Supplemental Punctuation

Range: 2E00-2E7F

This file contains an excerpt from the character code tables and list of character names for *The Unicode Standard, Version 6.0.*

This file may be changed at any time without notice to reflect errata or other updates to the Unicode Standard. See http://www.unicode.org/errata/ for an up-to-date list of errata.

See http://www.unicode.org/charts/ for access to a complete list of the latest character code charts.

See http://www.unicode.org/charts/PDF/Unicode-6.0/ for charts showing only the characters added in Unicode 6.0.

See http://www.unicode.org/Public/6.0.0/charts/ for a complete archived file of character code charts for Unicode 6.0.

Disclaimer

These charts are provided as the online reference to the character contents of the Unicode Standard, Version 6.0 but do not provide all the information needed to fully support individual scripts using the Unicode Standard. For a complete understanding of the use of the characters contained in this file, please consult the appropriate sections of The Unicode Standard, Version 6.0, online at http://www.unicode.org/versions/Unicode6.0.0/, as well as Unicode Standard Annexes #9, #11, #14, #15, #24, #29, #31, #34, #38, #41, #42, and #44, the other Unicode Technical Reports and Standards, and the Unicode Character Database, which are available online.

See http://www.unicode.org/ucd/ and http://www.unicode.org/reports/

A thorough understanding of the information contained in these additional sources is required for a successful implementation.

Fonts

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See http://www.unicode.org/charts/fonts.html for a list.

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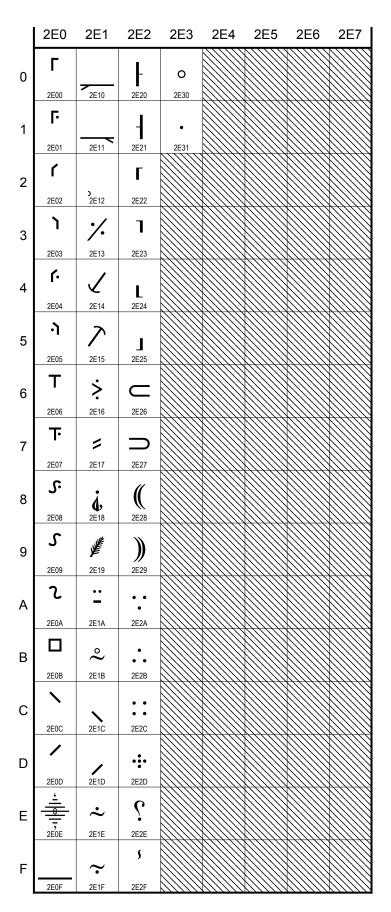
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See http://www.unicode.org/pending/pending.html and http://www.unicode.org/alloc/Pipeline.html.

