

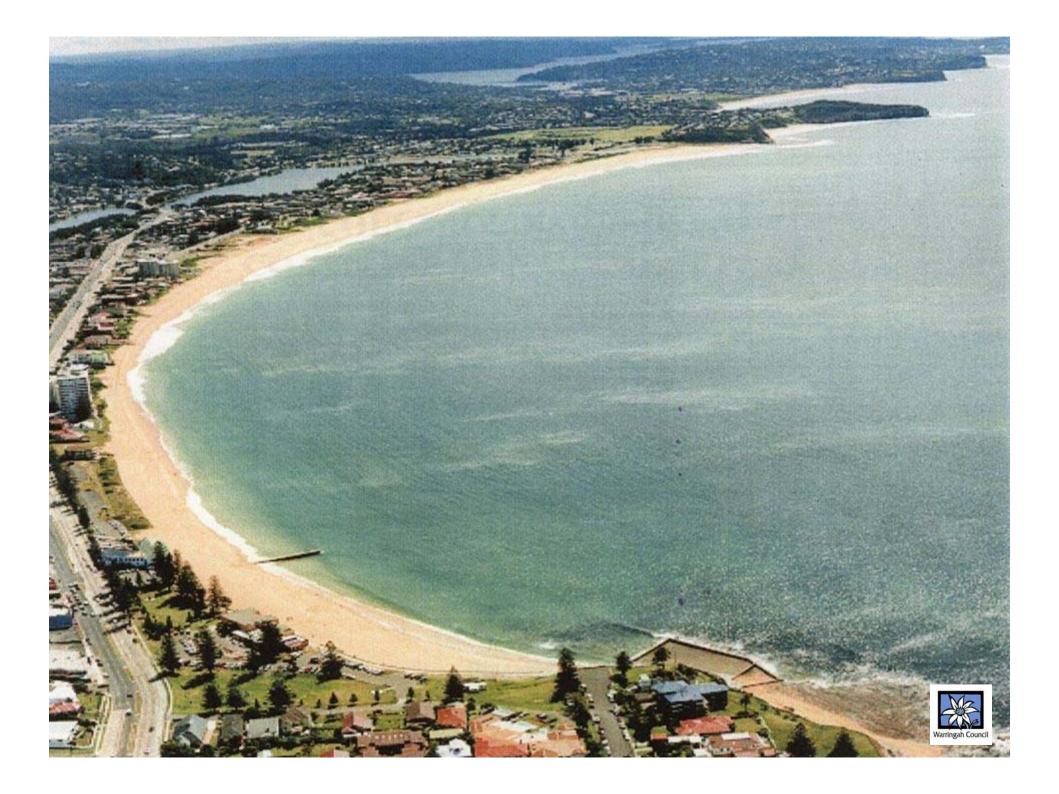
## Collaroy/Narrabeen Coastline Hazard Lines

Presentation by Daylan Cameron Sea Level Rise Seminar Royal Motor Yacht Club, Newport 29 May 2008

