (p. 111)": "string",

"Value (p. 111)": "string"

}

],

"IPSetId (p. 110)": "string",

"Name (p. 110)": "string"

}
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 7)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the CreateIPSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

#### IPSet (p. 7)

The IPSet (p. 110) returned in the CreateIPSet response.

Type: IPSet (p. 110) object

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFDisallowedNameException

The name specified is invalid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:

- You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.

• You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data. HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **CreateRule**

Creates a Rule, which contains the IPSet objects, ByteMatchSet objects, and other predicates that identify the requests that you want to block. If you add more than one predicate to a Rule, a request must match all of the specifications to be allowed or blocked. For example, suppose you add the following to a Rule:

- An IPSet that matches the IP address 192.0.2.44/32
- A ByteMatchSet that matches BadBot in the User-Agent header

You then add the Rule to a WebACL and specify that you want to blocks requests that satisfy the Rule. For a request to be blocked, it must come from the IP address 192.0.2.44 and the User-Agent header in the request must contain the value BadBot.

To create and configure a Rule, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create and update the predicates that you want to include in the Rule. For more information, see CreateByteMatchSet (p. 4), CreateIPSet (p. 7), and CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 16).
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a CreateRule request.
- 3. Submit a CreateRule request.
- 4. Use GetChangeToken to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateRule (p. 81) request.
- 5. Submit an UpdateRule request to specify the predicates that you want to include in the Rule.
- 6. Create and update a WebACL that contains the Rule. For more information, see CreateWebACL (p. 19).

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

### **Request Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 10)": "string",
"MetricName (p. 10)": "string",
"Name (p. 11)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 10)

{

}

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41). Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: Yes

#### MetricName (p. 10)

A friendly name or description for the metrics for this Rule. The name can contain only alphanumeric characters (A-Z, a-z, 0-9); the name can't contain whitespace. You can't change the name of the metric after you create the Rule.

Type: String Required: Yes Name (p. 10) A friendly name or description of the Rule (p. 115). You can't change the name of a Rule after you create it. Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

```
{
   "ChangeToken (p. 11)": "string",
   "Rule (p. 11)": {
      "MetricName (p. 115)": "string",
      "Predicates (p. 115)": [
           {
            "DataId (p. 114)": "string",
            "Negated (p. 114)": boolean,
            "Type (p. 114)": "string"
            }
        ],
        "RuleId (p. 115)": "string"
        }
}
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 11)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the CreateRule request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

#### Rule (p. 11)

The Rule (p. 115) returned in the CreateRule response. Type: Rule (p. 115) object

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFDisallowedNameException

The name specified is invalid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

- The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:
- You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **CreateSizeConstraintSet**

Creates a SizeConstraintSet. You then use UpdateSizeConstraintSet (p. 84) to identify the part of a web request that you want AWS WAF to check for length, such as the length of the User-Agent header or the length of the query string. For example, you can create a SizeConstraintSet that matches any requests that have a query string that is longer than 100 bytes. You can then configure AWS WAF to reject those requests.

To create and configure a SizeConstraintSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a CreateSizeConstraintSet request.
- 2. Submit a CreateSizeConstraintSet request.
- 3. Use GetChangeToken to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateSizeConstraintSet request.
- 4. Submit an UpdateSizeConstraintSet (p. 84) request to specify the part of the request that you want AWS WAF to inspect (for example, the header or the URI) and the value that you want AWS WAF to watch for.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

### **Request Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 13)": "string",
"Name (p. 13)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 13)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41). Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: Yes

#### Name (p. 13)

{

}

A friendly name or description of the SizeConstraintSet (p. 121). You can't change Name after you create a SizeConstraintSet.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

```
{
   "ChangeToken (p. 14)": "string",
   "SizeConstraintSet (p. 14)": {
      "Name (p. 121)": "string",
      "SizeConstraints (p. 121)": [
         {
            "ComparisonOperator (p. 119)": "string",
            "FieldToMatch (p. 119)": {
               "Data (p. 107)": "string",
               "Type (p. 107)": "string"
            },
            "Size (p. 119)": number,
            "TextTransformation (p. 119)": "string"
         }
      ],
      "SizeConstraintSetId (p. 121)": "string"
   }
}
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 14)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the CreateSizeConstraintSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

SizeConstraintSet (p. 14)

A SizeConstraintSet (p. 121) that contains no SizeConstraint objects.

Type: SizeConstraintSet (p. 121) object

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFDisallowedNameException

The name specified is invalid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:

- You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data. HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet**

Creates a SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124), which you use to allow, block, or count requests that contain snippets of SQL code in a specified part of web requests. AWS WAF searches for character sequences that are likely to be malicious strings.

To create and configure a SqlInjectionMatchSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet request.
- 2. Submit a CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet request.
- 3. Use GetChangeToken to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 88) request.
- 4. Submit an UpdateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 88) request to specify the parts of web requests in which you want to allow, block, or count malicious SQL code.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

### **Request Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 16)": "string",
"Name (p. 16)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 16)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

**Required: Yes** 

#### Name (p. 16)

{

}

A friendly name or description for the SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) that you're creating. You can't change Name after you create the SqlInjectionMatchSet.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

Required: res

### **Response Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 17)": "string",
"SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 17)": {
    "Name (p. 124)": "string",
    "SqlInjectionMatchSetId (p. 124)": "string",
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 16)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

#### SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 16)

A SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124).

Type: SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) object

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFDisallowedNameException

The name specified is invalid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:

- · You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.

- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **CreateWebACL**

Creates a WebACL, which contains the Rules that identify the CloudFront web requests that you want to allow, block, or count. AWS WAF evaluates Rules in order based on the value of Priority for each Rule.

You also specify a default action, either ALLOW or BLOCK. If a web request doesn't match any of the Rules in a WebACL, AWS WAF responds to the request with the default action.

To create and configure a WebACL, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create and update the ByteMatchSet objects and other predicates that you want to include in Rules. For more information, see CreateByteMatchSet (p. 4), UpdateByteMatchSet (p. 73), CreateIPSet (p. 7), UpdateIPSet (p. 77), CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 16), and UpdateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 88).
- 2. Create and update the Rules that you want to include in the WebACL. For more information, see CreateRule (p. 10) and UpdateRule (p. 81).
- 3. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a CreateWebACL request.
- 4. Submit a CreateWebACL request.
- 5. Use GetChangeToken to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateWebACL (p. 91) request.
- 6. Submit an UpdateWebACL (p. 91) request to specify the Rules that you want to include in the WebACL, to specify the default action, and to associate the WebACL with a CloudFront distribution.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

## **Request Syntax**

```
{
   "ChangeToken (p. 19)": "string",
   "DefaultAction (p. 19)": {
        "Type (p. 130)": "string"
    },
   "MetricName (p. 20)": "string",
   "Name (p. 20)": "string"
}
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 19)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41). Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: Yes DefaultAction (p. 19)

The action that you want AWS WAF to take when a request doesn't match the criteria specified in any of the Rule objects that are associated with the WebACL. Type: WafAction (p. 130) object

```
Required: Yes
```

#### MetricName (p. 19)

A friendly name or description for the metrics for this WebACL. The name can contain only alphanumeric characters (A-Z, a-z, 0-9); the name can't contain whitespace. You can't change MetricName after you create the WebACL.

Type: String

Required: Yes

#### Name (p. 19)

A friendly name or description of the WebACL (p. 131). You can't change Name after you create the WebACL.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

```
{
   "ChangeToken (p. 20)": "string",
   "WebACL (p. 20)": {
      "DefaultAction (p. 131)": {
         "Type (p. 130)": "string"
      },
      "MetricName (p. 131)": "string",
      "Name (p. 131)": "string",
      "Rules (p. 131)": [
         {
            "Action (p. 100)": {
               "Type (p. 130)": "string"
            },
            "Priority (p. 100)": number,
            "RuleId (p. 100)": "string"
         }
      ],
      "WebACLId (p. 131)": "string"
   }
}
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 20)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the CreateWebACL request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

#### WebACL (p. 20)

The WebACL (p. 131) returned in the CreateWebACL response. Type: WebACL (p. 131) object

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFDisallowedNameException

The name specified is invalid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:

- You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **CreateXssMatchSet**

Creates an XssMatchSet (p. 134), which you use to allow, block, or count requests that contain cross-site scripting attacks in the specified part of web requests. AWS WAF searches for character sequences that are likely to be malicious strings.

To create and configure an XssMatchSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a CreateXssMatchSet request.
- 2. Submit a CreateXssMatchSet request.
- 3. Use GetChangeToken to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateXssMatchSet (p. 95) request.
- 4. Submit an UpdateXssMatchSet (p. 95) request to specify the parts of web requests in which you want to allow, block, or count cross-site scripting attacks.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

### **Request Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 22)": "string",
"Name (p. 22)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 22)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

**Required: Yes** 

#### Name (p. 22)

{

{

}

A friendly name or description for the XssMatchSet (p. 134) that you're creating. You can't change Name after you create the XssMatchSet.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 23)": "string",
"XssMatchSet (p. 23)": {
    "Name (p. 134)": "string",
    "XssMatchSetId (p. 134)": "string",
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 22)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the CreateXssMatchSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

XssMatchSet (p. 22)

An XssMatchSet (p. 134).

Type: XssMatchSet (p. 134) object

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFDisallowedNameException

The name specified is invalid. HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:

- You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.

• You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data. HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **DeleteByteMatchSet**

Permanently deletes a ByteMatchSet (p. 101). You can't delete a ByteMatchSet if it's still used in any Rules or if it still includes any ByteMatchTuple (p. 104) objects (any filters).

If you just want to remove a ByteMatchSet from a Rule, use UpdateRule (p. 81).

To permanently delete a ByteMatchSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Update the ByteMatchSet to remove filters, if any. For more information, see UpdateByteMatchSet (p. 73).
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a DeleteByteMatchSet request.
- 3. Submit a DeleteByteMatchSet request.

## **Request Syntax**

```
"ByteMatchSetId (p. 25)": "string",
"ChangeToken (p. 25)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ByteMatchSetId (p. 25)

{

}

The ByteMatchSetId of the ByteMatchSet (p. 101) that you want to delete. ByteMatchSetId is returned by CreateByteMatchSet (p. 4) and by ListByteMatchSets (p. 59). Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes ChangeToken (p. 25) The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41). Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

**Required: Yes** 

}

### **Response Syntax**

"ChangeToken (p. 26)": "string"

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 25)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the DeleteByteMatchSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonEmptyEntityException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that isn't empty. For example:

- You tried to delete a WebACL that still contains one or more Rule objects.
- You tried to delete a Rule that still contains one or more ByteMatchSet objects or other predicates.
- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that contains one or more ByteMatchTuple objects.

• You tried to delete an IPSet that references one or more IP addresses.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFReferencedItemException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that is still in use. For example:

- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that is still referenced by a Rule.
- You tried to delete a Rule that is still referenced by a WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **DeletelPSet**

{

}

Permanently deletes an IPSet (p. 110). You can't delete an IPSet if it's still used in any Rules or if it still includes any IP addresses.

If you just want to remove an IPSet from a Rule, use UpdateRule (p. 81).

To permanently delete an IPSet from AWS WAF, perform the following steps:

- 1. Update the IPSet to remove IP address ranges, if any. For more information, see UpdateIPSet (p. 77).
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a DeleteIPSet request.
- 3. Submit a DeleteIPSet request.

## **Request Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 27)": "string",
"IPSetId (p. 27)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 27)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41). Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: Yes

#### IPSetId (p. 27)

{

}

```
The IPSetId of the IPSet (p. 110) that you want to delete. IPSetId is returned by CreateIPSet (p. 7) and by ListIPSets (p. 61).
```

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 28)": "string"
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 27)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the DeleteIPSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonEmptyEntityException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that isn't empty. For example:

- You tried to delete a WebACL that still contains one or more Rule objects.
- You tried to delete a Rule that still contains one or more ByteMatchSet objects or other predicates.
- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that contains one or more ByteMatchTuple objects.

• You tried to delete an IPSet that references one or more IP addresses.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFReferencedItemException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that is still in use. For example:

- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that is still referenced by a Rule.
- You tried to delete a Rule that is still referenced by a WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **DeleteRule**

{

}

{

}

Permanently deletes a Rule (p. 115). You can't delete a Rule if it's still used in any WebACL objects or if it still includes any predicates, such as ByteMatchSet objects.

If you just want to remove a Rule from a WebACL, use UpdateWebACL (p. 91). To permanently delete a Rule from AWS WAF, perform the following steps:

- 1. Update the Rule to remove predicates, if any. For more information, see UpdateRule (p. 81).
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a DeleteRule request.
- 3. Submit a DeleteRule request.

# **Request Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 29)": "string",
"RuleId (p. 29)": "string"
```

# **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

### ChangeToken (p. 29)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41). Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: Yes RuleId (p. 29)

The RuleId of the Rule (p. 115) that you want to delete. RuleId is returned by CreateRule (p. 10) and by ListRules (p. 63).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

# **Response Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 30)": "string"
```

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### ChangeToken (p. 29)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the DeleteRule request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

## **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonEmptyEntityException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that isn't empty. For example:

- You tried to delete a WebACL that still contains one or more Rule objects.
- You tried to delete a Rule that still contains one or more ByteMatchSet objects or other predicates.
- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that contains one or more ByteMatchTuple objects.

• You tried to delete an IPSet that references one or more IP addresses.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFReferencedItemException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that is still in use. For example:

- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that is still referenced by a Rule.
- You tried to delete a Rule that is still referenced by a WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **DeleteSizeConstraintSet**

Permanently deletes a SizeConstraintSet (p. 121). You can't delete a SizeConstraintSet if it's still used in any Rules or if it still includes any SizeConstraint (p. 119) objects (any filters).

If you just want to remove a SizeConstraintSet from a Rule, use UpdateRule (p. 81).

To permanently delete a SizeConstraintSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Update the SizeConstraintSet to remove filters, if any. For more information, see UpdateSizeConstraintSet (p. 84).
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a DeleteSizeConstraintSet request.
- 3. Submit a DeleteSizeConstraintSet request.

# **Request Syntax**

{

}

{

}

