

# WILL EL NIÑO END CALIFORNIA'S DROUGHT?

The stage is set for a strong EI Niño event this winter, but experts say it is unlikely to erase California's four-year drought. While there is no single factor that will determine when the drought ends, here is a high-level look at factors the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the California Department of Water Resources will be watching for signs of improvement.

#### **SNOWPACK**

California relies on gradual snowmelt from the Sierra Nevada to provide a maior portion of its water supply. To make a dent in the drought, this winter's snowpack would need to return to at least average or above — about 39 inches of snow water content on April 1.

### RESERVOIRS

Four years of drought have reduced the state's key reservoirs to about a third of their capacity or less. Above-normal rain and runoff in Northern California would be needed for storage levels to recover this winter.

### **TEMPERATURES**



#### GROUNDWATER

Groundwater levels are down by as much as 100 feet in some areas. Experts say recovery will be a multi-year process that depends on how basins are recharged and how much groundwater continues to be pumped.

#### **STRENGTH AND LOCATION OF STORMS**

NOAA's latest outlook does not project where and when storms may occur. Heavy rain and even flooding in Southern California — without snow in Northern California — will not be enough to end the drought.



#### **MUDSLIDES AND DEBRIS**

Torrential rainfall could trigger flooding, mudslides and debris flows --- even during drought. Areas affected by recent wildfires are especially susceptible to impacts on water supply sources.



## RAINFALL

Based on past drought-busting years, 120% of average — about 60 inches in key Northern California watersheds.



#### WATER FOR FARMS AND COMMUNITIES

Surface water deliveries for farms were reduced by 8.7 million acre-feet in 2015. Urban areas also have seen reduced deliveries and have been subject to mandatory conservation. Restored water deliveries and lifting of emergency conservation measures will be a sign of drought recovery.



#### **NEXT YEAR**

Even if El Niño brings heavy rain and snowfall this winter, drought conditions may return next year. California may be facing a "new normal" of extreme droughts and floods due to climate change.



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