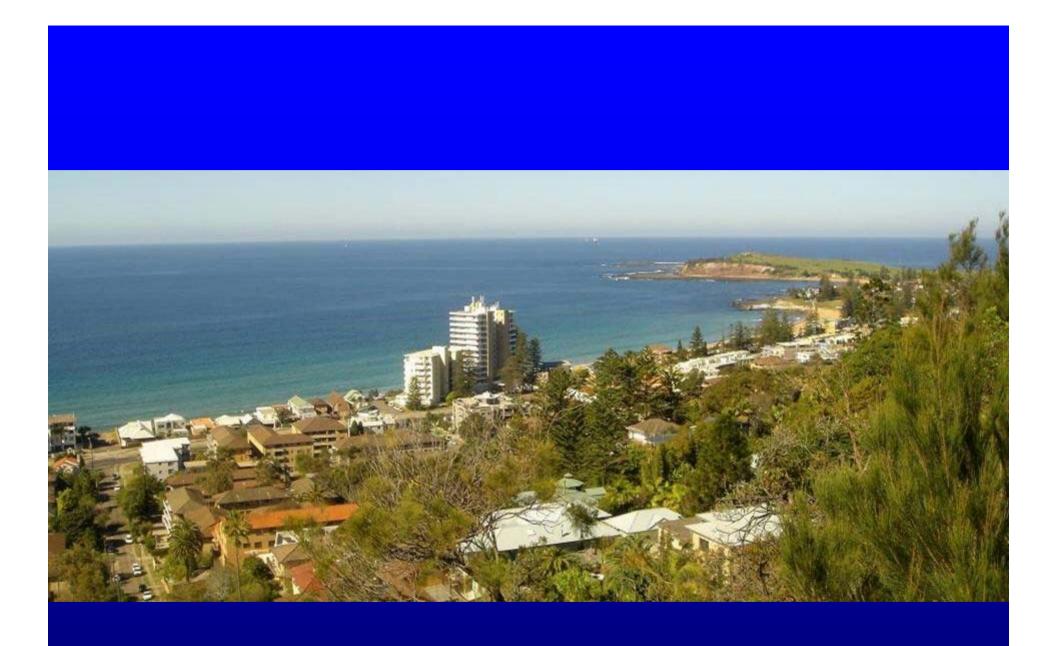
#### **Content of Presentation**

- 1. History of CN coastal erosion
- 2. Early actions to minimise damage
- 3. Relevant studies and plans
- 4. 2002 seawall proposal
- 5. Review of existing hazard lines
- 6. Other Warringah Council initiatives relating to sea level rise