```
"ChangeToken (p. 31)": "string",
"SizeConstraintSetId (p. 31)": "string"
```

# **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

ChangeToken (p. 31) The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41). Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: Yes SizeConstraintSetId (p. 31) The SizeConstraintSetId of the SizeConstraintSet (p. 121) that you want to delete.

SizeConstraintSetId is returned by CreateSizeConstraintSet (p. 13) and by ListSizeConstraintSets (p. 65).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

# **Response Syntax**

"ChangeToken (p. 32)": "string"

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### ChangeToken (p. 31)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the DeleteSizeConstraintSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonEmptyEntityException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that isn't empty. For example:

- You tried to delete a WebACL that still contains one or more Rule objects.
- You tried to delete a Rule that still contains one or more ByteMatchSet objects or other predicates.
- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that contains one or more ByteMatchTuple objects.
- You tried to delete an IPSet that references one or more IP addresses.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFReferencedItemException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that is still in use. For example:

- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that is still referenced by a Rule.
- You tried to delete a Rule that is still referenced by a WebACL.
- HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **DeleteSqlInjectionMatchSet**

Permanently deletes a SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124). You can't delete a SqlInjectionMatchSet if it's still used in any Rules or if it still contains any SqlInjectionMatchTuple (p. 127) objects.

If you just want to remove a SqlInjectionMatchSet from a Rule, use UpdateRule (p. 81). To permanently delete a SqlInjectionMatchSet from AWS WAF, perform the following steps:

- 1. Update the SqlInjectionMatchSet to remove filters, if any. For more information, see UpdateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 88).
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a DeleteSqlInjectionMatchSet request.
- 3. Submit a DeleteSqlInjectionMatchSet request.

# **Request Syntax**

{

}

{

}

```
"ChangeToken (p. 33)": "string",
"SqlInjectionMatchSetId (p. 33)": "string"
```

# **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

ChangeToken (p. 33) The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41). Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: Yes SqlInjectionMatchSetId (p. 33)

The SqlInjectionMatchSetId of the SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) that you want to delete. SqlInjectionMatchSetId is returned by CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 16) and by ListSqlInjectionMatchSets (p. 67).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

# **Response Syntax**

"ChangeToken (p. 34)": "string"

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### ChangeToken (p. 33)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the DeleteSqlInjectionMatchSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonEmptyEntityException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that isn't empty. For example:

- You tried to delete a WebACL that still contains one or more Rule objects.
- You tried to delete a Rule that still contains one or more ByteMatchSet objects or other predicates.
- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that contains one or more ByteMatchTuple objects.
- You tried to delete an IPSet that references one or more IP addresses.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFReferencedItemException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that is still in use. For example:

- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that is still referenced by a Rule.
- You tried to delete a Rule that is still referenced by a WebACL.
- HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **DeleteWebACL**

{

}

{

}

Permanently deletes a WebACL (p. 131). You can't delete a WebACL if it still contains any Rules. To delete a WebACL, perform the following steps:

- 1. Update the WebACL to remove Rules, if any. For more information, see UpdateWebACL (p. 91).
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a DeleteWebACL request.
- 3. Submit a DeleteWebACL request.

# **Request Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 35)": "string",
"WebACLId (p. 35)": "string"
```

# **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

```
ChangeToken (p. 35)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

Required: Yes

WebACLId (p. 35)

The WebACLId of the WebACL (p. 131) that you want to delete. WebACLId is returned by

CreateWebACL (p. 19) and by ListWebACLs (p. 69).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes
```

# **Response Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 35)": "string"
```

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### ChangeToken (p. 35)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the DeleteWebACL request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonEmptyEntityException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that isn't empty. For example:

- You tried to delete a WebACL that still contains one or more Rule objects.
- You tried to delete a Rule that still contains one or more ByteMatchSet objects or other predicates.
- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that contains one or more ByteMatchTuple objects.
- You tried to delete an IPSet that references one or more IP addresses.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFReferencedItemException

- The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that is still in use. For example:
- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that is still referenced by a Rule.
- You tried to delete a Rule that is still referenced by a WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **DeleteXssMatchSet**

Permanently deletes an XssMatchSet (p. 134). You can't delete an XssMatchSet if it's still used in any Rules or if it still contains any XssMatchTuple (p. 137) objects.

If you just want to remove an XssMatchSet from a Rule, use UpdateRule (p. 81).

To permanently delete an XssMatchSet from AWS WAF, perform the following steps:

- 1. Update the XssMatchSet to remove filters, if any. For more information, see UpdateXssMatchSet (p. 95).
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of a DeleteXssMatchSet request.
- 3. Submit a DeleteXssMatchSet request.

# **Request Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 37)": "string",
"XssMatchSetId (p. 37)": "string"
```

# **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

### ChangeToken (p. 37)

{

}

}

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41). Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: Yes XssMatchSetId (p. 37)

The XssMatchSetId of the XssMatchSet (p. 134) that you want to delete. XssMatchSetId is returned by CreateXssMatchSet (p. 22) and by ListXssMatchSets (p. 71).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

# **Response Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 38)": "string"
```

## **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### ChangeToken (p. 37)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the DeleteXssMatchSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

## **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonEmptyEntityException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that isn't empty. For example:

- You tried to delete a WebACL that still contains one or more Rule objects.
- You tried to delete a Rule that still contains one or more ByteMatchSet objects or other predicates.
- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that contains one or more ByteMatchTuple objects.

• You tried to delete an IPSet that references one or more IP addresses.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFReferencedItemException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that is still in use. For example:

- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that is still referenced by a Rule.
- You tried to delete a Rule that is still referenced by a WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **GetByteMatchSet**

Returns the ByteMatchSet (p. 101) specified by ByteMatchSetId.

# **Request Syntax**

```
{
    "ByteMatchSetId (p. 39)": "string"
}
```

## **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

### ByteMatchSetId (p. 39)

{

}

```
The ByteMatchSetId of the ByteMatchSet (p. 101) that you want to get. ByteMatchSetId is returned
by CreateByteMatchSet (p. 4) and by ListByteMatchSets (p. 59).
Type: String
Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.
Required: Yes
```

# **Response Syntax**

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### ByteMatchSet (p. 39)

Information about the ByteMatchSet (p. 101) that you specified in the GetByteMatchSet request. For more information, see the following topics:

• ByteMatchSet (p. 101): Contains ByteMatchSetId, ByteMatchTuples, and Name

- ByteMatchTuples: Contains an array of ByteMatchTuple (p. 104) objects. Each ByteMatchTuple object contains FieldToMatch (p. 107), PositionalConstraint, TargetString, and TextTransformation
- FieldToMatch (p. 107): Contains  ${\tt Data}\ and\ {\tt Type}$

Type: ByteMatchSet (p. 101) object

## **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

# GetChangeToken

When you want to create, update, or delete AWS WAF objects, get a change token and include the change token in the create, update, or delete request. Change tokens ensure that your application doesn't submit conflicting requests to AWS WAF.

Each create, update, or delete request must use a unique change token. If your application submits a GetChangeToken request and then submits a second GetChangeToken request before submitting a create, update, or delete request, the second GetChangeToken request returns the same value as the first GetChangeToken request.

When you use a change token in a create, update, or delete request, the status of the change token changes to PENDING, which indicates that AWS WAF is propagating the change to all AWS WAF servers. Use GetChangeTokenStatus to determine the status of your change token.

# **Response Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 41)": "string"
```

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### ChangeToken (p. 41)

The ChangeToken that you used in the request. Use this value in a GetChangeTokenStatus request to get the current status of the request.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

## **Errors**

{

}

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

# **GetChangeTokenStatus**

Returns the status of a ChangeToken that you got by calling GetChangeToken (p. 41). ChangeTokenStatus is one of the following values:

- PROVISIONED: You requested the change token by calling GetChangeToken, but you haven't used it yet in a call to create, update, or delete an AWS WAF object.
- PENDING: AWS WAF is propagating the create, update, or delete request to all AWS WAF servers.
- IN\_SYNC: Propagation is complete.

# **Request Syntax**

"ChangeToken (p. 42)": "string"

## **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 42)

{

}

{

}

The change token for which you want to get the status. This change token was previously returned in the GetChangeToken response.

Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: Yes

# **Response Syntax**

"ChangeTokenStatus (p. 42)": "string"

## **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### ChangeTokenStatus (p. 42)

The status of the change token. Type: String Valid Values: PROVISIONED | PENDING | INSYNC

## **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

# GetIPSet

Returns the IPSet (p. 110) that is specified by IPSetId.

# **Request Syntax**

```
{
    "IPSetId (p. 44)": "string"
}
```

# **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

```
IPSetId (p. 44)
```

```
The IPSetId of the IPSet (p. 110) that you want to get. IPSetId is returned by CreateIPSet (p. 7) and by ListIPSets (p. 61).
Type: String
```

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

# **Response Syntax**

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### IPSet (p. 44)

Information about the IPSet (p. 110) that you specified in the GetIPSet request. For more information, see the following topics:

- IPSet (p. 110): Contains IPSetDescriptors, IPSetId, and Name
- IPSetDescriptors: Contains an array of IPSetDescriptor (p. 111) objects. Each IPSetDescriptor object contains Type and Value

Type: IPSet (p. 110) object

# **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

# GetRule

Returns the Rule (p. 115) that is specified by the RuleId that you included in the GetRule request.

# **Request Syntax**

```
{
    "RuleId (p. 46)": "string"
}
```

# **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

### Ruleld (p. 46)

```
The RuleId of the Rule (p. 115) that you want to get. RuleId is returned by CreateRule (p. 10) and by ListRules (p. 63).
```

Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

# **Response Syntax**

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### Rule (p. 46)

Information about the Rule (p. 115) that you specified in the GetRule request. For more information, see the following topics:

- Rule (p. 115): Contains MetricName, Name, an array of Predicate objects, and RuleId
- Predicate (p. 114): Each  ${\tt Predicate}$  object contains  ${\tt DataId}, {\tt Negated}, {\tt and} {\tt Type}$

Type: Rule (p. 115) object

# **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

# **GetSampledRequests**

Gets detailed information about a specified number of requests--a sample--that AWS WAF randomly selects from among the first 5,000 requests that your AWS resource received during a time range that you choose. You can specify a sample size of up to 100 requests, and you can specify any time range in the previous three hours.

GetSampledRequests returns a time range, which is usually the time range that you specified. However, if your resource (such as a CloudFront distribution) received 5,000 requests before the specified time range elapsed, GetSampledRequests returns an updated time range. This new time range indicates the actual period during which AWS WAF selected the requests in the sample.

# **Request Syntax**

```
"MaxItems (p. 48)": number,
"RuleId (p. 48)": "string",
"TimeWindow (p. 48)": {
    "EndTime (p. 129)": number,
    "StartTime (p. 129)": number
},
"WebAclId (p. 48)": "string"
```

## **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

### MaxItems (p. 48)

}

The number of requests that you want AWS WAF to return from among the first 5,000 requests that your AWS resource received during the time range. If your resource received fewer requests than the value of MaxItems, GetSampledRequests returns information about all of them.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: Yes

### Ruleld (p. 48)

- ${\tt RuleId}\xspace$  is one of two values:
- The RuleId of the Rule for which you want GetSampledRequests to return a sample of requests.
- Default\_Action, which causes GetSampledRequests to return a sample of the requests that didn't match any of the rules in the specified WebACL.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### TimeWindow (p. 48)

The start date and time and the end date and time of the range for which you want GetSampledRequests to return a sample of requests. Specify the date and time in Unix time format (in seconds). You can specify any time range in the previous three hours.

Type: TimeWindow (p. 129) object

Required: Yes

### WebAclld (p. 48)

The  ${\tt WebACLId}$  of the  ${\tt WebACL}$  for which you want  ${\tt GetSampledRequests}$  to return a sample of requests.

Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

# **Response Syntax**

```
"PopulationSize (p. 49)": number,
   "SampledRequests (p. 49)": [
      {
         "Action (p. 118)": "string",
         "Request (p. 118)": {
            "ClientIP (p. 109)": "string",
            "Country (p. 109)": "string",
            "Headers (p. 109)": [
               {
                  "Name (p. 108)": "string",
                  "Value (p. 108)": "string"
               }
            ],
            "HTTPVersion (p. 109)": "string",
            "Method (p. 109)": "string",
            "URI (p. 109)": "string"
         },
         "Timestamp (p. 118)": number,
         "Weight (p. 118)": number
      }
   ],
   "TimeWindow (p. 49)": {
      "EndTime (p. 129)": number,
      "StartTime (p. 129)": number
   }
}
```

## **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### PopulationSize (p. 49)

The total number of requests from which GetSampledRequests got a sample of MaxItems requests. If PopulationSize is less than MaxItems, the sample includes every request that your AWS resource received during the specified time range.

Type: Long

### SampledRequests (p. 49)

A complex type that contains detailed information about each of the requests in the sample. Type: array of SampledHTTPRequest (p. 118) objects

### TimeWindow (p. 49)

Usually, TimeWindow is the time range that you specified in the GetSampledRequests request. However, if your AWS resource received more than 5,000 requests during the time range that you specified in the request, GetSampledRequests returns the time range for the first 5,000 requests. Type: TimeWindow (p. 129) object

## **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

# **GetSizeConstraintSet**

Returns the SizeConstraintSet (p. 121) specified by SizeConstraintSetId.

# **Request Syntax**

```
{
   "SizeConstraintSetId (p. 51)": "string"
}
```

## **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

### SizeConstraintSetId (p. 51)

```
The SizeConstraintSetId of the SizeConstraintSet (p. 121) that you want to get.
SizeConstraintSetId is returned by CreateSizeConstraintSet (p. 13) and by
ListSizeConstraintSets (p. 65).
Type: String
Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.
Required: Yes
```

# **Response Syntax**

```
{
   "SizeConstraintSet (p. 51)": {
      "Name (p. 121)": "string",
      "SizeConstraints (p. 121)": [
         {
            "ComparisonOperator (p. 119)": "string",
            "FieldToMatch (p. 119)": {
               "Data (p. 107)": "string",
               "Type (p. 107)": "string"
            },
            "Size (p. 119)": number,
            "TextTransformation (p. 119)": "string"
         }
      ],
      "SizeConstraintSetId (p. 121)": "string"
   }
}
```

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### SizeConstraintSet (p. 51)

Information about the SizeConstraintSet (p. 121) that you specified in the GetSizeConstraintSet request. For more information, see the following topics:

• SizeConstraintSet (p. 121): Contains SizeConstraintSetId, SizeConstraints, and Name

- SizeConstraints: Contains an array of SizeConstraint (p. 119) objects. Each SizeConstraint object contains FieldToMatch (p. 107), TextTransformation, ComparisonOperator, and Size
- FieldToMatch (p. 107): Contains Data and Type

Type: SizeConstraintSet (p. 121) object

# **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

# **GetSqlInjectionMatchSet**

Returns the SqllnjectionMatchSet (p. 124) that is specified by SqllnjectionMatchSetId.