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New Testament editorial symbols			Dictionary punctuation		
2E00	Γ	RIGHT ANGLE SUBSTITUTION MARKER	These punctuation marks are used mostly in German		
		→ 231C ^r top left corner			s, to indicate umlaut or case changes with
2E01	Ŀ	RIGHT ANGLE DOTTED SUBSTITUTION MARKER	abbreviated stems.		
2E02	٢	LEFT SUBSTITUTION BRACKET	2E1A	=	HYPHEN WITH DIAERESIS
2E03	1	RIGHT SUBSTITUTION BRACKET			• indicates umlaut of the stem vowel of a plural
2E04	ŀ	LEFT DOTTED SUBSTITUTION BRACKET			form
2E05	·ì	RIGHT DOTTED SUBSTITUTION BRACKET	2E1B	~	TILDE WITH RING ABOVE
2E06	Т	RAISED INTERPOLATION MARKER			• indicates change in case for derived form
	_	→ 22A4 T down tack	Brack	ets	
2E07	Ŧ	RAISED DOTTED INTERPOLATION MARKER	2E1C	``	LEFT LOW PARAPHRASE BRACKET
2E08	s.	DOTTED TRANSPOSITION MARKER	2E1D	\	RIGHT LOW PARAPHRASE BRACKET
2E09	s	LEFT TRANSPOSITION BRACKET	2210	/	• used in N'Ko
2E0A	l	RIGHT TRANSPOSITION BRACKET	D: -4: -		
2E0B		RAISED SQUARE		-	/ punctuation
0500	`	• used as an opening raised omission bracket	2E1E	÷	
2E0C	·	LEFT RAISED OMISSION BRACKET	0545		• indicates derived form changes to uppercase
		 used as an opening or closing raised omission bracket 	2E1F	~	TILDE WITH DOT BELOW • indicates derived form changes to lowercase
2E0D	/	RIGHT RAISED OMISSION BRACKET			• indicates derived form changes to lowercase
ZLUD		• used as a closing or opening raised omission	Brackets		
		bracket	2E20	ŀ	LEFT VERTICAL BAR WITH QUILL
Ancie	nt Gi	reek textual symbols	2E21	-	RIGHT VERTICAL BAR WITH QUILL
2E0E \$ EDITORIAL CORONIS		Half b	rack	cets	
ZLUL	-	→ 1FBD ' greek koronis	These	form	a set of four corner brackets and are used
2E0F		PARAGRAPHOS			They are distinguished from mathematical floor
2E10	_	FORKED PARAGRAPHOS			characters. Occasionally quine corners are
2E11	_	REVERSED FORKED PARAGRAPHOS			for half brackets.
2E12	$\overline{}$	HYPODIASTOLE	2E22	Г	TOP LEFT HALF BRACKET
2012	,	= ypodiastoli			→ 2308 [left ceiling
2E13	%	DOTTED OBELOS			→ 231C top left corner
		• glyph variants may look like '÷' or '∸'			→ 300C
		→ 2052 % commercial minus sign	2E23	1	TOP RIGHT HALF BRACKET
2E14	1	DOWNWARDS ANCORA	2E24		BOTTOM LEFT HALF BRACKET
		• contrary to its formal name this symbol points	2E25	j	BOTTOM RIGHT HALF BRACKET
	_	upwards	Brackets		
2E15	\nearrow	UPWARDS ANCORA	2E26	_	LEFT SIDEWAYS U BRACKET
		 contrary to its formal name this symbol points downwards 		_	\rightarrow 2282 C subset of
2E16	÷	DOTTED RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE	2E27	\supset	RIGHT SIDEWAYS U BRACKET
2L 10	4	= diple periestigmene			→ 2283 ⊃ superset of
A! -	4 NI	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2E28	((LEFT DOUBLE PARENTHESIS
		ear-Eastern linguistic symbol		"	→ 2985 (left white parenthesis
2E17	=	DOUBLE OBLIQUE HYPHEN			→ FF5F (fullwidth left white parenthesis
		• used in ancient Near-Eastern linguistics	2E29))	RIGHT DOUBLE PARENTHESIS
		 hyphen in Fraktur text uses 002D - or 2010 -, but with a '=' glyph in Fraktur fonts 	Histor	ric p	unctuation
		→ 002D - hyphen-minus	2E2A		TWO DOTS OVER ONE DOT PUNCTUATION
		→ 003D = equals sign	2E2B		ONE DOT OVER TWO DOTS PUNCTUATION
		→ 2010 - hyphen	2E2C	::	SQUARED FOUR DOT PUNCTUATION
Ganai	ים ובי	unctuation	2E2D		FIVE DOT MARK
	ai pi		2E2E	?	REVERSED QUESTION MARK
2E18	4	INVERTED INTERROBANG			= punctus percontativus
		= gnaborretni → 203D ? interrobang			→ 003F ? question mark
2E19	A.	PALM BRANCH			→ 00BF ; inverted question mark
10	•	• used as a separator			→ 061F ⁵ arabic question mark
		222 20 d 50pd. dec.	2E2F	s	VERTICAL TILDE
					• used for Cyrillic yerik
					→ 033E & combining vertical tilde
					→ A67F * cyrillic payerok

- 2E30 RING POINT
 - used in Avestan
 - \rightarrow 2218 \circ ring operator
 - \rightarrow 25E6 \circ white bullet
- 2E31 · WORD SEPARATOR MIDDLE DOT
 - used in Avestan, Samaritan, ...
 - → 00B7 · middle dot