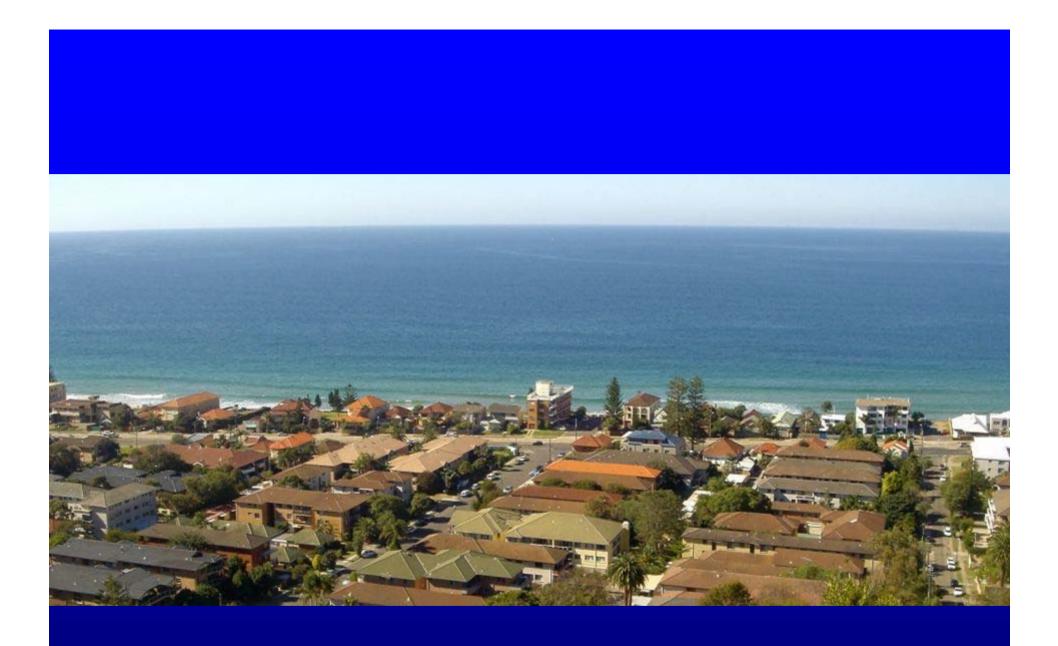




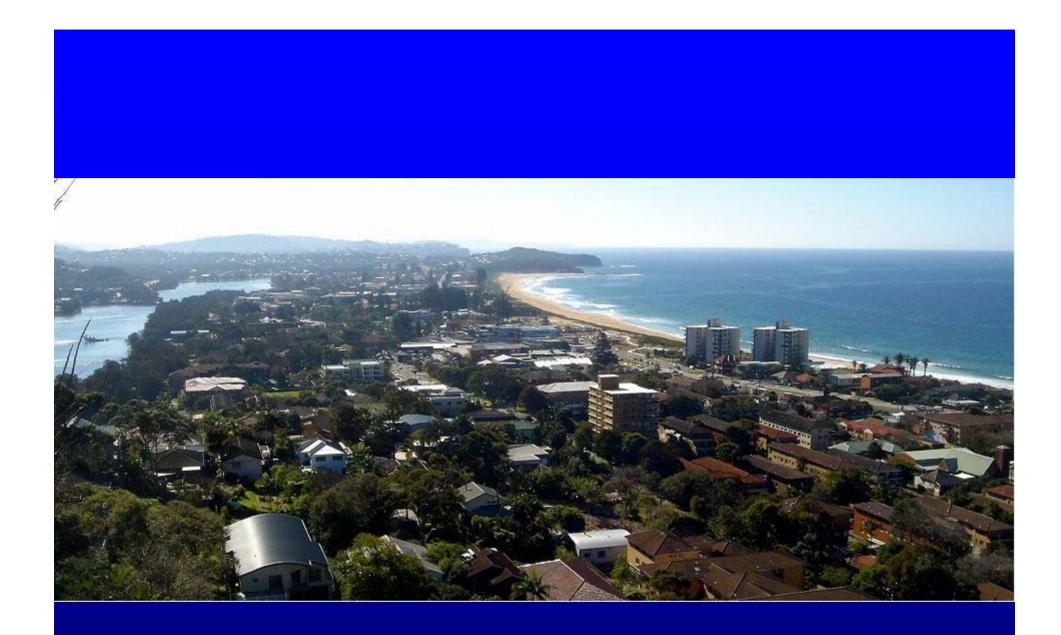














### Coastal Erosion Collaroy/Narrabeen Beach

- Long history of storm damage and coastal erosion
- Nationally 3<sup>rd</sup> area most at risk from coastal processes

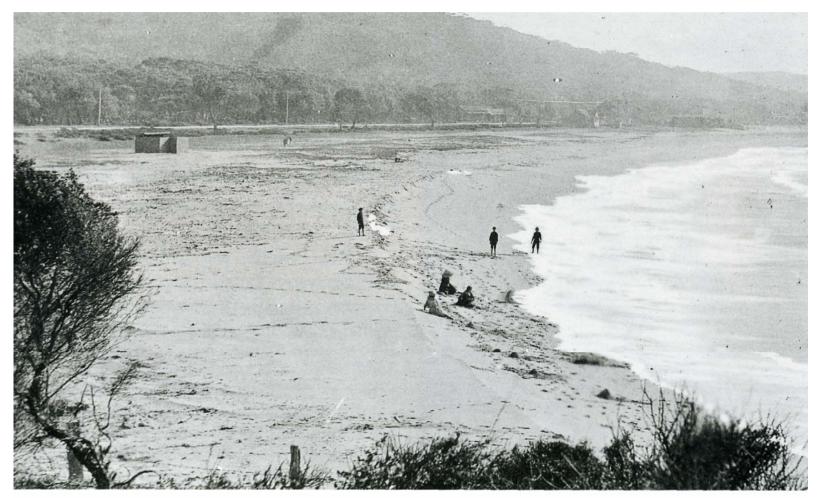


## Coastal Erosion Collaroy/Narrabeen Beach

- Storms caused considerable damage in the 1920s, 1940s, 1960s and 1970s.
- Cause of the problem:

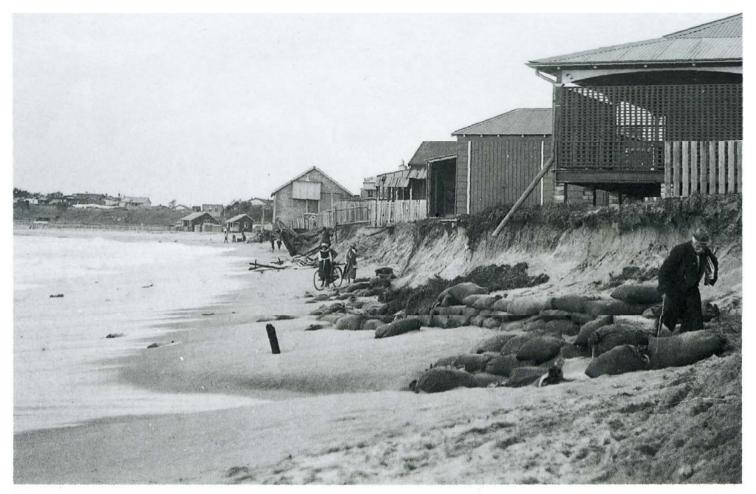
"The problem stems from the fact that the initial sub-division was too close to the beach with properties extending into the active beach zone." (Nielsen Lord Associates,1988).