# **Request Syntax**

```
{
    "SqlInjectionMatchSetId (p. 53)": "string"
}
```

## **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

### SqlInjectionMatchSetId (p. 53)

```
The SqlInjectionMatchSetId of the SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) that you want to get.
SqlInjectionMatchSetId is returned by CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 16) and by
ListSqlInjectionMatchSets (p. 67).
Type: String
Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.
Required: Yes
```

# **Response Syntax**

## **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 53)

Information about the SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) that you specified in the GetSqlInjectionMatchSet request. For more information, see the following topics:

• SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124): Contains Name, SqlInjectionMatchSetId, and an array of SqlInjectionMatchTuple objects

- SqlInjectionMatchTuple (p. 127): Each SqlInjectionMatchTuple Object contains FieldToMatch and TextTransformation
- FieldToMatch (p. 107): Contains Data and Type Type: SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) object

# **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

# **GetWebACL**

Returns the WebACL (p. 131) that is specified by WebACLId.

# **Request Syntax**

```
{
    "WebACLId (p. 55)": "string"
}
```

# **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

```
WebACLId (p. 55)
```

```
The WebACLId of the WebACL (p. 131) that you want to get. WebACLId is returned by
CreateWebACL (p. 19) and by ListWebACLs (p. 69).
Type: String
Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.
Required: Yes
```

# **Response Syntax**

```
{
   "WebACL (p. 55)": {
      "DefaultAction (p. 131)": {
         "Type (p. 130)": "string"
      },
      "MetricName (p. 131)": "string",
      "Name (p. 131)": "string",
      "Rules (p. 131)": [
         {
            "Action (p. 100)": {
               "Type (p. 130)": "string"
            },
            "Priority (p. 100)": number,
            "RuleId (p. 100)": "string"
         }
      ],
      "WebACLId (p. 131)": "string"
   }
}
```

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### WebACL (p. 55)

Information about the WebACL (p. 131) that you specified in the GetWebACL request. For more information, see the following topics:

- WebACL (p. 131): Contains DefaultAction, MetricName, Name, an array of Rule objects, and WebACLId
- DefaultAction (Data type is WafAction (p. 130)): Contains Type
- Rules: Contains an array of ActivatedRule objects, which contain Action, Priority, and RuleId
- Action: Contains Type

Type: WebACL (p. 131) object

## **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

# **GetXssMatchSet**

{

Returns the XssMatchSet (p. 134) that is specified by XssMatchSetId.

# **Request Syntax**

```
"XssMatchSetId (p. 57)": "string"
}
```

# **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

### XssMatchSetId (p. 57)

```
The XssMatchSetId of the XssMatchSet (p. 134) that you want to get. XssMatchSetId is returned
by CreateXssMatchSet (p. 22) and by ListXssMatchSets (p. 71).
Type: String
Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.
Required: Yes
```

# **Response Syntax**

## **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### XssMatchSet (p. 57)

Information about the XssMatchSet (p. 134) that you specified in the GetXssMatchSet request. For more information, see the following topics:

- XssMatchSet (p. 134): Contains Name, XssMatchSetId, and an array of XssMatchTuple objects
- XssMatchTuple (p. 137): Each XssMatchTuple object contains FieldToMatch and TextTransformation

- + FieldToMatch (p. 107): Contains  ${\tt Data}$  and  ${\tt Type}$
- Type: XssMatchSet (p. 134) object

## **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

# ListByteMatchSets

Returns an array of ByteMatchSetSummary (p. 102) objects.

# **Request Syntax**

```
"Limit (p. 59)": number,
"NextMarker (p. 59)": "string"
```

# **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

### Limit (p. 59)

{

}

Specifies the number of ByteMatchSet objects that you want AWS WAF to return for this request. If you have more ByteMatchSets objects than the number you specify for Limit, the response includes a NextMarker value that you can use to get another batch of ByteMatchSet objects.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: Yes

### NextMarker (p. 59)

If you specify a value for Limit and you have more ByteMatchSets than the value of Limit, AWS WAF returns a NextMarker value in the response that allows you to list another group of ByteMatchSets. For the second and subsequent ListByteMatchSets requests, specify the value of NextMarker from the previous response to get information about another batch of ByteMatchSets. Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: No

# **Response Syntax**

```
{
    "ByteMatchSets (p. 59)": [
        {
            "ByteMatchSetId (p. 102)": "string",
            "Name (p. 102)": "string"
        }
    ],
    "NextMarker (p. 60)": "string"
}
```

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### ByteMatchSets (p. 59)

An array of ByteMatchSetSummary (p. 102) objects.

Type: array of ByteMatchSetSummary (p. 102) objects

### NextMarker (p. 59)

If you have more ByteMatchSet objects than the number that you specified for Limit in the request, the response includes a NextMarker value. To list more ByteMatchSet objects, submit another ListByteMatchSets request, and specify the NextMarker value from the response in the NextMarker value in the next request.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

## **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

# **ListIPSets**

{

}

Returns an array of IPSetSummary (p. 112) objects in the response.

# **Request Syntax**

```
"Limit (p. 61)": number,
"NextMarker (p. 61)": "string"
```

## **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

### Limit (p. 61)

Specifies the number of IPSet objects that you want AWS WAF to return for this request. If you have more IPSet objects than the number you specify for Limit, the response includes a NextMarker value that you can use to get another batch of IPSet objects.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: Yes

### NextMarker (p. 61)

If you specify a value for Limit and you have more IPSets than the value of Limit, AWS WAF returns a NextMarker value in the response that allows you to list another group of IPSets. For the second and subsequent ListIPSets requests, specify the value of NextMarker from the previous response to get information about another batch of ByteMatchSets.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: No

# **Response Syntax**

```
{
    "IPSets (p. 61)": [
        {
            "IPSetId (p. 112)": "string",
            "Name (p. 112)": "string"
        }
    ],
    "NextMarker (p. 62)": "string"
}
```

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

```
IPSets (p. 61)
```

An array of IPSetSummary (p. 112) objects.

Type: array of IPSetSummary (p. 112) objects

#### NextMarker (p. 61)

If you have more IPSet objects than the number that you specified for Limit in the request, the response includes a NextMarker value. To list more IPSet objects, submit another ListIPSets request, and specify the NextMarker value from the response in the NextMarker value in the next request.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

# **ListRules**

{

}

Returns an array of RuleSummary (p. 116) objects.

# **Request Syntax**

```
"Limit (p. 63)": number,
"NextMarker (p. 63)": "string"
```

# **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

### Limit (p. 63)

Specifies the number of Rules that you want AWS WAF to return for this request. If you have more Rules than the number that you specify for Limit, the response includes a NextMarker value that you can use to get another batch of Rules.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: Yes

### NextMarker (p. 63)

If you specify a value for Limit and you have more Rules than the value of Limit, AWS WAF returns a NextMarker value in the response that allows you to list another group of Rules. For the second and subsequent ListRules requests, specify the value of NextMarker from the previous response to get information about another batch of Rules.

Type: String

{

}

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: No

# **Response Syntax**

```
"NextMarker (p. 64)": "string",
"Rules (p. 64)": [
    {
        "Name (p. 116)": "string",
        "RuleId (p. 116)": "string"
    }
]
```

# **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### NextMarker (p. 63)

If you have more Rules than the number that you specified for Limit in the request, the response includes a NextMarker value. To list more Rules, submit another ListRules request, and specify the NextMarker value from the response in the NextMarker value in the next request. Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### Rules (p. 63)

An array of RuleSummary (p. 116) objects.

Type: array of RuleSummary (p. 116) objects

## **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

## ListSizeConstraintSets

Returns an array of SizeConstraintSetSummary (p. 122) objects.

## **Request Syntax**

```
"Limit (p. 65)": number,
"NextMarker (p. 65)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### Limit (p. 65)

{

}

Specifies the number of SizeConstraintSet objects that you want AWS WAF to return for this request. If you have more SizeConstraintSets objects than the number you specify for Limit, the response includes a NextMarker value that you can use to get another batch of SizeConstraintSet objects.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: Yes

#### NextMarker (p. 65)

If you specify a value for Limit and you have more SizeConstraintSets than the value of Limit, AWS WAF returns a NextMarker value in the response that allows you to list another group of SizeConstraintSets. For the second and subsequent ListSizeConstraintSets requests, specify the value of NextMarker from the previous response to get information about another batch of SizeConstraintSets.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: No

### **Response Syntax**

```
{
   "NextMarker (p. 66)": "string",
   "SizeConstraintSets (p. 66)": [
        {
               "Name (p. 122)": "string",
               "SizeConstraintSetId (p. 122)": "string"
        }
   ]
}
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### NextMarker (p. 65)

If you have more SizeConstraintSet objects than the number that you specified for Limit in the request, the response includes a NextMarker value. To list more SizeConstraintSet objects, submit another ListSizeConstraintSets request, and specify the NextMarker value from the response in the NextMarker value in the next request.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

#### SizeConstraintSets (p. 65)

An array of SizeConstraintSetSummary (p. 122) objects.

Type: array of SizeConstraintSetSummary (p. 122) objects

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

## ListSqlInjectionMatchSets

Returns an array of SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) objects.

## **Request Syntax**

```
"Limit (p. 67)": number,
"NextMarker (p. 67)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### Limit (p. 67)

{

}

Specifies the number of SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) objects that you want AWS WAF to return for this request. If you have more SqlInjectionMatchSet objects than the number you specify for Limit, the response includes a NextMarker value that you can use to get another batch of Rules.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: Yes

#### NextMarker (p. 67)

If you specify a value for Limit and you have more SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) objects than the value of Limit, AWS WAF returns a NextMarker value in the response that allows you to list another group of SqlInjectionMatchSets. For the second and subsequent ListSqlInjectionMatchSets requests, specify the value of NextMarker from the previous response to get information about another batch of SqlInjectionMatchSets.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: No

### **Response Syntax**

```
{
   "NextMarker (p. 68)": "string",
   "SqlInjectionMatchSets (p. 68)": [
        {
            "Name (p. 125)": "string",
            "SqlInjectionMatchSetId (p. 125)": "string"
        }
   ]
}
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### NextMarker (p. 67)

If you have more SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) objects than the number that you specified for Limit in the request, the response includes a NextMarker value. To list more SqlInjectionMatchSet objects, submit another ListSqlInjectionMatchSets request, and specify the NextMarker value from the response in the NextMarker value in the next request.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

#### SqlInjectionMatchSets (p. 67)

An array of SqlInjectionMatchSetSummary (p. 125) objects.

Type: array of SqlInjectionMatchSetSummary (p. 125) objects

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

## ListWebACLs

{

}

Returns an array of WebACLSummary (p. 132) objects in the response.

## **Request Syntax**

```
"Limit (p. 69)": number,
"NextMarker (p. 69)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### Limit (p. 69)

Specifies the number of WebACL objects that you want AWS WAF to return for this request. If you have more WebACL objects than the number that you specify for Limit, the response includes a NextMarker value that you can use to get another batch of WebACL objects.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: Yes

#### NextMarker (p. 69)

If you specify a value for Limit and you have more WebACL objects than the number that you specify for Limit, AWS WAF returns a NextMarker value in the response that allows you to list another group of WebACL objects. For the second and subsequent ListWebACLs requests, specify the value of NextMarker from the previous response to get information about another batch of WebACL objects. Type: String

Type. Suring

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: No

### **Response Syntax**

```
{
   "NextMarker (p. 70)": "string",
   "WebACLs (p. 70)": [
        {
            "Name (p. 132)": "string",
            "WebACLId (p. 132)": "string"
        }
   ]
}
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### NextMarker (p. 69)

If you have more WebACL objects than the number that you specified for Limit in the request, the response includes a NextMarker value. To list more WebACL objects, submit another ListWebACLs request, and specify the NextMarker value from the response in the NextMarker value in the next request.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

#### WebACLs (p. 69)

An array of WebACLSummary (p. 132) objects. Type: array of WebACLSummary (p. 132) objects

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

## ListXssMatchSets

Returns an array of XssMatchSet (p. 134) objects.

## **Request Syntax**

```
"Limit (p. 71)": number,
"NextMarker (p. 71)": "string"
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### Limit (p. 71)

{

}

{

}

Specifies the number of XssMatchSet (p. 134) objects that you want AWS WAF to return for this request. If you have more XssMatchSet objects than the number you specify for Limit, the response includes a NextMarker value that you can use to get another batch of Rules.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: Yes

#### NextMarker (p. 71)

If you specify a value for Limit and you have more XssMatchSet (p. 134) objects than the value of Limit, AWS WAF returns a NextMarker value in the response that allows you to list another group of XssMatchSets. For the second and subsequent ListXssMatchSets requests, specify the value of NextMarker from the previous response to get information about another batch of XssMatchSets. Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: No

### **Response Syntax**

```
"NextMarker (p. 72)": "string",
"XssMatchSets (p. 72)": [
    {
        "Name (p. 135)": "string",
        "XssMatchSetId (p. 135)": "string"
    }
]
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### NextMarker (p. 71)

If you have more XssMatchSet (p. 134) objects than the number that you specified for Limit in the request, the response includes a NextMarker value. To list more XssMatchSet objects, submit another ListXssMatchSets request, and specify the NextMarker value from the response in the NextMarker value in the next request.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

#### XssMatchSets (p. 71)

An array of XssMatchSetSummary (p. 135) objects.

