

WILL EL NIÑO END CALIFORNIA'S DROUGHT?

The stage is set for a strong EI Niño event this winter, but experts say it is unlikely to erase California's four-year drought. While there is no single factor that will determine when the drought ends, here is a high-level look at factors the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the California Department of Water Resources will be watching for signs of improvement.

SNOWPACK

California relies on gradual snowmelt from the Sierra Nevada to provide a maior portion of its water supply. To make a dent in the drought, this winter's snowpack would need to return to at least average or above — about 39 inches of snow water content on April 1.

RESERVOIRS

Four years of drought have reduced the state's key reservoirs to about a third of their capacity or less. Above-normal rain and runoff in Northern California would be needed for storage levels to recover this winter.

TEMPERATURES



GROUNDWATER

Groundwater levels are down by as much as 100 feet in some areas. Experts say recovery will be a multi-year process that depends on how basins are recharged and how much groundwater continues to be pumped.

STRENGTH AND LOCATION OF STORMS

NOAA's latest outlook does not project where and when storms may occur. Heavy rain and even flooding in Southern California — without snow in Northern California — will not be enough to end the drought.



MUDSLIDES AND DEBRIS

Torrential rainfall could trigger flooding, mudslides and debris flows --- even during drought. Areas affected by recent wildfires are especially susceptible to impacts on water supply sources.



RAINFALL

Based on past drought-busting years, 120% of average — about 60 inches in key Northern California watersheds.



WATER FOR FARMS AND COMMUNITIES

Surface water deliveries for farms were reduced by 8.7 million acre-feet in 2015. Urban areas also have seen reduced deliveries and have been subject to mandatory conservation. Restored water deliveries and lifting of emergency conservation measures will be a sign of drought recovery.



NEXT YEAR

Even if El Niño brings heavy rain and snowfall this winter, drought conditions may return next year. California may be facing a "new normal" of extreme droughts and floods due to climate change.



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