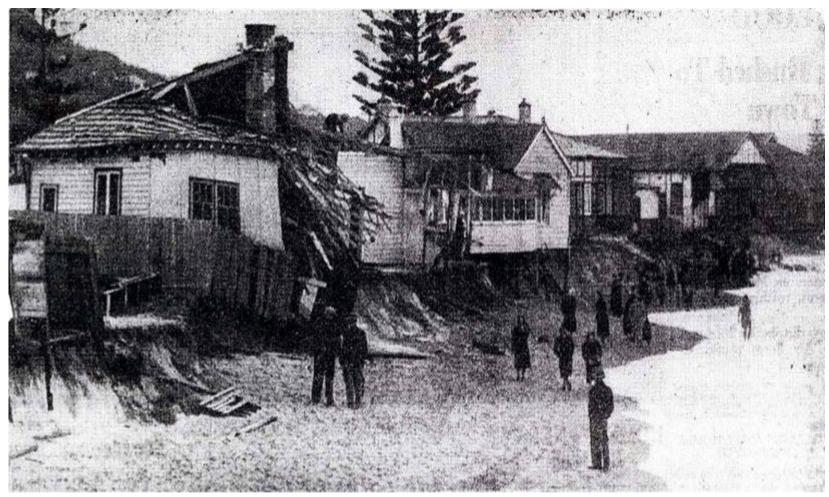
Collaroy Beach circa. 1907 showing the ladies dressing 'shed' - M.A.B. photo, National Library of Australia.





Collaroy beach front following the great storm of 1920. The surf club is visible in the background - Faviell Collection.





The Sydney Morning Auditor, 14.06.1945.





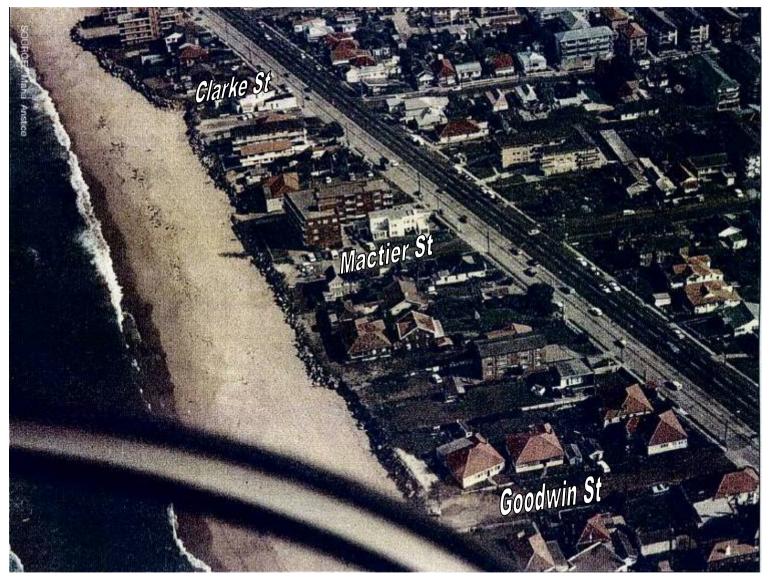
'Flight Deck' Apartment Building, 1967.