Type: array of XssMatchSetSummary (p. 135) objects

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

## **UpdateByteMatchSet**

Inserts or deletes ByteMatchTuple (p. 104) objects (filters) in a ByteMatchSet (p. 101). For each ByteMatchTuple object, you specify the following values:

- Whether to insert or delete the object from the array. If you want to change a ByteMatchSetUpdate object, you delete the existing object and add a new one.
- The part of a web request that you want AWS WAF to inspect, such as a query string or the value of the User-Agent header.
- The bytes (typically a string that corresponds with ASCII characters) that you want AWS WAF to look for. For more information, including how you specify the values for the AWS WAF API and the AWS CLI or SDKs, see TargetString in the ByteMatchTuple (p. 104) data type.
- Where to look, such as at the beginning or the end of a query string.
- Whether to perform any conversions on the request, such as converting it to lowercase, before inspecting it for the specified string.

For example, you can add a ByteMatchSetUpdate object that matches web requests in which User-Agent headers contain the string BadBot. You can then configure AWS WAF to block those requests.

To create and configure a ByteMatchSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create a ByteMatchSet. For more information, see CreateByteMatchSet (p. 4).
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateByteMatchSet request.
- 3. Submit an UpdateByteMatchSet request to specify the part of the request that you want AWS WAF to inspect (for example, the header or the URI) and the value that you want AWS WAF to watch for.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

### **Request Syntax**

```
{
   "ByteMatchSetId (p. 74)": "string",
   "ChangeToken (p. 74)": "string",
   "Updates (p. 74)": [
      {
         "Action (p. 103)": "string",
         "ByteMatchTuple (p. 103)": {
            "FieldToMatch (p. 104)": {
               "Data (p. 107)": "string",
               "Type (p. 107)": "string"
            },
            "PositionalConstraint (p. 104)": "string",
            "TargetString (p. 104)": blob,
            "TextTransformation (p. 105)": "string"
         }
      }
   ]
}
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ByteMatchSetId (p. 73)

The ByteMatchSetId of the ByteMatchSet (p. 101) that you want to update. ByteMatchSetId is returned by CreateByteMatchSet (p. 4) and by ListByteMatchSets (p. 59). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

#### ChangeToken (p. 73)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

Required: Yes

#### Updates (p. 73)

An array of ByteMatchSetUpdate objects that you want to insert into or delete from a ByteMatchSet (p. 101). For more information, see the applicable data types:

- ByteMatchSetUpdate (p. 103): Contains Action and ByteMatchTuple
- ByteMatchTuple (p. 104): Contains FieldToMatch, PositionalConstraint, TargetString, and TextTransformation
- FieldToMatch (p. 107): Contains Data and Type

Type: array of ByteMatchSetUpdate (p. 103) objects Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

"ChangeToken (p. 74)": "string"

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 74)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the UpdateByteMatchSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

}

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

#### HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidOperationException

The operation failed because there was nothing to do. For example:

- You tried to remove a Rule from a WebACL, but the Rule isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to remove an IP address from an IPSet, but the IP address isn't in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to remove a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add a Rule to a WebACL, but the Rule already exists in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add an IP address to an IPSet, but the IP address already exists in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple already exists in the specified WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

- The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:
- You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data.

#### HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentContainerException

The operation failed because you tried to add an object to or delete an object from another object that doesn't exist. For example:

- You tried to add a Rule to or delete a Rule from a WebACL that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchSet to or delete a ByteMatchSet from a Rule that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add an IP address to or delete an IP address from an IPSet that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to or delete a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet that doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

## **UpdateIPSet**

Inserts or deletes IPSetDescriptor (p. 111) objects in an IPSet. For each IPSetDescriptor object, you specify the following values:

- Whether to insert or delete the object from the array. If you want to change an IPSetDescriptor object, you delete the existing object and add a new one.
- The IP address version,  ${\tt IPv4}.$
- The IP address in CIDR notation, for example, 192.0.2.0/24 (for the range of IP addresses from 192.0.2.0 to 192.0.2.255) or 192.0.2.44/32 (for the individual IP address 192.0.2.44).

AWS WAF supports /8, /16, /24, and /32 IP address ranges. For more information about CIDR notation, see the Wikipedia entry Classless Inter-Domain Routing.

You use an IPSet to specify which web requests you want to allow or block based on the IP addresses that the requests originated from. For example, if you're receiving a lot of requests from one or a small number of IP addresses and you want to block the requests, you can create an IPSet that specifies those IP addresses, and then configure AWS WAF to block the requests.

To create and configure an IPSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Submit a CreatelPSet (p. 7) request.
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateIPSet (p. 77) request.
- 3. Submit an UpdateIPSet request to specify the IP addresses that you want AWS WAF to watch for.

When you update an IPSet, you specify the IP addresses that you want to add and/or the IP addresses that you want to delete. If you want to change an IP address, you delete the existing IP address and add the new one.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

### **Request Syntax**

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 77)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

Required: Yes

#### IPSetId (p. 77)

The IPSetId of the IPSet (p. 110) that you want to update. IPSetId is returned by CreateIPSet (p. 7) and by ListIPSets (p. 61).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

#### Updates (p. 77)

An array of IPSetUpdate objects that you want to insert into or delete from an IPSet (p. 110). For more information, see the applicable data types:

- IPSetUpdate (p. 113): Contains Action and IPSetDescriptor
- IPSetDescriptor (p. 111): Contains Type and Value

Type: array of IPSetUpdate (p. 113) objects

Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

"ChangeToken (p. 78)": "string"

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 78)

}

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the UpdateIPSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidOperationException

The operation failed because there was nothing to do. For example:

- You tried to remove a Rule from a WebACL, but the Rule isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to remove an IP address from an IPSet, but the IP address isn't in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to remove a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add a Rule to a WebACL, but the Rule already exists in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add an IP address to an IPSet, but the IP address already exists in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple already exists in the specified WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:

- You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data. HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentContainerException

The operation failed because you tried to add an object to or delete an object from another object that doesn't exist. For example:

- You tried to add a Rule to or delete a Rule from a WebACL that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchSet to or delete a ByteMatchSet from a Rule that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add an IP address to or delete an IP address from an IPSet that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to or delete a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet that doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFReferencedItemException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that is still in use. For example:

- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that is still referenced by a Rule.
- You tried to delete a Rule that is still referenced by a WebACL.
- HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

## **UpdateRule**

Inserts or deletes Predicate (p. 114) objects in a Rule. Each Predicate object identifies a predicate, such as a ByteMatchSet (p. 101) or an IPSet (p. 110), that specifies the web requests that you want to allow, block, or count. If you add more than one predicate to a Rule, a request must match all of the specifications to be allowed, blocked, or counted. For example, suppose you add the following to a Rule:

- A ByteMatchSet that matches the value BadBot in the User-Agent header
- An IPSet that matches the IP address 192.0.2.44

You then add the Rule to a WebACL and specify that you want to block requests that satisfy the Rule. For a request to be blocked, the User-Agent header in the request must contain the value BadBot and the request must originate from the IP address 192.0.2.44.

To create and configure a Rule, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create and update the predicates that you want to include in the Rule.
- 2. Create the Rule. See CreateRule (p. 10).
- 3. Use GetChangeToken to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateRule (p. 81) request.
- 4. Submit an UpdateRule request to add predicates to the Rule.
- 5. Create and update a WebACL that contains the Rule. See CreateWebACL (p. 19).

If you want to replace one ByteMatchSet or IPSet with another, you delete the existing one and add the new one.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

### **Request Syntax**

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 81)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Required: Yes

#### Ruleld (p. 81)

The RuleId of the Rule that you want to update. RuleId is returned by CreateRule and by ListRules (p. 63).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

#### Updates (p. 81)

An array of RuleUpdate objects that you want to insert into or delete from a Rule (p. 115). For more information, see the applicable data types:

- RuleUpdate (p. 117): Contains Action and Predicate
- Predicate (p. 114): Contains DataId, Negated, and Type
- FieldToMatch (p. 107): Contains Data and Type

Type: array of RuleUpdate (p. 117) objects Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

"ChangeToken (p. 82)": "string"

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 82)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the UpdateRule request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

{

}

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidOperationException

The operation failed because there was nothing to do. For example:

• You tried to remove a Rule from a WebACL, but the Rule isn't in the specified WebACL.

- You tried to remove an IP address from an IPSet, but the IP address isn't in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to remove a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add a Rule to a WebACL, but the Rule already exists in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add an IP address to an IPSet, but the IP address already exists in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple already exists in the specified WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:

- You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentContainerException

The operation failed because you tried to add an object to or delete an object from another object that doesn't exist. For example:

- You tried to add a Rule to or delete a Rule from a WebACL that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchSet to or delete a ByteMatchSet from a Rule that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add an IP address to or delete an IP address from an IPSet that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to or delete a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet that doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFReferencedItemException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that is still in use. For example:

- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that is still referenced by a Rule.
- You tried to delete a Rule that is still referenced by a WebACL.
- HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

## **UpdateSizeConstraintSet**

Inserts or deletes SizeConstraint (p. 119) objects (filters) in a SizeConstraintSet (p. 121). For each SizeConstraint object, you specify the following values:

- Whether to insert or delete the object from the array. If you want to change a SizeConstraintSetUpdate object, you delete the existing object and add a new one.
- The part of a web request that you want AWS WAF to evaluate, such as the length of a query string or the length of the User-Agent header.
- Whether to perform any transformations on the request, such as converting it to lowercase, before checking its length. Note that transformations of the request body are not supported because the AWS resource forwards only the first 8192 bytes of your request to AWS WAF.
- A ComparisonOperator used for evaluating the selected part of the request against the specified Size, such as equals, greater than, less than, and so on.
- The length, in bytes, that you want AWS WAF to watch for in selected part of the request. The length is computed after applying the transformation.

For example, you can add a SizeConstraintSetUpdate object that matches web requests in which the length of the User-Agent header is greater than 100 bytes. You can then configure AWS WAF to block those requests.

To create and configure a SizeConstraintSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create a SizeConstraintSet. For more information, see CreateSizeConstraintSet (p. 13).
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateSizeConstraintSet request.
- 3. Submit an UpdateSizeConstraintSet request to specify the part of the request that you want AWS WAF to inspect (for example, the header or the URI) and the value that you want AWS WAF to watch for.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

### **Request Syntax**

{

## **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 84)

]

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

Required: Yes

#### SizeConstraintSetId (p. 84)

The SizeConstraintSetId of the SizeConstraintSet (p. 121) that you want to update. SizeConstraintSetId is returned by CreateSizeConstraintSet (p. 13) and by ListSizeConstraintSets (p. 65).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

#### Updates (p. 84)

An array of SizeConstraintSetUpdate objects that you want to insert into or delete from a SizeConstraintSet (p. 121). For more information, see the applicable data types:

- SizeConstraintSetUpdate (p. 123): Contains Action and SizeConstraint
- SizeConstraint (p. 119): Contains FieldToMatch, TextTransformation, ComparisonOperator, and Size
- FieldToMatch (p. 107): Contains Data and Type

Type: array of SizeConstraintSetUpdate (p. 123) objects Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 85)": "string"
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 85)

{

}

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the UpdateSizeConstraintSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidOperationException

The operation failed because there was nothing to do. For example:

- You tried to remove a Rule from a WebACL, but the Rule isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to remove an IP address from an IPSet, but the IP address isn't in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to remove a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add a Rule to a WebACL, but the Rule already exists in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add an IP address to an IPSet, but the IP address already exists in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple already exists in the specified WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:

- You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentContainerException

The operation failed because you tried to add an object to or delete an object from another object that doesn't exist. For example:

- You tried to add a Rule to or delete a Rule from a WebACL that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchSet to or delete a ByteMatchSet from a Rule that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add an IP address to or delete an IP address from an IPSet that doesn't exist.

• You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to or delete a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet that doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFReferencedItemException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that is still in use. For example:

- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that is still referenced by a Rule.
- You tried to delete a Rule that is still referenced by a WebACL.
- HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

## **UpdateSqlInjectionMatchSet**

Inserts or deletes SqlInjectionMatchTuple (p. 127) objects (filters) in a SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124). For each SqlInjectionMatchTuple object, you specify the following values:

- Action: Whether to insert the object into or delete the object from the array. To change a SqlInjectionMatchTuple, you delete the existing object and add a new one.
- FieldToMatch: The part of web requests that you want AWS WAF to inspect and, if you want AWS WAF to inspect a header, the name of the header.
- TextTransformation: Which text transformation, if any, to perform on the web request before inspecting the request for snippets of malicious SQL code.

You use SqlInjectionMatchSet objects to specify which CloudFront requests you want to allow, block, or count. For example, if you're receiving requests that contain snippets of SQL code in the query string and you want to block the requests, you can create a SqlInjectionMatchSet with the applicable settings, and then configure AWS WAF to block the requests.

To create and configure a SqlInjectionMatchSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Submit a CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 16) request.
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateIPSet (p. 77) request.
- 3. Submit an UpdateSqlInjectionMatchSet request to specify the parts of web requests that you want AWS WAF to inspect for snippets of SQL code.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

## **Request Syntax**

```
{
   "ChangeToken (p. 89)": "string",
   "SqlInjectionMatchSetId (p. 89)": "string",
   "Updates (p. 89)": [
      {
         "Action (p. 126)": "string",
         "SqlInjectionMatchTuple (p. 126)": {
            "FieldToMatch (p. 127)": {
               "Data (p. 107)": "string",
               "Type (p. 107)": "string"
            },
            "TextTransformation (p. 127)": "string"
         }
      }
   ]
}
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 88)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

Required: Yes

#### SqlInjectionMatchSetId (p. 88)

The SqlInjectionMatchSetId of the SqlInjectionMatchSet that you want to update. SqlInjectionMatchSetId is returned by CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 16) and by ListSqlInjectionMatchSets (p. 67).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

#### Updates (p. 88)

An array of SqlInjectionMatchSetUpdate objects that you want to insert into or delete from a SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124). For more information, see the applicable data types:

- SqlInjectionMatchSetUpdate (p. 126): Contains Action and SqlInjectionMatchTuple
- SqlInjectionMatchTuple (p. 127): Contains FieldToMatch and TextTransformation
- FieldToMatch (p. 107): Contains Data and Type

Type: array of SqlInjectionMatchSetUpdate (p. 126) objects Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 89)": "string"
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 89)

}

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the UpdateSqlInjectionMatchSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

#### HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidOperationException

- The operation failed because there was nothing to do. For example:
- You tried to remove a Rule from a WebACL, but the Rule isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to remove an IP address from an IPSet, but the IP address isn't in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to remove a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add a Rule to a WebACL, but the Rule already exists in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add an IP address to an IPSet, but the IP address already exists in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple already exists in the specified WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

- The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:
- You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentContainerException

The operation failed because you tried to add an object to or delete an object from another object that doesn't exist. For example:

- You tried to add a Rule to or delete a Rule from a WebACL that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchSet to or delete a ByteMatchSet from a Rule that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add an IP address to or delete an IP address from an IPSet that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to or delete a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet that doesn't exist.
- HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

## **UpdateWebACL**

Inserts or deletes ActivatedRule (p. 100) objects in a WebACL. Each Rule identifies web requests that you want to allow, block, or count. When you update a WebACL, you specify the following values:

- A default action for the WebACL, either ALLOW or BLOCK. AWS WAF performs the default action if a request doesn't match the criteria in any of the Rules in a WebACL.
- The Rules that you want to add and/or delete. If you want to replace one Rule with another, you delete the existing Rule and add the new one.
- For each Rule, whether you want AWS WAF to allow requests, block requests, or count requests that match the conditions in the Rule.
- The order in which you want AWS WAF to evaluate the Rules in a WebACL. If you add more than one Rule to a WebACL, AWS WAF evaluates each request against the Rules in order based on the value of Priority. (The Rule that has the lowest value for Priority is evaluated first.) When a web request matches all of the predicates (such as ByteMatchSets and IPSets) in a Rule, AWS WAF immediately takes the corresponding action, allow or block, and doesn't evaluate the request against the remaining Rules in the WebACL, if any.
- The CloudFront distribution that you want to associate with the WebACL.

