

MySQL Cluster Quick Start Guide – SOLARIS

This guide is intended to help the reader get a simple MySQL Cluster database up and running on a single SOLARIS server. Note that for a live deployment multiple hosts should be used to provide redundancy but a single host can be used to gain familiarity with MySQL Cluster; please refer to the final section for links to material that will help turn this into a production system.

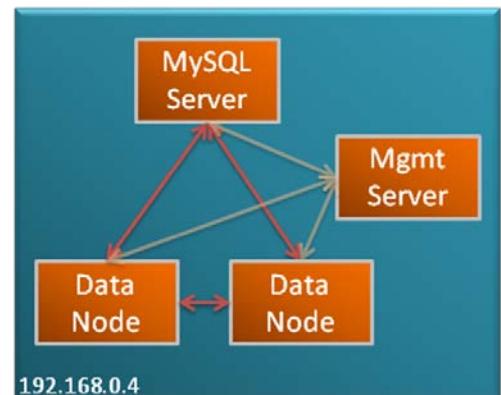
1 Get the software

For Generally Available (GA), supported versions of the software, download from
<http://www.mysql.com/downloads/cluster/>

Make sure that you select the correct platform – in this case, “SOLARIS” and then the correct architecture.

If you want to try out a pre-GA version then check
<http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/cluster/>

Note: Only use MySQL Server executables (`mysqld`) that come with the MySQL Cluster installation.



2 Install

Locate the tar ball that you've downloaded, extract it and then create a link to it:

```
[~]$ gunzip Desktop/Downloads/msql-cluster-gpl-7.1.3-solaris10-i386.tar.gz
[~]$ tar xvf Desktop/Downloads/msql-cluster-gpl-7.1.3-solaris10-i386.tar
[~]$ ln -s msql-cluster-gpl-7.1.3-solaris10-i386 mysqlc
```

Optionally, you could add `~/mysqlc/bin` to your path to avoid needing the full path when running the processes.

3 Configure

For a first Cluster, start with a single MySQL Server (`mysqld`), a pair of Data Nodes (`ndbd`) and a single management node (`ndb_mgmd`) – all running on the same server.

Create folders to store the configuration files and the data files:

```
[~]$ mkdir my_cluster my_cluster/ndb_data my_cluster/mysqld_data my_cluster/conf
```

In the `conf` folder, create 2 files:

my.cnf:

```
[mysqld]
ndbcluster
datadir=/home/user1/my_cluster/mysqld_data
basedir=/home/user1/mysqlc
port=5000
```

config.ini:

```
[ndb_mgmd]
hostname=localhost
datadir=/home/user1/my_cluster/ndb_data
id=1

[ndbd default]
noofreplicas=2
datadir=/home/user1/my_cluster/ndb_data

[ndbd]
hostname=localhost
id=3

[ndbd]
```

```
hostname=localhost
id=4

[mysqld]
id=50
```

Note that in a production system there are other parameters that you would set to tune the configuration.

Just like any other MySQL Server, the `mysqld` process requires a 'mysql' database to be created and populated with essential system data:

```
[~]$ cd mysqlc
[~/mysqlc]$ scripts/mysql_install_db --no-defaults --datadir=/home/user1/my_cluster/mysqld_data/
```

4 Run

The processes should be started in the order of management node, data nodes & then MySQL Server:

```
[~/mysqlc]$ cd ../my_cluster
[~/my_cluster]$ $HOME/mysqlc/bin/ndb_mgmd -f conf/config.ini --initial --configdir=$HOME/my_cluster/conf/
[~/my_cluster]$ $HOME/mysqlc/bin/ndbd -c localhost:1186
[~/my_cluster]$ $HOME/mysqlc/bin/ndbd -c localhost:1186
```

Check the status of the Cluster and wait for the Data Nodes to finish starting before starting the MySQL Server:

```
[~/my_cluster]$ $HOME/mysqlc/bin/ndb_mgm -e show
Connected to Management Server at: localhost:1186
Cluster Configuration
-----
[ndbd(NDB)]    2 node(s)
id=3      @127.0.0.1  (mysql-5.1.44 ndb-7.1.3, Nodegroup: 0, Master)
id=4      @127.0.0.1  (mysql-5.1.44 ndb-7.1.3)

[ndb_mgmd(MGM)] 1 node(s)
id=1      @127.0.0.1  (mysql-5.1.44 ndb-7.1.3)

[mysqld(API)]   1 node(s)
id=50 (not connected, accepting connect from any host)
```

```
[~/my_cluster]$ $HOME/mysqlc/bin/mysqld --defaults-file=conf/my.cnf &
```

5 Test

Connect to the MySQL Server and confirm that a table can be created that uses the ndb (MySQL Cluster) storage engine:

```
[~/my_cluster]$ $HOME/mysqlc/bin/mysql -h 127.0.0.1 -P 5000 -u root
mysql> create database clusterdb;use clusterdb;
mysql> create table simples (id int not null primary key) engine=ndb;
mysql> insert into simples values (1),(2),(3),(4);
mysql> select * from simples;
```

```
+----+
| id |
+----+
| 3 |
| 1 |
| 2 |
| 4 |
+----+
```

6 Safely shut down

The MySQL Server must be shut down manually but then the other Cluster nodes can be stopped using the `ndb_mgm` tool:

```
[~/my_cluster]$ $HOME/mysqlc/bin/mysqladmin -u root -h 127.0.0.1 -P 5000 shutdown
[~/my_cluster]$ $HOME/mysqlc/bin/ndb_mgm -e shutdown
```

7 For further information

[MySQL Cluster Evaluation Guide](http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/mysql_cluster_eval_guide.php) (http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/mysql_cluster_eval_guide.php) In this whitepaper learn the fundamentals of how to design and select the proper components for a successful MySQL Cluster evaluation.

[MySQL Cluster Performance Optimization Guide](http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/mysql_wp_cluster_performace.php) (http://www.mysql.com/why-mysql/white-papers/mysql_wp_cluster_performace.php) In this guide, learn how to tune and optimize the MySQL Cluster database to handle diverse workload requirements.

[MySQL Cluster Documentation](http://dev.mysql.com/doc/index-cluster.html) (<http://dev.mysql.com/doc/index-cluster.html>)