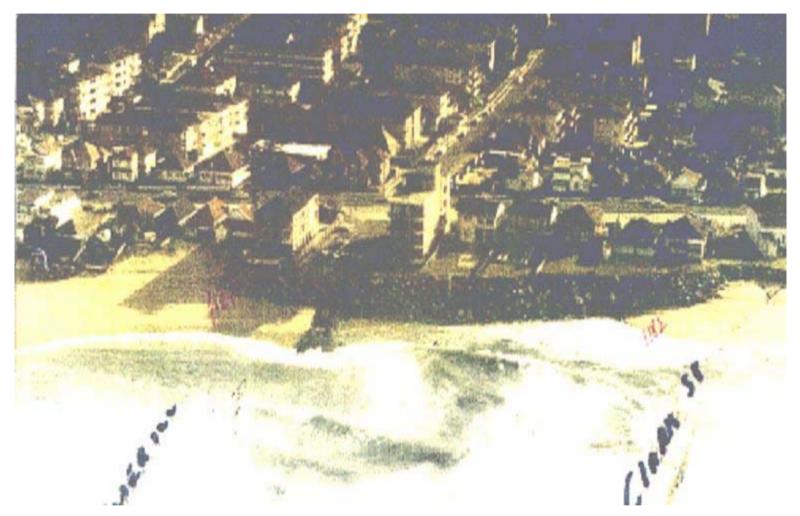
1974 coastal surveillance





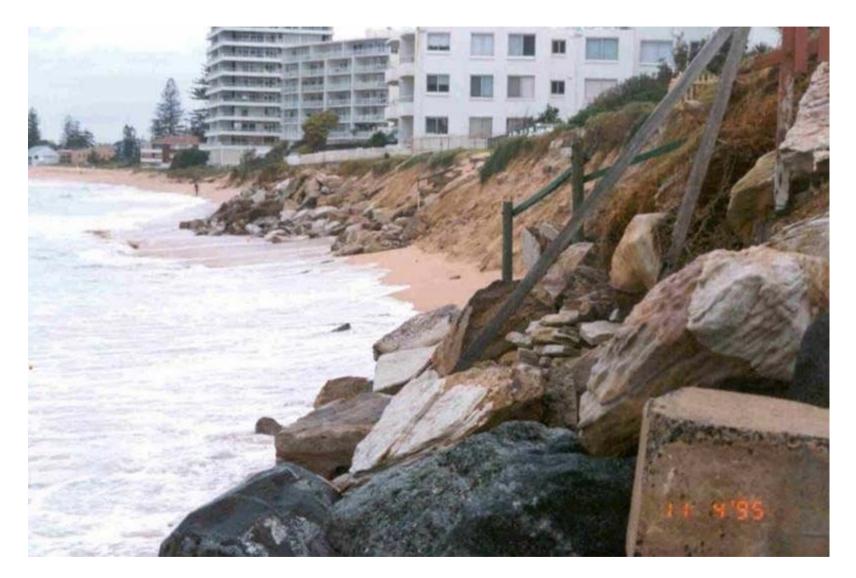
Goodwin St to Wetherill St, 1977.





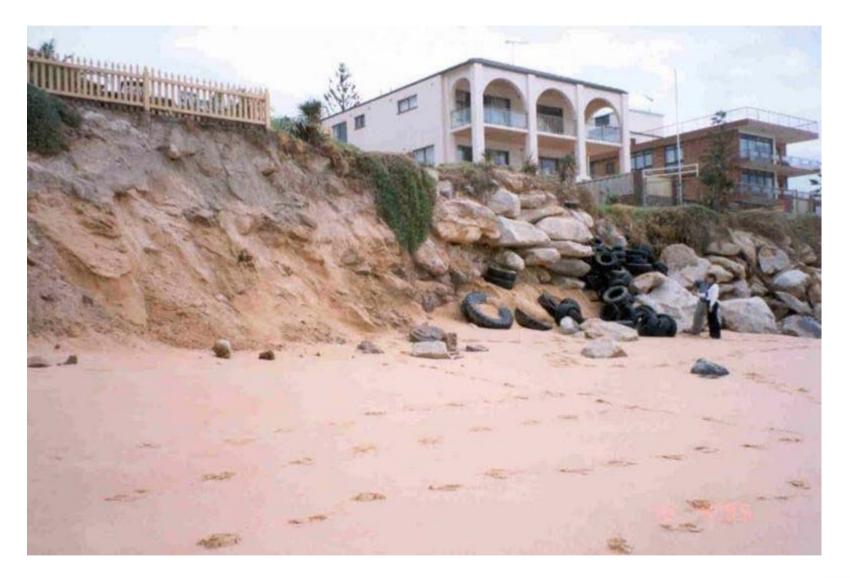
Wetherill St, pre-1980





Collaroy Beach, April 1995





Collaroy Beach, April 1995.





Narrabeen Beach, June 2007





Collaroy Beach, June 2007





Source: SMH, 12 Jun 2007





Wetherill St, June 2007











### **History of Storm Damage**

 A detailed history of the storm damage from 1880 to 1986, is provided in:

Collaroy/Narrabeen Beaches - Coastal Process Hazard Definition Study (PWD 1987).