To create and configure a WebACL, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create and update the predicates that you want to include in Rules. For more information, see CreateByteMatchSet (p. 4), UpdateByteMatchSet (p. 73), CreateIPSet (p. 7), UpdateIPSet (p. 77), CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 16), and UpdateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 88).
- 2. Create and update the Rules that you want to include in the WebACL. For more information, see CreateRule (p. 10) and UpdateRule (p. 81).
- 3. Create a WebACL. See CreateWebACL (p. 19).
- 4. Use GetChangeToken to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateWebACL (p. 91) request.
- 5. Submit an UpdateWebACL request to specify the Rules that you want to include in the WebACL, to specify the default action, and to associate the WebACL with a CloudFront distribution.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

### **Request Syntax**

{

```
"RuleId (p. 100)": "string"
}
],
"WebACLId (p. 92)": "string"
}
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 91)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

Required: Yes

#### **DefaultAction (p. 91)**

For the action that is associated with a rule in a WebACL, specifies the action that you want AWS WAF to perform when a web request matches all of the conditions in a rule. For the default action in a WebACL, specifies the action that you want AWS WAF to take when a web request doesn't match all of the conditions in any of the rules in a WebACL.

Type: WafAction (p. 130) object

Required: No

#### Updates (p. 91)

An array of updates to make to the WebACL (p. 131).

An array of WebACLUpdate objects that you want to insert into or delete from a WebACL (p. 131). For more information, see the applicable data types:

- WebACLUpdate (p. 133): Contains Action and ActivatedRule
- ActivatedRule (p. 100): Contains Action, Priority, and RuleId
- WafAction (p. 130): Contains Type

Type: array of WebACLUpdate (p. 133) objects Required: No

#### WebACLId (p. 91)

The WebACLId of the WebACL (p. 131) that you want to update. WebACLId is returned by CreateWebACL (p. 19) and by ListWebACLs (p. 69).

Type: String

{

}

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

"ChangeToken (p. 93)": "string"

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 92)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the UpdateWebACL request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidOperationException

The operation failed because there was nothing to do. For example:

- You tried to remove a Rule from a WebACL, but the Rule isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to remove an IP address from an IPSet, but the IP address isn't in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to remove a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add a Rule to a WebACL, but the Rule already exists in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add an IP address to an IPSet, but the IP address already exists in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple already exists in the specified WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:

- You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

#### WAFNonexistentContainerException

The operation failed because you tried to add an object to or delete an object from another object that doesn't exist. For example:

- You tried to add a Rule to or delete a Rule from a WebACL that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchSet to or delete a ByteMatchSet from a Rule that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add an IP address to or delete an IP address from an IPSet that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to or delete a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet that doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFReferencedItemException

The operation failed because you tried to delete an object that is still in use. For example:

- You tried to delete a ByteMatchSet that is still referenced by a Rule.
- You tried to delete a Rule that is still referenced by a WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

## **UpdateXssMatchSet**

Inserts or deletes XssMatchTuple (p. 137) objects (filters) in an XssMatchSet (p. 134). For each XssMatchTuple object, you specify the following values:

- Action: Whether to insert the object into or delete the object from the array. To change a XssMatchTuple, you delete the existing object and add a new one.
- FieldToMatch: The part of web requests that you want AWS WAF to inspect and, if you want AWS WAF to inspect a header, the name of the header.
- TextTransformation: Which text transformation, if any, to perform on the web request before inspecting the request for cross-site scripting attacks.

You use XssMatchSet objects to specify which CloudFront requests you want to allow, block, or count. For example, if you're receiving requests that contain cross-site scripting attacks in the request body and you want to block the requests, you can create an XssMatchSet with the applicable settings, and then configure AWS WAF to block the requests.

To create and configure an XssMatchSet, perform the following steps:

- 1. Submit a CreateXssMatchSet (p. 22) request.
- 2. Use GetChangeToken (p. 41) to get the change token that you provide in the ChangeToken parameter of an UpdateIPSet (p. 77) request.
- 3. Submit an UpdateXssMatchSet request to specify the parts of web requests that you want AWS WAF to inspect for cross-site scripting attacks.

For more information about how to use the AWS WAF API to allow or block HTTP requests, see the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

## **Request Syntax**

```
{
   "ChangeToken (p. 96)": "string",
   "Updates (p. 96)": [
      {
         "Action (p. 136)": "string",
         "XssMatchTuple (p. 136)": {
            "FieldToMatch (p. 137)": {
               "Data (p. 107)": "string",
               "Type (p. 107)": "string"
            },
            "TextTransformation (p. 137)": "string"
         }
      }
   ],
   "XssMatchSetId (p. 96)": "string"
}
```

### **Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 139).

The request requires the following data in JSON format.

#### ChangeToken (p. 95)

The value returned by the most recent call to GetChangeToken (p. 41).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

Required: Yes

#### Updates (p. 95)

An array of XssMatchSetUpdate objects that you want to insert into or delete from a XssMatchSet (p. 134). For more information, see the applicable data types:

- XssMatchSetUpdate (p. 136): Contains Action and XssMatchTuple
- XssMatchTuple (p. 137): Contains FieldToMatch and TextTransformation
- FieldToMatch (p. 107): Contains Data and Type

Type: array of XssMatchSetUpdate (p. 136) objects Required: Yes

#### XssMatchSetId (p. 95)

The XssMatchSetId of the XssMatchSet that you want to update. XssMatchSetId is returned by CreateXssMatchSet (p. 22) and by ListXssMatchSets (p. 71).

Type: String

{

}

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **Response Syntax**

```
"ChangeToken (p. 96)": "string"
```

### **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

#### ChangeToken (p. 96)

The ChangeToken that you used to submit the UpdateXssMatchSet request. You can also use this value to query the status of the request. For more information, see GetChangeTokenStatus (p. 42). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1.

### **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 141).

#### WAFInternalErrorException

The operation failed because of a system problem, even though the request was valid. Retry your request.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### WAFInvalidAccountException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using an invalid account identifier.

#### WAFInvalidOperationException

The operation failed because there was nothing to do. For example:

- You tried to remove a Rule from a WebACL, but the Rule isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to remove an IP address from an IPSet, but the IP address isn't in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to remove a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple isn't in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add a Rule to a WebACL, but the Rule already exists in the specified WebACL.
- You tried to add an IP address to an IPSet, but the IP address already exists in the specified IPSet.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to a ByteMatchSet, but the ByteMatchTuple already exists in the specified WebACL.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFInvalidParameterException

The operation failed because AWS WAF didn't recognize a parameter in the request. For example:

- · You specified an invalid parameter name.
- You specified an invalid value.
- You tried to update an object (ByteMatchSet, IPSet, Rule, or WebACL) using an action other than INSERT or DELETE.
- You tried to create a WebACL with a DefaultAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a WebACL with a WafAction Type other than ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a FieldToMatch Type other than HEADER, QUERY\_STRING, or URI.
- You tried to update a ByteMatchSet with a Field of HEADER but no value for Data.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFLimitsExceededException

The operation exceeds a resource limit, for example, the maximum number of WebACL objects that you can create for an AWS account. For more information, see Limits in the AWS WAF Developer Guide.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentContainerException

The operation failed because you tried to add an object to or delete an object from another object that doesn't exist. For example:

- You tried to add a Rule to or delete a Rule from a WebACL that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchSet to or delete a ByteMatchSet from a Rule that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add an IP address to or delete an IP address from an IPSet that doesn't exist.
- You tried to add a ByteMatchTuple to or delete a ByteMatchTuple from a ByteMatchSet that doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFNonexistentItemException

The operation failed because the referenced object doesn't exist.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### WAFStaleDataException

The operation failed because you tried to create, update, or delete an object by using a change token that has already been used.

# **Data Types**

The AWS WAF API contains several data types that various actions use. This section describes each data type in detail.

#### Note

The order of each element in a data type structure is not guaranteed. Applications should not assume a particular order.

The following data types are supported:

- ActivatedRule (p. 100)
- ByteMatchSet (p. 101)
- ByteMatchSetSummary (p. 102)
- ByteMatchSetUpdate (p. 103)
- ByteMatchTuple (p. 104)
- FieldToMatch (p. 107)
- HTTPHeader (p. 108)
- HTTPRequest (p. 109)
- IPSet (p. 110)
- IPSetDescriptor (p. 111)
- IPSetSummary (p. 112)
- IPSetUpdate (p. 113)
- Predicate (p. 114)
- Rule (p. 115)
- RuleSummary (p. 116)
- RuleUpdate (p. 117)
- SampledHTTPRequest (p. 118)
- SizeConstraint (p. 119)
- SizeConstraintSet (p. 121)
- SizeConstraintSetSummary (p. 122)
- SizeConstraintSetUpdate (p. 123)

- SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124)
- SqlInjectionMatchSetSummary (p. 125)
- SqlInjectionMatchSetUpdate (p. 126)
- SqlInjectionMatchTuple (p. 127)
- TimeWindow (p. 129)
- WafAction (p. 130)
- WebACL (p. 131)
- WebACLSummary (p. 132)
- WebACLUpdate (p. 133)
- XssMatchSet (p. 134)
- XssMatchSetSummary (p. 135)
- XssMatchSetUpdate (p. 136)
- XssMatchTuple (p. 137)

## ActivatedRule

The ActivatedRule object in an UpdateWebACL (p. 91) request specifies a Rule that you want to insert or delete, the priority of the Rule in the WebACL, and the action that you want AWS WAF to take when a web request matches the Rule (ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT).

To specify whether to insert or delete a Rule, use the Action parameter in the WebACLUpdate (p. 133) data type.

## Contents

#### Action

Specifies the action that CloudFront or AWS WAF takes when a web request matches the conditions in the Rule. Valid values for Action include the following:

- ALLOW: CloudFront responds with the requested object.
- BLOCK: CloudFront responds with an HTTP 403 (Forbidden) status code.
- COUNT: AWS WAF increments a counter of requests that match the conditions in the rule and then continues to inspect the web request based on the remaining rules in the web ACL.

Type: WafAction (p. 130) object

Required: Yes

#### Priority

Specifies the order in which the Rules in a WebACL are evaluated. Rules with a lower value for Priority are evaluated before Rules with a higher value. The value must be a unique integer. If you add multiple Rules to a WebACL, the values don't need to be consecutive.

Type: Integer

Required: Yes

#### Ruleld

The RuleId for a Rule. You use RuleId to get more information about a Rule (see GetRule (p. 46)), update a Rule (see UpdateRule (p. 81)), insert a Rule into a WebACL or delete a one from a WebACL (see UpdateWebACL (p. 91)), or delete a Rule from AWS WAF (see DeleteRule (p. 29)).

RuleId is returned by CreateRule (p. 10) and by ListRules (p. 63).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **ByteMatchSet**

In a GetByteMatchSet (p. 39) request, ByteMatchSet is a complex type that contains the ByteMatchSetId and Name of a ByteMatchSet, and the values that you specified when you updated the ByteMatchSet.

A complex type that contains ByteMatchTuple objects, which specify the parts of web requests that you want AWS WAF to inspect and the values that you want AWS WAF to search for. If a ByteMatchSet contains more than one ByteMatchTuple object, a request needs to match the settings in only one ByteMatchTuple to be considered a match.

### Contents

### ByteMatchSetId

The ByteMatchSetId for a ByteMatchSet. You use ByteMatchSetId to get information about a ByteMatchSet (see GetByteMatchSet (p. 39)), update a ByteMatchSet (see UpdateByteMatchSet (p. 73)), insert a ByteMatchSet into a Rule or delete one from a Rule (see

UpdateRule (p. 81)), and delete a ByteMatchSet from AWS WAF (see DeleteByteMatchSet (p. 25)).

ByteMatchSetId is returned by CreateByteMatchSet (p. 4) and by ListByteMatchSets (p. 59). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### ByteMatchTuples

Specifies the bytes (typically a string that corresponds with ASCII characters) that you want AWS WAF to search for in web requests, the location in requests that you want AWS WAF to search, and other settings.

Type: array of ByteMatchTuple (p. 104) objects

Required: Yes

### Name

A friendly name or description of the ByteMatchSet (p. 101). You can't change Name after you create a ByteMatchSet.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: No

### **ByteMatchSetSummary**

Returned by ListByteMatchSets (p. 59). Each ByteMatchSetSummary object includes the Name and ByteMatchSetId for one ByteMatchSet (p. 101).

### Contents

### ByteMatchSetId

The ByteMatchSetId for a ByteMatchSet. You use ByteMatchSetId to get information about a ByteMatchSet, update a ByteMatchSet, remove a ByteMatchSet from a Rule, and delete a ByteMatchSet from AWS WAF.

ByteMatchSetId is returned by CreateByteMatchSet (p. 4) and by ListByteMatchSets (p. 59).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### Name

A friendly name or description of the ByteMatchSet (p. 101). You can't change Name after you create a ByteMatchSet.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

### **ByteMatchSetUpdate**

In an UpdateByteMatchSet (p. 73) request, ByteMatchSetUpdate specifies whether to insert or delete a ByteMatchTuple (p. 104) and includes the settings for the ByteMatchTuple.

### Contents

### Action

Specifies whether to insert or delete a ByteMatchTuple (p. 104). Type: String

Valid Values: INSERT | DELETE

Required: Yes

### ByteMatchTuple

Information about the part of a web request that you want AWS WAF to inspect and the value that you want AWS WAF to search for. If you specify DELETE for the value of Action, the ByteMatchTuple values must exactly match the values in the ByteMatchTuple that you want to delete from the ByteMatchSet.

Type: ByteMatchTuple (p. 104) object

### **ByteMatchTuple**

The bytes (typically a string that corresponds with ASCII characters) that you want AWS WAF to search for in web requests, the location in requests that you want AWS WAF to search, and other settings.

### Contents

### FieldToMatch

The part of a web request that you want AWS WAF to search, such as a specified header or a query string. For more information, see FieldToMatch (p. 107).

Type: FieldToMatch (p. 107) object

Required: Yes

### PositionalConstraint

Within the portion of a web request that you want to search (for example, in the query string, if any), specify where you want AWS WAF to search. Valid values include the following:

#### CONTAINS

The specified part of the web request must include the value of TargetString, but the location doesn't matter.

### CONTAINS\_WORD

The specified part of the web request must include the value of TargetString, and TargetString must contain only alphanumeric characters or underscore (A-Z, a-z, 0-9, or \_). In addition, TargetString must be a word, which means one of the following:

- TargetString exactly matches the value of the specified part of the web request, such as the value of a header.
- TargetString is at the beginning of the specified part of the web request and is followed by a character other than an alphanumeric character or underscore (\_), for example, BadBot;.
- TargetString is at the end of the specified part of the web request and is preceded by a character other than an alphanumeric character or underscore (\_), for example, ; BadBot.
- TargetString is in the middle of the specified part of the web request and is preceded and followed by characters other than alphanumeric characters or underscore (\_), for example, -BadBoti.

### EXACTLY

The value of the specified part of the web request must exactly match the value of TargetString. **STARTS WITH** 

### The value of TargetString must appear at the beginning of the specified part of the web request.

### ENDS\_WITH

The value of TargetString must appear at the end of the specified part of the web request. Type: String

```
Valid Values: EXACTLY | STARTS_WITH | ENDS_WITH | CONTAINS | CONTAINS_WORD Required: Yes
```

### TargetString

The value that you want AWS WAF to search for. AWS WAF searches for the specified string in the part of web requests that you specified in FieldToMatch. The maximum length of the value is 50 bytes.

Valid values depend on the values that you specified for FieldToMatch:

- HEADER: The value that you want AWS WAF to search for in the request header that you specified in FieldToMatch (p. 107), for example, the value of the User-Agent or Referer header.
- METHOD: The HTTP method, which indicates the type of operation specified in the request. CloudFront supports the following methods: DELETE, GET, HEAD, OPTIONS, PATCH, POST, and PUT.

- QUERY\_STRING: The value that you want AWS WAF to search for in the query string, which is the part of a URL that appears after a ? character.
- URI: The value that you want AWS WAF to search for in the part of a URL that identifies a resource, for example, /images/daily-ad.jpg.
- · BODY: The part of a request that contains any additional data that you want to send to your web server as the HTTP request body, such as data from a form. The request body immediately follows the request headers. Note that only the first 8192 bytes of the request body are forwarded to AWS WAF for inspection. To allow or block requests based on the length of the body, you can create a size constraint set. For more information, see CreateSizeConstraintSet (p. 13).

If TargetString includes alphabetic characters A-Z and a-z, note that the value is case sensitive. If you're using the AWS WAF API

Specify a base64-encoded version of the value. The maximum length of the value before you base64-encode it is 50 bytes.

For example, suppose the value of Type is HEADER and the value of Data is User-Agent. If you want to search the User-Agent header for the value BadBot, you base64-encode BadBot using MIME base64 encoding and include the resulting value, QmFkQm90, in the value of TargetString.

#### If you're using the AWS CLI or one of the AWS SDKs

The value that you want AWS WAF to search for. The SDK automatically base64 encodes the value. Type: Base64-encoded binary data

**Required: Yes** 

#### **TextTransformation**

Text transformations eliminate some of the unusual formatting that attackers use in web requests in an effort to bypass AWS WAF. If you specify a transformation, AWS WAF performs the transformation on TargetString before inspecting a request for a match.

#### CMD\_LINE

When you're concerned that attackers are injecting an operating system commandline command and using unusual formatting to disguise some or all of the command, use this option to perform the following transformations:

- Delete the following characters: \ " ' ^
- Delete spaces before the following characters: / (
- Replace the following characters with a space: , ;
- · Replace multiple spaces with one space
- Convert uppercase letters (A-Z) to lowercase (a-z)

### COMPRESS WHITE SPACE

Use this option to replace the following characters with a space character (decimal 32):

- \f, formfeed, decimal 12
- \t, tab, decimal 9
- \n, newline, decimal 10
- \r, carriage return, decimal 13
- \v, vertical tab, decimal 11
- non-breaking space, decimal 160

COMPRESS\_WHITE\_SPACE also replaces multiple spaces with one space.

#### HTML ENTITY DECODE

Use this option to replace HTML-encoded characters with unencoded characters. HTML\_ENTITY\_DECODE performs the following operations:

- Replaces (ampersand)quot; with "
- Replaces (ampersand) nbsp; with a non-breaking space, decimal 160

- Replaces (ampersand) lt; with a "less than" symbol
- Replaces (ampersand)gt; with >
- Replaces characters that are represented in hexadecimal format, (ampersand)#xhhhh;, with the corresponding characters
- Replaces characters that are represented in decimal format, (ampersand)#nnnn;, with the corresponding characters

### LOWERCASE

Use this option to convert uppercase letters (A-Z) to lowercase (a-z).

### URL\_DECODE

Use this option to decode a URL-encoded value.

### NONE

Specify NONE if you don't want to perform any text transformations.

Type: String

Valid Values: NONE | COMPRESS\_WHITE\_SPACE | HTML\_ENTITY\_DECODE | LOWERCASE | CMD\_LINE | URL\_DECODE

### **FieldToMatch**

Specifies where in a web request to look for TargetString.

### Contents

### Data

When the value of Type is HEADER, enter the name of the header that you want AWS WAF to search, for example, User-Agent or Referer. If the value of Type is any other value, omit Data.

The name of the header is not case sensitive.

Type: String

Required: No

### Туре

The part of the web request that you want AWS WAF to search for a specified string. Parts of a request that you can search include the following:

- HEADER: A specified request header, for example, the value of the User-Agent or Referer header. If you choose HEADER for the type, specify the name of the header in Data.
- METHOD: The HTTP method, which indicated the type of operation that the request is asking the origin to perform. Amazon CloudFront supports the following methods: DELETE, GET, HEAD, OPTIONS, PATCH, POST, and PUT.
- QUERY\_STRING: A query string, which is the part of a URL that appears after a ? character, if any.
- URI: The part of a web request that identifies a resource, for example, /images/daily-ad.jpg.
- BODY: The part of a request that contains any additional data that you want to send to your web server as the HTTP request body, such as data from a form. The request body immediately follows the request headers. Note that only the first 8192 bytes of the request body are forwarded to AWS WAF for inspection. To allow or block requests based on the length of the body, you can create a size constraint set. For more information, see CreateSizeConstraintSet (p. 13).

### Type: String

Valid Values: URI | QUERY\_STRING | HEADER | METHOD | BODY Required: Yes

### **HTTPHeader**

The response from a GetSampledRequests (p. 48) request includes an HTTPHeader complex type that appears as Headers in the response syntax. HTTPHeader contains the names and values of all of the headers that appear in one of the web requests that were returned by GetSampledRequests.

### Contents

### Name

The name of one of the headers in the sampled web request.

Type: String

Required: No

### Value

The value of one of the headers in the sampled web request. Type: String

Required: No

### **HTTPRequest**

The response from a GetSampledRequests (p. 48) request includes an HTTPRequest complex type that appears as Request in the response syntax. HTTPRequest contains information about one of the web requests that were returned by GetSampledRequests.

### Contents

### ClientIP

The IP address that the request originated from. If the WebACL is associated with a CloudFront distribution, this is the value of one of the following fields in CloudFront access logs:

- c-ip, if the viewer did not use an HTTP proxy or a load balancer to send the request
- ${\tt x-forwarded-for},$  if the viewer did use an HTTP proxy or a load balancer to send the request

Type: String

Required: No

### Country

The two-letter country code for the country that the request originated from. For a current list of country codes, see the Wikipedia entry ISO 3166-1 alpha-2.

Type: String

Required: No

### Headers

A complex type that contains two values for each header in the sampled web request: the name of the header and the value of the header.

Type: array of HTTPHeader (p. 108) objects

Required: No

### HTTPVersion

The HTTP version specified in the sampled web request, for example, HTTP/1.1.

Type: String

Required: No

### Method

The HTTP method specified in the sampled web request. CloudFront supports the following methods: DELETE, GET, HEAD, OPTIONS, PATCH, POST, and PUT.

Type: String

Required: No

### URI

The part of a web request that identifies the resource, for example,  $\verb/images/daily-ad.jpg.$ 

Type: String

Required: No

### **IPSet**

Contains one or more IP addresses or blocks of IP addresses specified in Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) notation. To specify an individual IP address, you specify the four-part IP address followed by a /32, for example, 192.0.2.0/31. To block a range of IP addresses, you can specify a /24, a /16, or a /8 CIDR. For more information about CIDR notation, perform an Internet search on cidr notation.

### Contents

### **IPSetDescriptors**

The IP address type (IPV4) and the IP address range (in CIDR notation) that web requests originate from. If the WebACL is associated with a CloudFront distribution, this is the value of one of the following fields in CloudFront access logs:

- c-ip, if the viewer did not use an HTTP proxy or a load balancer to send the request
- x-forwarded-for, if the viewer did use an HTTP proxy or a load balancer to send the request

Type: array of IPSetDescriptor (p. 111) objects

Required: Yes

### IPSetId

The IPSetId for an IPSet. You use IPSetId to get information about an IPSet (see GetIPSet (p. 44)), update an IPSet (see UpdateIPSet (p. 77)), insert an IPSet into a Rule or delete one from a Rule (see UpdateRule (p. 81)), and delete an IPSet from AWS WAF (see DeleteIPSet (p. 27)).

IPSetId is returned by CreatelPSet (p. 7) and by ListIPSets (p. 61).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### Name

A friendly name or description of the IPSet (p. 110). You can't change the name of an IPSet after you create it.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: No

### **IPSetDescriptor**

Specifies the IP address type (IPV4) and the IP address range (in CIDR format) that web requests originate from.

### Contents

### Туре

Specify IPV4. Type: String Valid Values: IPV4 Required: Yes

### Value

Specify an IPv4 address by using CIDR notation. For example:

- To configure AWS WAF to allow, block, or count requests that originated from the IP address 192.0.2.44, specify 192.0.2.44/32.
- To configure AWS WAF to allow, block, or count requests that originated from IP addresses from 192.0.2.0 to 192.0.2.255, specify 192.0.2.0/24.

AWS WAF supports only /8, /16, /24, and /32 IP addresses.

For more information about CIDR notation, see the Wikipedia entry Classless Inter-Domain Routing. Type: String

### **IPSetSummary**

Contains the identifier and the name of the <code>IPSet</code>.

### Contents

### IPSetId

The <code>IPSetId</code> for an <code>IPSet</code> (p. 110). You can use <code>IPSetId</code> in a GetIPSet (p. 44) request to get detailed information about an <code>IPSet</code> (p. 110).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### Name

A friendly name or description of the IPSet (p. 110). You can't change the name of an IPSet after you create it.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

### **IPSetUpdate**

Specifies the type of update to perform to an IPSet (p. 110) with UpdateIPSet (p. 77).

### Contents

### Action

Specifies whether to insert or delete an IP address with UpdateIPSet (p. 77).

Type: String

Valid Values: INSERT | DELETE

Required: Yes

### IPSetDescriptor

The IP address type (IPV4) and the IP address range (in CIDR notation) that web requests originate from.

Type: IPSetDescriptor (p. 111) object Required: Yes

### **Predicate**

Specifies the ByteMatchSet (p. 101), IPSet (p. 110), SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124), XssMatchSet (p. 134), and SizeConstraintSet (p. 121) objects that you want to add to a Rule and, for each object, indicates whether you want to negate the settings, for example, requests that do NOT originate from the IP address 192.0.2.44.

### Contents

### Datald

A unique identifier for a predicate in a Rule, such as <code>ByteMatchSetId</code> or <code>IPSetId</code>. The ID is returned by the corresponding <code>Create</code> or <code>List</code> command.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### Negated

Set Negated to False if you want AWS WAF to allow, block, or count requests based on the settings in the specified ByteMatchSet (p. 101), IPSet (p. 110), SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124), XssMatchSet (p. 134), or SizeConstraintSet (p. 121). For example, if an IPSet includes the IP address 192.0.2.44, AWS WAF will allow or block requests based on that IP address.

Set Negated to True if you want AWS WAF to allow or block a request based on the negation of the settings in the ByteMatchSet (p. 101), IPSet (p. 110), SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124), XssMatchSet (p. 134), or SizeConstraintSet (p. 121). For example, if an IPSet includes the IP address 192.0.2.44, AWS WAF will allow, block, or count requests based on all IP addresses *except* 192.0.2.44.

Type: Boolean

Required: Yes

### Туре

The type of predicate in a Rule, such as ByteMatchSet or IPSet.

Type: String

Valid Values: IPMatch | ByteMatch | SqlInjectionMatch | SizeConstraint | XssMatch Required: Yes

### Rule

A combination of ByteMatchSet (p. 101), IPSet (p. 110), and/or SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) objects that identify the web requests that you want to allow, block, or count. For example, you might create a Rule that includes the following predicates:

- An <code>IPSet</code> that causes AWS WAF to search for web requests that originate from the IP address <code>192.0.2.44</code>
- A ByteMatchSet that causes AWS WAF to search for web requests for which the value of the User-Agent header is BadBot.

To match the settings in this Rule, a request must originate from 192.0.2.44 AND include a User-Agent header for which the value is BadBot.

### Contents

### MetricName

Type: String Required: No

### Name

The friendly name or description for the Rule. You can't change the name of a Rule after you create it.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: No

### Predicates

The Predicates object contains one Predicate element for each ByteMatchSet (p. 101), IPSet (p. 110), or SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) object that you want to include in a Rule.

Type: array of Predicate (p. 114) objects

Required: Yes

### Ruleld

A unique identifier for a Rule. You use RuleId to get more information about a Rule (see GetRule (p. 46)), update a Rule (see UpdateRule (p. 81)), insert a Rule into a WebACL or delete a one from a WebACL (see UpdateWebACL (p. 91)), or delete a Rule from AWS WAF (see DeleteRule (p. 29)).

RuleId is returned by CreateRule (p. 10) and by ListRules (p. 63).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### RuleSummary

Contains the identifier and the friendly name or description of the Rule.

### Contents

### Name

A friendly name or description of the Rule (p. 115). You can't change the name of a Rule after you create it.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### Ruleld

A unique identifier for a Rule. You use RuleId to get more information about a Rule (see GetRule (p. 46)), update a Rule (see UpdateRule (p. 81)), insert a Rule into a WebACL or delete one from a WebACL (see UpdateWebACL (p. 91)), or delete a Rule from AWS WAF (see DeleteRule (p. 29)).

RuleId is returned by CreateRule (p. 10) and by ListRules (p. 63).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **RuleUpdate**

Specifies a Predicate (such as an IPSet) and indicates whether you want to add it to a Rule or delete it from a Rule.

### Contents

### Action

Specify INSERT to add a Predicate to a Rule. Use DELETE to remove a Predicate from a Rule. Type: String

Valid Values: INSERT | DELETE

Required: Yes

### Predicate

The ID of the Predicate (such as an IPSet) that you want to add to a Rule.

Type: Predicate (p. 114) object

### **SampledHTTPRequest**

The response from a GetSampledRequests (p. 48) request includes a SampledHTTPRequests complex type that appears as SampledRequests in the response syntax. SampledHTTPRequests contains one SampledHTTPRequest object for each web request that is returned by GetSampledRequests.

### Contents

### Action

The action for the Rule that the request matched: ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT.

Type: String

Required: No

### Request

A complex type that contains detailed information about the request.

Type: HTTPRequest (p. 109) object

Required: Yes

### Timestamp

The time at which AWS WAF received the request from your AWS resource, in Unix time format (in seconds).

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

### Weight

A value that indicates how one result in the response relates proportionally to other results in the response. A result that has a weight of 2 represents roughly twice as many CloudFront web requests as a result that has a weight of 1.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

### **SizeConstraint**

Specifies a constraint on the size of a part of the web request. AWS WAF uses the Size, ComparisonOperator, and FieldToMatch to build an expression in the form of "Size ComparisonOperator size in bytes of FieldToMatch". If that expression is true, the SizeConstraint is considered to match.

### Contents

### ComparisonOperator

The type of comparison you want AWS WAF to perform. AWS WAF uses this in combination with the provided Size and FieldToMatch to build an expression in the form of "Size ComparisonOperator size in bytes of FieldToMatch". If that expression is true, the SizeConstraint is considered to match.

EQ: Used to test if the Size is equal to the size of the FieldToMatch

NE: Used to test if the Size is not equal to the size of the FieldToMatch

 $\textbf{LE}: \textbf{Used to test if the Size is less than or equal to the size of the \texttt{FieldToMatch}}$ 

 $\textbf{LT}: \textbf{Used to test if the Size is strictly less than the size of the \texttt{FieldToMatch}}$ 

 $\textbf{GE: Used to test if the Size is greater than or equal to the size of the \texttt{FieldToMatch}}$ 

**GT**: Used to test if the Size is strictly greater than the size of the FieldToMatch Type: String

Valid Values: EQ | NE | LE | LT | GE | GT

Required: Yes

### FieldToMatch

Specifies where in a web request to look for <code>TargetString</code>.

Type: FieldToMatch (p. 107) object

Required: Yes

### Size

The size in bytes that you want AWS WAF to compare against the size of the specified FieldToMatch. AWS WAF uses this in combination with ComparisonOperator and FieldToMatch to build an expression in the form of "Size ComparisonOperator size in bytes of FieldToMatch". If that expression is true, the SizeConstraint is considered to match.

Valid values for size are 0 - 21474836480 bytes (0 - 20 GB).

If you specify URI for the value of  ${\tt Type}$ , the / in the URI counts as one character. For example, the URI /logo.jpg is nine characters long.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 21474836480.

Required: Yes

### **TextTransformation**

Text transformations eliminate some of the unusual formatting that attackers use in web requests in an effort to bypass AWS WAF. If you specify a transformation, AWS WAF performs the transformation on FieldToMatch before inspecting a request for a match.

Note that if you choose <code>BODY</code> for the value of <code>Type</code>, you must choose <code>NONE</code> for <code>TextTransformation</code> because CloudFront forwards only the first 8192 bytes for inspection.

### NONE

Specify NONE if you don't want to perform any text transformations.

### CMD\_LINE

When you're concerned that attackers are injecting an operating system command line command and using unusual formatting to disguise some or all of the command, use this option to perform the following transformations:

• Delete the following characters: \ " ' ^

- Delete spaces before the following characters: / (
- Replace the following characters with a space: , ;
- · Replace multiple spaces with one space
- Convert uppercase letters (A-Z) to lowercase (a-z)

#### COMPRESS\_WHITE\_SPACE

Use this option to replace the following characters with a space character (decimal 32):

- \f, formfeed, decimal 12
- \t, tab, decimal 9
- \n, newline, decimal 10
- \r, carriage return, decimal 13
- \v, vertical tab, decimal 11
- non-breaking space, decimal 160

COMPRESS\_WHITE\_SPACE also replaces multiple spaces with one space.

### HTML\_ENTITY\_DECODE

Use this option to replace HTML-encoded characters with unencoded characters. HTML\_ENTITY\_DECODE performs the following operations:

- Replaces (ampersand)quot; with "
- Replaces (ampersand) nbsp; with a non-breaking space, decimal 160
- Replaces (ampersand) lt; with a "less than" symbol
- Replaces (ampersand)gt; with >
- Replaces characters that are represented in hexadecimal format, (ampersand)#xhhhh;, with the corresponding characters
- Replaces characters that are represented in decimal format, (ampersand)#nnnn;, with the corresponding characters

#### LOWERCASE

Use this option to convert uppercase letters (A-Z) to lowercase (a-z).

### URL\_DECODE

Use this option to decode a URL-encoded value.

Type: String