# Early actions to minimise property damage

- Building lines were established following severe storms in 1967 and 1974:
  - 15m setback north of Goodwin St
  - 23m setback south of Goodwin St to Jenkins St



### **Studies and reports**

- Coastal Management Strategy, prepared for Council in conjunction with the Public Works Department of NSW (WSC 1985);
- Collaroy/Narrabeen Beaches Coastal Process Hazard Definition Study, prepared for Council by the Public Works Department (PWD 1987);
- Collaroy/Narrabeen/Fishermans Beach Coastal Management Strategy - Phase One: Hazard Definition, prepared for Council by Nielsen Lord Associates (NLA 1988);
- Collaroy/Narrabeen/Fishermans Beach Coastal Management Strategy - Management Options and Appendices, prepared for Council by Nielsen Lord Associates and Travers Morgan Pty Ltd (NLA 1989).



### Studies and reports (cont.)

- Narrabeen-Collaroy Fishermans Beach Coastal Management Strategy – Management Options, prepared for Council by Nielsen Lord Associates & Travers Morgan P/L (1989);
- Collaroy-Narrabeen Beach Hazard Mapping, prepared for Council by Nielsen Lord Associates (1990);
- Criteria for the Siting and Design of Foundations for Residential Development, prepared for Council by Geomarine P/L and Coffey Partners International P/L (1991);
- Collaroy/Narrabeen Beach Nourishment Investigations, prepared for Council by Patterson, Britton & Partners (1993)



### Key Reports re Hazard Lines

1. Collaroy-Narrabeen Beach – Hazard Mapping, prepared for Council by Nielsen Lord Associates (1990)

Provided basis for the development of a set of Interim Building and Development Guidelines.

Contained maps showing:

- "immediate" impact lines for the beachfront
- predicted "50 year" impact lines (should no action be taken to protect existing development)



### Key Reports re Hazard Lines

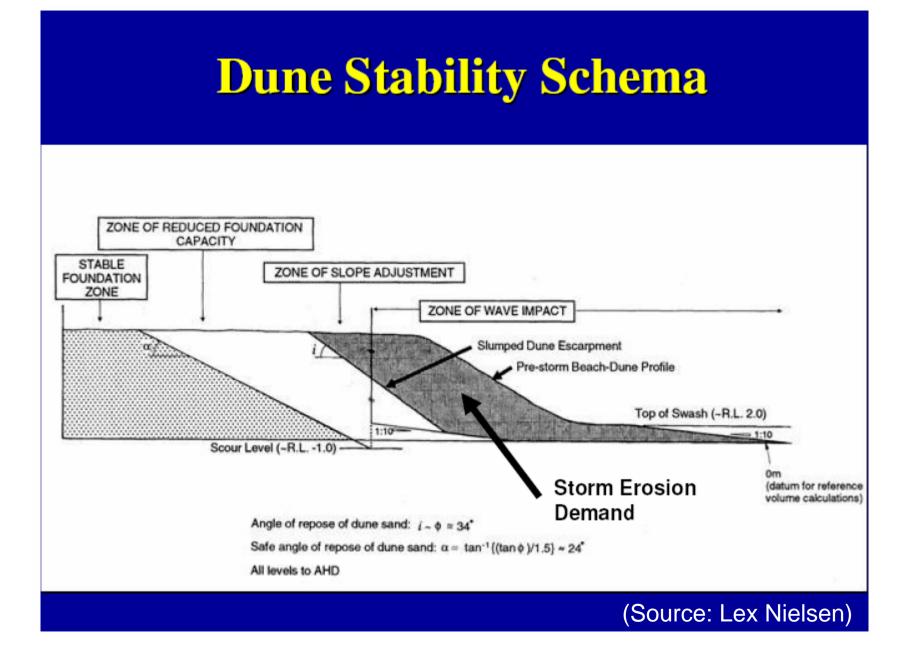
2. Criteria for the Siting and Design of Foundations for Residential Development, prepared for Council by Geomarine P/L and Coffey Partners International P/L (1991)