```
Valid Values: NONE | COMPRESS_WHITE_SPACE | HTML_ENTITY_DECODE | LOWERCASE | CMD_LINE | URL_DECODE
```

### **SizeConstraintSet**

A complex type that contains <code>SizeConstraint</code> objects, which specify the parts of web requests that you want AWS WAF to inspect the size of. If a <code>SizeConstraintSet</code> contains more than one <code>SizeConstraint</code> object, a request only needs to match one constraint to be considered a match.

### Contents

### Name

The name, if any, of the SizeConstraintSet.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: No

### SizeConstraints

Specifies the parts of web requests that you want to inspect the size of.

Type: array of SizeConstraint (p. 119) objects

Required: Yes

### SizeConstraintSetId

A unique identifier for a SizeConstraintSet. You use SizeConstraintSetId to get information about a SizeConstraintSet (see GetSizeConstraintSet (p. 51)), update a SizeConstraintSet (see UpdateSizeConstraintSet (p. 84)), insert a SizeConstraintSet into a Rule or delete one from a Rule (see UpdateRule (p. 81)), and delete a SizeConstraintSet from AWS WAF (see DeleteSizeConstraintSet (p. 31)).

 $\label{eq:sizeConstraintSetId is returned by CreateSizeConstraintSet (p. 13) and by ListSizeConstraintSets (p. 65).$ 

### Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **SizeConstraintSetSummary**

The Id and Name of a SizeConstraintSet.

### Contents

### Name

The name of the SizeConstraintSet, if any.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### SizeConstraintSetId

A unique identifier for a SizeConstraintSet. You use SizeConstraintSetId to get information about a SizeConstraintSet (see GetSizeConstraintSet (p. 51)), update a SizeConstraintSet (see UpdateSizeConstraintSet (p. 84)), insert a SizeConstraintSet into a Rule or delete one from a Rule (see UpdateRule (p. 81)), and delete a SizeConstraintSet from AWS WAF (see DeleteSizeConstraintSet (p. 31)).

SizeConstraintSetId is returned by CreateSizeConstraintSet (p. 13) and by ListSizeConstraintSets (p. 65).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **SizeConstraintSetUpdate**

Specifies the part of a web request that you want to inspect the size of and indicates whether you want to add the specification to a SizeConstraintSet (p. 121) or delete it from a SizeConstraintSet.

### Contents

### Action

Specify INSERT to add a SizeConstraintSetUpdate (p. 123) to a SizeConstraintSet (p. 121). Use DELETE to remove a SizeConstraintSetUpdate from a SizeConstraintSet.

Type: String

Valid Values: INSERT | DELETE

Required: Yes

### SizeConstraint

Specifies a constraint on the size of a part of the web request. AWS WAF uses the Size, ComparisonOperator, and FieldToMatch to build an expression in the form of "Size ComparisonOperator size in bytes of FieldToMatch". If that expression is true, the SizeConstraint is considered to match.

Type: SizeConstraint (p. 119) object

## **SqlInjectionMatchSet**

A complex type that contains SqlInjectionMatchTuple objects, which specify the parts of web requests that you want AWS WAF to inspect for snippets of malicious SQL code and, if you want AWS WAF to inspect a header, the name of the header. If a SqlInjectionMatchSet contains more than one SqlInjectionMatchTuple object, a request needs to include snippets of SQL code in only one of the specified parts of the request to be considered a match.

### Contents

### Name

The name, if any, of the SqlInjectionMatchSet.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: No

### SqlInjectionMatchSetId

A unique identifier for a SqlInjectionMatchSet. You use SqlInjectionMatchSetId to get information about a SqlInjectionMatchSet (see GetSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 53)), update a SqlInjectionMatchSet (see UpdateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 88)), insert a SqlInjectionMatchSet into a Rule or delete one from a Rule (see UpdateRule (p. 81)), and delete a SqlInjectionMatchSet from AWS WAF (see DeleteSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 33)).

SqlInjectionMatchSetId is returned by CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 16) and by ListSqlInjectionMatchSets (p. 67).

### Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### SqlInjectionMatchTuples

Specifies the parts of web requests that you want to inspect for snippets of malicious SQL code. Type: array of SqlInjectionMatchTuple (p. 127) objects Required: Yes

### SqlInjectionMatchSetSummary

The Id and Name of a SqlInjectionMatchSet.

### Contents

### Name

The name of the  ${\tt SqlInjectionMatchSet},$  if any, specified by  ${\tt Id}.$ 

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### SqlInjectionMatchSetId

A unique identifier for a SqlInjectionMatchSet. You use SqlInjectionMatchSetId to get information about a SqlInjectionMatchSet (see GetSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 53)), update a SqlInjectionMatchSet (see UpdateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 88)), insert a

SqlInjectionMatchSet into a Rule or delete one from a Rule (see UpdateRule (p. 81)), and delete a SqlInjectionMatchSet from AWS WAF (see DeleteSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 33)).

SqlInjectionMatchSetId is returned by CreateSqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 16) and by ListSqlInjectionMatchSets (p. 67).

### Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### SqlInjectionMatchSetUpdate

Specifies the part of a web request that you want to inspect for snippets of malicious SQL code and indicates whether you want to add the specification to a SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124) or delete it from a SqlInjectionMatchSet.

### Contents

### Action

Specify INSERT to add a SqlInjectionMatchSetUpdate (p. 126) to a SqlInjectionMatchSet (p. 124). Use DELETE to remove a SqlInjectionMatchSetUpdate from a SqlInjectionMatchSet.

Type: String

Valid Values: INSERT | DELETE

Required: Yes

### SqlInjectionMatchTuple

Specifies the part of a web request that you want AWS WAF to inspect for snippets of malicious SQL code and, if you want AWS WAF to inspect a header, the name of the header.

Type: SqlInjectionMatchTuple (p. 127) object

### SqllnjectionMatchTuple

Specifies the part of a web request that you want AWS WAF to inspect for snippets of malicious SQL code and, if you want AWS WAF to inspect a header, the name of the header.

### Contents

#### FieldToMatch

Specifies where in a web request to look for TargetString.

Type: FieldToMatch (p. 107) object

**Required: Yes** 

### TextTransformation

Text transformations eliminate some of the unusual formatting that attackers use in web requests in an effort to bypass AWS WAF. If you specify a transformation, AWS WAF performs the transformation on FieldToMatch before inspecting a request for a match.

#### CMD\_LINE

When you're concerned that attackers are injecting an operating system commandline command and using unusual formatting to disguise some or all of the command, use this option to perform the following transformations:

- Delete the following characters: \ " ' ^
- Delete spaces before the following characters: / (
- Replace the following characters with a space: , ;
- · Replace multiple spaces with one space
- Convert uppercase letters (A-Z) to lowercase (a-z)

### COMPRESS\_WHITE\_SPACE

Use this option to replace the following characters with a space character (decimal 32):

### • \f, formfeed, decimal 12

- \t, tab, decimal 9
- \n, newline, decimal 10
- \r, carriage return, decimal 13
- \v, vertical tab, decimal 11
- non-breaking space, decimal 160

COMPRESS\_WHITE\_SPACE also replaces multiple spaces with one space.

### HTML\_ENTITY\_DECODE

Use this option to replace HTML-encoded characters with unencoded characters. HTML ENTITY DECODE performs the following operations:

- Replaces (ampersand)quot; with "
- Replaces (ampersand)nbsp; with a non-breaking space, decimal 160
- Replaces (ampersand) lt; with a "less than" symbol
- Replaces (ampersand)gt; with >
- Replaces characters that are represented in hexadecimal format, (ampersand)#xhhhh;, with the corresponding characters
- Replaces characters that are represented in decimal format, (ampersand)#nnnn;, with the corresponding characters

### LOWERCASE

Use this option to convert uppercase letters (A-Z) to lowercase (a-z).

### URL\_DECODE

Use this option to decode a URL-encoded value. NONE Specify NONE if you don't want to perform any text transformations. Type: String Valid Values: NONE | COMPRESS\_WHITE\_SPACE | HTML\_ENTITY\_DECODE | LOWERCASE | CMD\_LINE | URL\_DECODE Required: Yes

### **TimeWindow**

In a GetSampledRequests (p. 48) request, the StartTime and EndTime objects specify the time range for which you want AWS WAF to return a sample of web requests.

In a GetSampledRequests (p. 48) response, the StartTime and EndTime objects specify the time range for which AWS WAF actually returned a sample of web requests. AWS WAF gets the specified number of requests from among the first 5,000 requests that your AWS resource receives during the specified time period. If your resource receives more than 5,000 requests during that period, AWS WAF stops sampling after the 5,000th request. In that case, EndTime is the time that AWS WAF received the 5,000th request.

### Contents

### EndTime

The end of the time range from which you want GetSampledRequests to return a sample of the requests that your AWS resource received. You can specify any time range in the previous three hours.

Type: Timestamp

Required: Yes

### StartTime

The beginning of the time range from which you want <code>GetSampledRequests</code> to return a sample of the requests that your AWS resource received. You can specify any time range in the previous three hours.

Type: Timestamp

### **WafAction**

For the action that is associated with a rule in a WebACL, specifies the action that you want AWS WAF to perform when a web request matches all of the conditions in a rule. For the default action in a WebACL, specifies the action that you want AWS WAF to take when a web request doesn't match all of the conditions in any of the rules in a WebACL.

### Contents

### Туре

Specifies how you want AWS WAF to respond to requests that match the settings in a Rule. Valid settings include the following:

- ALLOW: AWS WAF allows requests
- BLOCK: AWS WAF blocks requests
- COUNT: AWS WAF increments a counter of the requests that match all of the conditions in the rule. AWS WAF then continues to inspect the web request based on the remaining rules in the web ACL. You can't specify COUNT for the default action for a WebACL.

Type: String

Valid Values: BLOCK | ALLOW | COUNT Required: Yes

### WebACL

Contains the Rules that identify the requests that you want to allow, block, or count. In a WebACL, you also specify a default action (ALLOW or BLOCK), and the action for each Rule that you add to a WebACL, for example, block requests from specified IP addresses or block requests from specified referrers. You also associate the WebACL with a CloudFront distribution to identify the requests that you want AWS WAF to filter. If you add more than one Rule to a WebACL, a request needs to match only one of the specifications to be allowed, blocked, or counted. For more information, see UpdateWebACL (p. 91).

### Contents

### DefaultAction

The action to perform if none of the Rules contained in the WebACL match. The action is specified by the WafAction (p. 130) object.

Type: WafAction (p. 130) object

Required: Yes

#### MetricName

Type: String

Required: No

### Name

A friendly name or description of the  $\tt WebACL.$  You can't change the name of a  $\tt WebACL$  after you create it.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: No

### Rules

An array that contains the action for each Rule in a WebACL, the priority of the Rule, and the ID of the Rule.

Type: array of ActivatedRule (p. 100) objects

Required: Yes