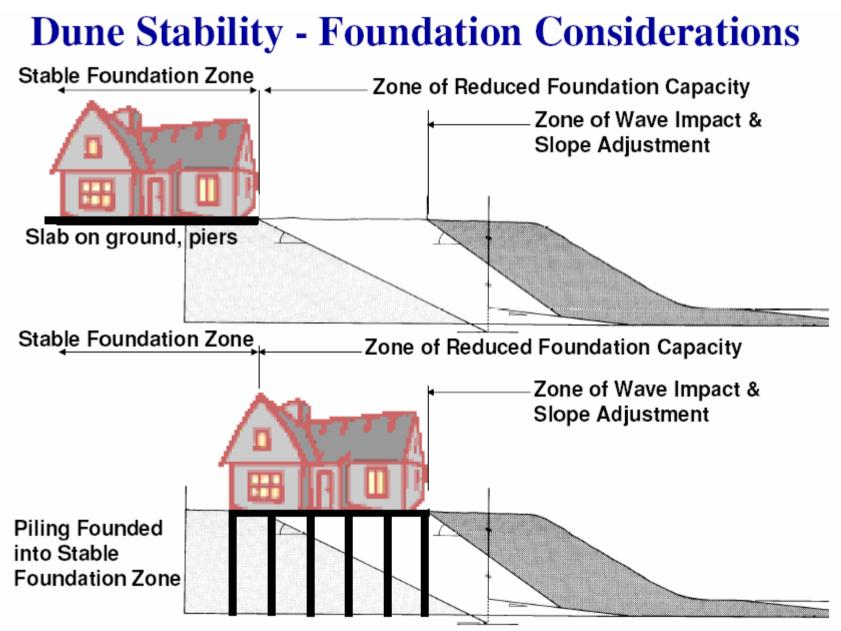
Provided a series of Hazard Maps for the beach, delineating the following hazard zones:

- Wave Impact Zone
- Zone of Slope Adjustment
- Reduced Foundation Zone

NB - Maps used were based on the "immediate" hazard lines.







<sup>(</sup>Source: Lex Nielsen)







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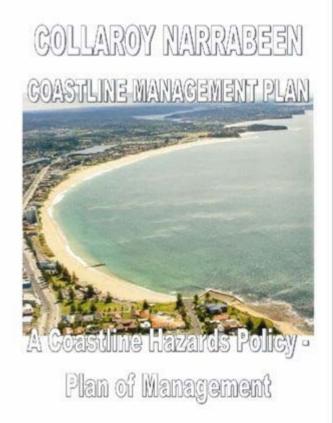


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# Collaroy/Narrabeen Coastline Management Plan (1997)

Adopted in 1997

Identifies management strategies for dealing with coastal erosion along the beach.





## Management Strategies include:

- 1. Undertake protective works
- 2. Environmental planning measures
- 3. Development control and conditions

4. Dune Management





## **Implementation Progress**

- Substantial progress
- Of the 13 actions, only two have not been started (ie. A2 and A3), with actions relating to moderate beach nourishment on hold pending State & Federal Government support.
- All high priority actions are at various stages of implementation, being either complete, ongoing or underway.
- Some of the actions have not proven to be sustainable in the long term (eg B6 - purchase of properties), or popular with the community (eg. A2 - seawall).



# Actions relating to the Hazard Lines

| Strategy  | Actions   |
|---|---|
| A. Undertake<br>protective<br>works                   | <ol> <li>Survey and assess existing seawalls.</li> <li>Selective reconstruction of existing seawalls and minor<br/>construction to infill gaps in existing walls.</li> <li>Undertake moderate nourishment of beach in association<br/>with reconstruction of seawalls.</li> <li>Improvements to stormwater outlets along beachfront.</li> </ol> |
| B. Implement<br>environmental<br>planning<br>measures | <ol> <li>Amend Section 149 Certificates.</li> <li>Selective voluntary purchase/open space acquisition of single residential properties.</li> <li>Planned retreat of Collaroy Surfclub buildings.</li> </ol>   |
| C. Implement<br>development<br>control<br>conditions  | <ol> <li>Maintain/review building and development controls for<br/>beachfront.</li> <li>Revise coastal emergency management procedure for<br/>Collaroy/Narrabeen Beach</li> <li>Review building lines for beachfront.</li> </ol>  |
| D. Undertake<br>Dune<br>Management                    | <ol> <li>Maintain moderate sand nourishment and extend dune<br/>reconstruction and revegetation.</li> <li>Continue current dune maintenance.</li> <li>Improve beach amenity through ongoing beach reserve<br/>improvements and maintenance works.</li> </ol>  |

## Action C8 – Maintain/review building and development controls for beachfront

- Council still has the Hazard Lines and Development Guidelines in place that were developed in 1990/91.
- Chronological summary:
  - 1990/91 Adopted by Council
  - 1997 Incorporated into Coastline Management Plan
  - 2000 Incorporated into the Warringah Local Environment Plan (WLEP 2000) as Schedule 13 – Development Guidelines for Collaroy/Narrabeen Beach



#### **Discussion Points & Issues**

- Incorporation of the Hazard Lines and Hazard Maps into planning documents a testament to the robustness and quality of the scientific and engineering studies that underpin them.
- However, the Hazard Lines Council has been using for the last 15 years, are the "immediate" Hazard Lines as calculated in 1991.
- They do not take account of longer term predicted changes due to Climate Change, such as sea level rise and long term beach recession.



#### **Discussion Points, Issues (cont.)**

- Plan's intention was that a review of the Development Guidelines for Collaroy/Narrabeen Beach would be undertaken following Action A-2, which was the "Selective reconstruction of existing seawalls and minor construction to infill gaps in existing walls".
- It was thought that after the seawall was built and nourishment took place, the Hazard Lines would become obsolete.



## Proposed Seawall Upgrade 1998 - 2003

- Detailed proposal to upgrade the 1.1km of adhoc built seawall that exists in front of approximately 55 properties
- 2002 Public exhibition of proposal



















# Proposed Seawall Upgrade Public Exhibition 2002

- Over 550 submissions were received the vast majority objected to the seawall.
- Due to the widespread community opposition, Council resolved on 25 February 2003:
  - Not to proceed with the proposed seawall upgrade;

- To investigate alternative options for protecting properties against coastal erosion, particularly the sourcing of offshore sand for beach nourishment.



# Have the Hazard Lines been successful?

- Have served Council well
- Used by Council staff in assessing/considering DAs
- Some applicants, that have had DAs refused, have exercised their right of appeal through the Land & Environment Court.
- Such appeals have had very limited success (eg. Cranswick-Smith v Warringah Council 2002, and Welsh v Warringah Council 1999).



## Why review the Hazard Lines?

- Action in Coastline Management Plan.
- They haven't been examined / reviewed since 1990.
- Used by Council officers on a daily basis.
- Seawall option not being pursued, and the prospect of nourishing the beach with offshore sand could be a long way off.
- CLIMATE CHANGE AND SEA LEVEL RISE.
- Council has a 'duty-of-care'





*"Life's a beach, and then it disappears"* (SMH, 19/07/2006)

What if the Hazard Lines move as a result of the Review?

- 'Wind-fall' gains or losses?
- If Seaward new DAs/increased development?
- If Landward claims for compensation?



### **Review deliverables**

- 1. Assess the validity and methodology used to determine the Hazard Lines currently in place (ie. 1991 lines).
- 2. Calculate and determine the locations of the following sets of Hazard Lines:
  - Immediate Hazard Lines (ie. the immediate future).
  - 50 Year Hazard Lines (ie. taking into account current predictions of sea level rise and long-term shoreline recession).



### Review deliverables (cont.)

- 3. Provide a detailed explanation and justification for any change to the current Hazard Lines.
- 4. Prepare updated sets of Hazard Maps.
- 5. Provide advice and recommendations on any actions Council should undertake resulting from the findings of this Review.
- 6. Final Report



## Project chronology

Apr 2007 - Call for Quotations

Jun 2007 - Appointment of successful consultant (Patterson Britton & Partners Pty Ltd)

Jun 07 – 08 - Review period



#### Current status of project

- Council has received a preliminary draft report.
- Council staff currently reviewing report.
- A meeting will soon be organised with staff from DECC (Coastal branch) to discuss the report's findings.



#### Matters for consideration

- The extent to which we account for the existing protection works in the area (i.e. the ad-hoc rock rubble seawall).
- Consultation with land-owners.
- New Warringah LEP and DCP



# Other Council initiatives relating to sea level rise

- Partnership projects with Sydney Coastal Councils Group (SCCG).
- Consideration of impacts on coastal lagoons and floodplain planning.
- Emergency Management of Coastal Erosion.



#### Acknowledgments

- <u>Brief preparation</u>: Mark Moratti - DECC (Coastal Unit) Brad Morris – PhD student, UNSW (WRL)
- <u>Photographs and diagrams</u>: Brendan Donohoe – Surfrider Foundation Northern Beaches Lex Nielsen
- <u>Project consultant</u>: Greg Britton and Peter Horton – WorleyParsons Pty Ltd





# Thank You