### WebACLId

A unique identifier for a <code>WebACL</code>. You use <code>WebACLId</code> to get information about a <code>WebACL</code> (see GetWebACL (p. 55)), update a <code>WebACL</code> (see UpdateWebACL (p. 91)), and delete a <code>WebACL</code> from AWS WAF (see DeleteWebACL (p. 35)).

WebACLId is returned by CreateWebACL (p. 19) and by ListWebACLs (p. 69).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

### **WebACLSummary**

Contains the identifier and the name or description of the WebACL (p. 131).

### Contents

### Name

A friendly name or description of the WebACL (p. 131). You can't change the name of a  $\tt WebACL$  after you create it.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### WebACLId

A unique identifier for a WebACL. You use WebACLId to get information about a WebACL (see GetWebACL (p. 55)), update a WebACL (see UpdateWebACL (p. 91)), and delete a WebACL from AWS WAF (see DeleteWebACL (p. 35)).

WebACLId is returned by CreateWebACL (p. 19) and by ListWebACLs (p. 69).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **WebACLUpdate**

Specifies whether to insert a Rule into or delete a Rule from a WebACL.

### Contents

### Action

Specifies whether to insert a Rule into or delete a Rule from a WebACL.

Type: String

Valid Values: INSERT | DELETE

Required: Yes

### ActivatedRule

The ActivatedRule object in an UpdateWebACL (p. 91) request specifies a Rule that you want to insert or delete, the priority of the Rule in the WebACL, and the action that you want AWS WAF to take when a web request matches the Rule (ALLOW, BLOCK, or COUNT).

To specify whether to insert or delete a Rule, use the Action parameter in the WebACLUpdate (p. 133) data type.

Type: ActivatedRule (p. 100) object Required: Yes

### **XssMatchSet**

A complex type that contains XssMatchTuple objects, which specify the parts of web requests that you want AWS WAF to inspect for cross-site scripting attacks and, if you want AWS WAF to inspect a header, the name of the header. If a XssMatchSet contains more than one XssMatchTuple object, a request needs to include cross-site scripting attacks in only one of the specified parts of the request to be considered a match.

### Contents

### Name

The name, if any, of the XssMatchSet.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: No

### XssMatchSetId

A unique identifier for an XssMatchSet. You use XssMatchSetId to get information about an XssMatchSet (see GetXssMatchSet (p. 57)), update an XssMatchSet (see

UpdateXssMatchSet (p. 95)), insert an XssMatchSet into a Rule or delete one from a Rule (see UpdateRule (p. 81)), and delete an XssMatchSet from AWS WAF (see DeleteXssMatchSet (p. 37)).

XssMatchSetId is returned by CreateXssMatchSet (p. 22) and by ListXssMatchSets (p. 71). Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### **XssMatchTuples**

Specifies the parts of web requests that you want to inspect for cross-site scripting attacks. Type: array of XssMatchTuple (p. 137) objects

### **XssMatchSetSummary**

The Id and Name of an XssMatchSet.

### Contents

### Name

The name of the XssMatchSet, if any, specified by Id.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

### XssMatchSetId

A unique identifier for an XssMatchSet. You use XssMatchSetId to get information about a XssMatchSet (see GetXssMatchSet (p. 57)), update an XssMatchSet (see UpdateXssMatchSet (p. 95)), insert an XssMatchSet into a Rule or delete one from a Rule (see UpdateRule (p. 81)), and delete an XssMatchSet from AWS WAF (see DeleteXssMatchSet (p. 37)). XssMatchSetId is returned by CreateXssMatchSet (p. 22) and by ListXssMatchSets (p. 71).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128. Required: Yes

### **XssMatchSetUpdate**

Specifies the part of a web request that you want to inspect for cross-site scripting attacks and indicates whether you want to add the specification to an XssMatchSet (p. 134) or delete it from an XssMatchSet.

### Contents

### Action

Specify INSERT to add a XssMatchSetUpdate (p. 136) to an XssMatchSet (p. 134). Use DELETE to remove a XssMatchSetUpdate from an XssMatchSet.

Type: String

Valid Values: INSERT | DELETE

Required: Yes

### XssMatchTuple

Specifies the part of a web request that you want AWS WAF to inspect for cross-site scripting attacks and, if you want AWS WAF to inspect a header, the name of the header.

Type: XssMatchTuple (p. 137) object Required: Yes

### **XssMatchTuple**

Specifies the part of a web request that you want AWS WAF to inspect for cross-site scripting attacks and, if you want AWS WAF to inspect a header, the name of the header.

### Contents

### FieldToMatch

Specifies where in a web request to look for TargetString.

Type: FieldToMatch (p. 107) object

**Required: Yes** 

### TextTransformation

Text transformations eliminate some of the unusual formatting that attackers use in web requests in an effort to bypass AWS WAF. If you specify a transformation, AWS WAF performs the transformation on FieldToMatch before inspecting a request for a match.

#### CMD\_LINE

When you're concerned that attackers are injecting an operating system commandline command and using unusual formatting to disguise some or all of the command, use this option to perform the following transformations:

- Delete the following characters: \ " ' ^
- Delete spaces before the following characters: / (
- Replace the following characters with a space: , ;
- · Replace multiple spaces with one space
- Convert uppercase letters (A-Z) to lowercase (a-z)

### COMPRESS\_WHITE\_SPACE

Use this option to replace the following characters with a space character (decimal 32):

### • \f, formfeed, decimal 12

- \t, tab, decimal 9
- \n, newline, decimal 10
- \r, carriage return, decimal 13
- \v, vertical tab, decimal 11
- non-breaking space, decimal 160

COMPRESS\_WHITE\_SPACE also replaces multiple spaces with one space.

### HTML\_ENTITY\_DECODE

Use this option to replace HTML-encoded characters with unencoded characters. HTML ENTITY DECODE performs the following operations:

- Replaces (ampersand)quot; with "
- Replaces (ampersand)nbsp; with a non-breaking space, decimal 160
- Replaces (ampersand) lt; with a "less than" symbol
- Replaces (ampersand)gt; with >
- Replaces characters that are represented in hexadecimal format, (ampersand)#xhhhh;, with the corresponding characters
- Replaces characters that are represented in decimal format, (ampersand)#nnnn;, with the corresponding characters

### LOWERCASE

Use this option to convert uppercase letters (A-Z) to lowercase (a-z).

### URL\_DECODE

Use this option to decode a URL-encoded value. NONE Specify NONE if you don't want to perform any text transformations. Type: String Valid Values: NONE | COMPRESS\_WHITE\_SPACE | HTML\_ENTITY\_DECODE | LOWERCASE | CMD\_LINE | URL\_DECODE Required: Yes

# **Common Parameters**

The following table lists the parameters that all actions use for signing Signature Version 4 requests. Any action-specific parameters are listed in the topic for that action. To view sample requests, see Examples of Signed Signature Version 4 Requests or Signature Version 4 Test Suite in the Amazon Web Services General Reference.

#### Action

The action to be performed.

Type: string

**Required: Yes** 

#### Version

The API version that the request is written for, expressed in the format YYYY-MM-DD.

Type: string

Required: Yes

#### X-Amz-Algorithm

The hash algorithm that you used to create the request signature.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Valid Values: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256

**Required: Conditional** 

#### X-Amz-Credential

The credential scope value, which is a string that includes your access key, the date, the region you are targeting, the service you are requesting, and a termination string ("aws4\_request"). The value is expressed in the following format: *access\_key*/YYYYMMDD/region/service/aws4\_request.

For more information, see Task 2: Create a String to Sign for Signature Version 4 in the Amazon Web Services General Reference.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

#### Required: Conditional

#### X-Amz-Date

The date that is used to create the signature. The format must be ISO 8601 basic format (YYYYMMDD'T'HHMMSS'Z'). For example, the following date time is a valid X-Amz-Date value: 20120325T120000Z.

Condition: X-Amz-Date is optional for all requests; it can be used to override the date used for signing requests. If the Date header is specified in the ISO 8601 basic format, X-Amz-Date is not required. When X-Amz-Date is used, it always overrides the value of the Date header. For more information, see Handling Dates in Signature Version 4 in the Amazon Web Services General Reference.

Type: string

**Required: Conditional** 

#### X-Amz-Security-Token

The temporary security token that was obtained through a call to AWS Security Token Service. For a list of services that support AWS Security Token Service, go to Using Temporary Security Credentials to Access AWS in Using Temporary Security Credentials.

Condition: If you're using temporary security credentials from the AWS Security Token Service, you must include the security token.

Type: string

**Required: Conditional** 

#### X-Amz-Signature

Specifies the hex-encoded signature that was calculated from the string to sign and the derived signing key.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

**Required: Conditional** 

### X-Amz-SignedHeaders

Specifies all the HTTP headers that were included as part of the canonical request. For more information about specifying signed headers, see Task 1: Create a Canonical Request For Signature Version 4 in the Amazon Web Services General Reference.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

**Required: Conditional** 

## **Common Errors**

This section lists the common errors that all actions return. Any action-specific errors are listed in the topic for the action.

#### IncompleteSignature

The request signature does not conform to AWS standards.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### InternalFailure

The request processing has failed because of an unknown error, exception or failure.

HTTP Status Code: 500

#### InvalidAction

The action or operation requested is invalid. Verify that the action is typed correctly.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### InvalidClientTokenId

The X.509 certificate or AWS access key ID provided does not exist in our records.

HTTP Status Code: 403

#### **InvalidParameterCombination**

Parameters that must not be used together were used together.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### InvalidParameterValue

An invalid or out-of-range value was supplied for the input parameter.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### InvalidQueryParameter

The AWS query string is malformed or does not adhere to AWS standards.

#### HTTP Status Code: 400

#### MalformedQueryString

The query string contains a syntax error.

#### HTTP Status Code: 404

#### **MissingAction**

The request is missing an action or a required parameter.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### MissingAuthenticationToken

The request must contain either a valid (registered) AWS access key ID or X.509 certificate.

HTTP Status Code: 403

#### MissingParameter

A required parameter for the specified action is not supplied.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### OptInRequired

The AWS access key ID needs a subscription for the service.

HTTP Status Code: 403

#### RequestExpired

The request reached the service more than 15 minutes after the date stamp on the request or more than 15 minutes after the request expiration date (such as for pre-signed URLs), or the date stamp on the request is more than 15 minutes in the future.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### ServiceUnavailable

The request has failed due to a temporary failure of the server.

HTTP Status Code: 503

#### Throttling

The request was denied due to request throttling.

HTTP Status Code: 400

#### ValidationError

The input fails to satisfy the constraints specified by an AWS service.

HTTP Status Code: 400